SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D. C. 20549

Form 10-Q

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QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF \times 1934 For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2021 TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 For the transition period from ____ to Commission file number 001-40423 EXTREME NETWORKS, INC. (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter) **DELAWARE** 77-0430270 [State or other jurisdiction [I.R.S Employer Identification No.1 of incorporation or organization] 2121 RDU Center Drive, Suite 300, Morrisville, North Carolina 27560 [Address of principal executive office] [Zip Code] Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (408) 579-2800 Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act: Trading Title of each class Symbol(s) Name of each exchange on which registered Common Stock NASDAO Global Select Market **EXTR** Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes \boxtimes No \square Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 229.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such Yes ⊠ No □ Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company" and "an emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer П П Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company Emerging growth company If an emerging growth company, indicate by checkmark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes □ No ⊠ Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has filed all documents and reports required to be filed by Sections 12, 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 subsequent to the distribution of securities under a plan confirmed by a court. Yes \Box No \Box

As of October 28, 2021, the registrant had 129,879,238 shares of common stock, \$0.001 par value per share, outstanding.

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED

September 30, 2021

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CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In thousands, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

		eptember 30, 2021		June 30, 2021
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash	\$	191,349	\$	246,894
Accounts receivable, net		129,611		156,476
Inventories		32,439		32,885
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		70,772		51,340
Total current assets		424,171		487,595
Property and equipment, net		52,878		55,004
Operating lease right-of-use assets, net		33,820		36,927
Intangible assets, net		45,898		36,038
Goodwill		387,808		331,159
Other assets		64,229		63,370
Total assets	\$	1,008,804	\$	1,010,093
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Current liabilities:				
Current portion of long-term debt, net of unamortized debt issuance costs of \$2,356				
and \$2,404, respectively	\$	26,144	\$	23,721
Accounts payable		63,394		60,142
Accrued compensation and benefits		52,098		71,610
Accrued warranty		10,780		11,623
Current portion of operating lease liabilities		18,453		18,743
Current portion of deferred revenue		216,807		212,412
Other accrued liabilities		67,384		57,449
Total current liabilities		455,060		455,700
Deferred revenue, less current portion		139,216		133,172
Long-term debt, less current portion, net of unamortized debt issuance costs of \$4,121		,		·
and \$4,760, respectively		297,379		315,865
Operating lease liabilities, less current portion		28,744		32,515
Deferred income taxes		3,986		3,828
Other long-term liabilities		12,094		14,545
Commitments and contingencies (Note 9)				
Stockholders' equity:				
Convertible preferred stock, \$0.001 par value, issuable in series, 2,000 shares				
authorized; none issued		_		_
Common stock, \$0.001 par value, 750,000 shares authorized; 136,351 and 133,279 shares issued, respectively; 129,754 and 126,682 shares outstanding, respectively		136		133
Additional paid-in-capital		1,084,671		1,078,602
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(3,722)		(2,811)
Accumulated deficit		(965,647)		(978,343)
Treasury stock at cost, 6,597 shares		(43,113)		(43,113)
Total stockholders' equity		72,325		54,468
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	1,008,804	\$	1,010,093
Total habilities and stockholders equity	Ψ	1,000,004	Ψ	1,010,033

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(In thousands, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

	Three !	Three Months Ended			
	September 30, 2021		September 30, 2020		
Net revenues:					
Product	\$ 185,161	\$	161,396		
Service and subscription	82,523		74,406		
Total net revenues	267,684		235,802		
Cost of revenues:					
Product	80,944		73,395		
Service and subscription	31,137		27,389		
Total cost of revenues	112,081		100,784		
Gross profit:					
Product	104,217		88,001		
Service and subscription	51,386		47,017		
Total gross profit	155,603		135,018		
Operating expenses:					
Research and development	47,766		49,524		
Sales and marketing	69,527		64,325		
General and administrative	17,003		16,461		
Acquisition and integration costs	1,510		1,975		
Restructuring and related charges	279		1,001		
Amortization of intangibles	1,154		1,792		
Total operating expenses	137,239		135,078		
Operating income (loss)	18,364		(60)		
Interest income	110		118		
Interest expense	(3,880)	(6,663)		
Other income (expense), net	171		(887)		
Income (loss) before income taxes	14,765		(7,492)		
Provision for income taxes	2,069		1,320		
Net income (loss)	\$ 12,696	\$	(8,812)		
Basic and diluted income (loss) per share:					
Net income (loss) per share - basic	\$ 0.10	\$	(0.07)		
Net income (loss) per share - diluted	\$ 0.10		(0.07)		
Shares used in per share calculation - basic	128,324		121,705		
Shares used in per share calculation - diluted	133,225		121,705		

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

(In thousands)

(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended			ed
	Sep	September 30, 2021		tember 30, 2020
Net income (loss)	\$	12,696	\$	(8,812)
Other comprehensive income (loss):				
Derivatives designated as hedging instruments:				
Change in unrealized gains and losses on interest rate swaps		(85)		(173)
Reclassification adjustment related to interest rate swaps		281		160
Change in unrealized gains and losses on foreign currency forward contracts		(201)		_
Net decrease from derivatives designated as hedging instruments		(5)		(13)
Net change in foreign currency translation adjustments		(906)		1,455
Other comprehensive income (loss)		(911)		1,442
Total comprehensive income (loss)	\$	11,785	\$	(7,370)

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

(In thousands) (Unaudited)

	Commo Shares	ck nount	Additional Paid- In-Capital		ccumulated Other omprehensive Loss	Treasury Stock Shares Amount		Accumulated Deficit		To	tal Stockholders' Equity
Balance at June 30, 2020	127,114	\$ 127	\$ 1,035,041	\$	(6,378)	(6,597)	\$ (43,113)	\$	(980,279)	\$	5,398
Net loss	_	_	_		_	_	_		(8,812)		(8,812)
Other comprehensive income	_	_	_		1,442	_	_		_		1,442
Issuance of common stock from equity incentive plans, net of tax withholdings	2,418	3	3,578		_	_	_		_		3,581
Share-based compensation	_	_	8,302		_	_	_		_		8,302
Balance at September 30, 2020	129,532	\$ 130	\$ 1,046,921	\$	(4,936)	(6,597)	\$ (43,113)	\$	(989,091)	\$	9,911
Balance at June 30, 2021	133,279	133	1,078,602		(2,811)	(6,597)	(43,113)		(978,343)		54,468
Net income	_	_	_		_	_	_		12,696		12,696
Other comprehensive loss	_	_	_		(911)	_	_		_		(911)
Issuance of common stock from equity											
incentive plans, net of tax withholdings	3,072	3	(4,375)		_	_	_		_		(4,372)
Share-based compensation	_	_	10,444		_	_	_		_		10,444
Balance at September 30, 2021	136,351	\$ 136	\$ 1,084,671	\$	(3,722)	(6,597)	\$ (43,113)	\$	(965,647)	\$	72,325

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements. \\

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In thousands)

(Unaudited)

	Three Mo September 30, 2021	onths Ended September 3 2020	September 30,		
Cash flows from operating activities:					
Net income (loss)	\$ 12,696	\$ (8	3,812)		
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:					
Depreciation	5,155	6	5,727		
Amortization of intangible assets	6,440	8	3,491		
Reduction in carrying amount of right-of-use asset	3,902	4	1,038		
Provision for doubtful accounts	26		-		
Share-based compensation	10,444	8	3,302		
Deferred income taxes	682		312		
Non-cash interest expense	1,314	1	,103		
Other	(176)	1	,380		
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of acquisition:					
Accounts receivable	28,281	1	(910)		
Inventories	604	6	5,628		
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(18,640)	,	,521)		
Accounts payable	2,577	10),628		
Accrued compensation and benefits	(22,540)	(5	5,482)		
Operating lease liabilities	(4,839)		1,812)		
Deferred revenue	7,680	6	5,607		
Other current and long-term liabilities	6,648	(7	7,934)		
Net cash provided by operating activities	40,254	24	1,745		
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Capital expenditures	(3,410)	(3	3,023)		
Business acquisition, net of cash acquired	(69,517)	1	_		
Net cash used in investing activities	(72,927)	(3	3,023)		
Cash flows from financing activities:					
Payments on debt obligations	(16,750)	(24	1,750)		
Payments for tax withholdings, net of proceeds from issuance of common stock	(4,372)	3	3,581		
Payment of contingent consideration obligations	(559))	(603)		
Deferred payments on an acquisition	(1,000)	(1	,000)		
Net cash used in financing activities	(22,681)	(22	2,772)		
Foreign currency effect on cash	(191)		294		
Net decrease in cash	(55,545)		(756)		
Cash at beginning of period	246,894	193	3,872		
Cash at end of period	\$ 191,349	\$ 193	3,116		

See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(unaudited)

1. Description of Business and Basis of Presentation

Extreme Networks, Inc., together with its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as "Extreme" or the "Company"), is a leader in providing software-driven networking solutions for enterprise customers. The Company conducts its sales and marketing activities on a worldwide basis through distributors, resellers and the Company's field sales organization. Extreme was incorporated in California in 1996 and reincorporated in Delaware in 1999.

The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of Extreme included herein have been prepared under the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles have been condensed or omitted under such rules and regulations. The condensed consolidated balance sheet at June 30, 2021 was derived from audited financial statements as of that date but does not include all disclosures required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. These interim financial statements and notes should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments that, in the opinion of management, are necessary for a fair presentation of the results of operations and cash flows for the interim periods presented and the financial condition of Extreme at September 30, 2021. The results of operations for the three months ended September 30, 2021 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for fiscal 2022 or any future periods.

Fiscal Year

The Company uses a fiscal calendar year ending on June 30. All references herein to "fiscal 2022" or "2022" represent the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. All references herein to "fiscal 2021" or "2021" represent the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

Principles of Consolidation

The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Extreme and its wholly owned subsidiaries. All inter-company accounts and transactions have been eliminated.

The Company predominantly uses the United States Dollar as its functional currency. The functional currency for certain of its foreign subsidiaries is the local currency. For those subsidiaries that operate in a local functional currency environment, all assets and liabilities are translated to United States Dollars at current month end rates of exchange and revenues and expenses are translated using the monthly average rate.

Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements and related disclosures in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

For a description of significant accounting policies, see Note 2, Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, to the consolidated financial statements included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. There have been no material changes to the Company's significant accounting policies since the filing of the Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

In December 2019, the FASB issued ASU 2019-12, *Income taxes – Simplifying the Accounting for Income Taxes (Topic 740)*, which reduces the complexity of accounting for income taxes including the removal of certain exceptions to the general principles of ASC 740, *Income Taxes*, and simplification in several other areas such as accounting for franchise tax (or similar tax) that is partially based on income. This standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020, including interim periods within the fiscal year. The standard was adopted on July 1, 2021 and did not have a material impact on the Company's financial statements upon adoption.

3. Revenues

The Company accounts for revenues in accordance with ASU 2014-09, *Revenue from Contracts from Customers (Topic 606)*, which the Company adopted on July 1, 2017. The Company derives the majority of its revenues from sales of its networking equipment, with the remaining revenues generated from sales of services and subscriptions, which primarily includes maintenance contracts and software subscriptions delivered as software as a service ("SaaS") and additional revenues from professional services, and training for its products. The Company sells its products, maintenance contracts and SaaS direct to customers and to partners in two distribution channels, or tiers. The first tier consists of a limited number of independent distributors that stock its products and sell primarily to resellers. The second tier of the distribution channel consists of non-stocking distributors and value-added resellers that sell directly to end-users. Products and services may be sold separately or in bundled packages.

Revenue Recognition

Performance Obligations. A performance obligation is a promise in a contract to transfer a distinct good or service to the customer and is the unit of account in Topic 606. A contract's transaction price is allocated to each distinct performance obligation and recognized as revenue when, or as, the performance obligation is satisfied. Certain of the Company's contracts have multiple performance obligations, as the promise to transfer individual goods or services is separately identifiable from other promises in the contracts and, therefore, is distinct. For contracts with multiple performance obligations, the Company allocates the contract's transaction price to each performance obligation based on its relative standalone selling price. The stand-alone selling prices are determined based on the prices at which the Company separately sells these products. For items that are not sold separately, the Company estimates the stand-alone selling prices using other observable inputs.

The Company's performance obligations are satisfied at a point in time or over time as the customer receives and consumes the benefits provided. Substantially all of the Company's product sales revenues are recognized at a point in time. Substantially all of the Company's service, subscription, and SaaS revenues are recognized over time. For revenues recognized over time, the Company uses an input measure, days elapsed, to measure progress.

On September 30, 2021, the Company had \$356.0 million of remaining performance obligations, which are primarily comprised of deferred maintenance and SaaS revenues. The Company expects to recognize approximately 52 percent of its deferred revenue as revenue in fiscal 2022, an additional 25 percent in fiscal 2023 and 23 percent of the balance thereafter.

Contract Balances. The timing of revenue recognition, billings and cash collections results in billed accounts receivable and deferred revenue in the condensed consolidated balance sheets. Services provided under renewable support arrangements of the Company are billed in accordance with agreed-upon contractual terms, which are either billed fully at the inception of contract or at periodic intervals (e.g., quarterly or annually). The Company sometimes receives payments from its customers in advance of services being provided, resulting in deferred revenues. These liabilities are reported on the condensed consolidated balance sheets on a contract-by-contract basis at the end of each reporting period.

Revenue recognized for the three months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020 that was included in the deferred revenue balance at the beginning of each period was \$73.4 million and \$66.9 million, respectively.

Contract Costs. The Company recognizes the incremental costs of obtaining contracts as an expense when incurred if the amortization period of the assets that the Company otherwise would have recognized is one year or less. Management expects that commission fees paid to sales representatives as a result of obtaining service contracts and contract renewals are recoverable and therefore the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheets included capitalized balances in the amount of \$13.5 million and \$13.1 million at September 30, 2021 and June 30, 2021, respectively. Capitalized commission fees are amortized on a straight-line basis over the average period of service contracts of approximately three years, and are included in "Sales and marketing" in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of operations. Amortization recognized during the three months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, was \$1.8 million and \$1.2 million, respectively.

Estimated Variable Consideration. There were no material changes in the current period to the estimated variable consideration for performance obligations, which were satisfied or partially satisfied during previous periods.

Revenues by Category

The Company operates in three geographic regions: Americas, which includes the United States, Canada, Mexico, Central America and South America; EMEA, which includes Europe, Russia, Middle East and Africa; and APAC, which includes Asia Pacific, China, South Asia and Japan. The following table sets forth the Company's revenues disaggregated by sales channel and geographic region based on the billing addresses of its customer's (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended											
	September 30, 2021						September 30, 2020					
	Dis	tributor		Direct		Total		Distributor		Direct		Total
Americas:				_				_				_
United States	\$	56,068	\$	67,331	\$	123,399	\$	60,670	\$	57,347	\$	118,017
Other		7,799		3,367		11,166		8,241		4,090		12,331
Total Americas		63,867		70,698		134,565		68,911		61,437		130,348
EMEA		77,898		35,731		113,629		47,529		33,576		81,105
APAC		4,335		15,155		19,490		5,051		19,298		24,349
Total net revenues	\$	146,100	\$	121,584	\$	267,684	\$	121,491	\$	114,311	\$	235,802

For the three months ended September 30, 2021 the Company generated 11% of its revenues from the Netherlands and 10% of its revenues from the Germany. No other foreign country accounted for 10% or more of revenue for the three months ended September 30, 2021 or 2020.

Customer Concentrations

The Company performs ongoing credit evaluations of its customers and generally does not require collateral in exchange for credit.

The following table sets forth customers accounting for 10% or more of the Company's net revenues for the periods indicated below:

	Three Mor	nths Ended
	September 30, 2021	September 30, 2020
Tech Data Corporation	22%	27%
Jenne Corporation	14%	15%
Westcon Group Inc.	18%	13%

The following table sets forth customers accounting for 10% or more of the Company's accounts receivable balance:

	September 30, 2021	June 30, 2021
Tech Data Corporation	17%	19%
Jenne Corporation	22%	24%

4. Business Combination

Fiscal 2022 Acquisition

Ipanema Acquisition

On September 14, 2021 (the "Acquisition Date"), the Company completed its acquisition (the "Acquisition") of Ipanematech SAS ("Ipanema"), the cloud-native enterprise Software-Defined Wide Area Network ("SD-WAN") business unit of Infovista pursuant to a Sale and Purchase Agreement ("the Agreement"). Under the terms of the Acquisition, the net consideration paid by Extreme to Ipanema stockholders was \$70.9 million which was funded from existing cash on hand. The primary reason for the acquisition was to acquire the talent and the technology which will allow us to expand our portfolio with new cloud-managed SD-WAN and security offerings to support our enterprise customers.

The Acquisition has been accounted for using the acquisition method of accounting whereby the acquired assets and liabilities of Ipanema have been recorded at their respective fair values and added to those of the Company including an amount for goodwill

calculated as the difference between the acquisition consideration and the fair value of the identifiable net assets. The purchase price has been preliminarily allocated to tangible and identifiable intangible assets acquired and liabilities assumed. The final purchase price allocation is pending the finalization of valuations primarily intangible assets and deferred revenue, which may result in an adjustment to the preliminary purchase price allocation.

The estimated fair values were determined through established and generally accepted valuation techniques, including work performed by third-party valuation specialists. The fair value of working capital related items, such as accounts receivable, other current assets and accrued liabilities, approximated their book values at the date of acquisition. The fair value of the acquired deferred revenue was estimated using the cost build-up approach. The cost build-up approach determines fair value using estimates of the costs required to provide the contracted deliverables plus an assumed profit. The total costs including the assumed profit were adjusted to present value using a discount rate considered appropriate. The resulting fair value approximates the amount that the Company would be required to pay to a third party to assume the obligation. Valuations of the intangible assets were valued using income approaches based on management projections, which the Company considers to be Level 3 inputs. The Company also continues to analyze the tax implications of the acquisition of the intangible assets which may ultimately impact the overall level of goodwill associated with the acquisition. Results of operations of Ipanema have been included in the operations of the Company beginning with the Acquisition Date.

The preliminary purchase price allocation is set forth in the table below and reflects estimated fair values (in thousands):

The premium, parenase price anseaton is see is an are taste seron and refree committee and range	Preliminary Allocation as of September 14, 2021	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,364
Accounts receivable, net		1,440
Inventories		337
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		1,841
Property and equipment		46
Other assets		21
Accounts payable		(1,220)
Accrued compensation and benefits		(2,304)
Accrued warranty		(41)
Other accrued liabilities		(71)
Deferred revenue		(2,758)
Other liabilities		(723)
Net tangible liabilities		(2,068)
Identifiable intangible assets		16,300
Goodwill		56,649
Total intangible assets acquired		72,949
Total net assets acquired	\$	70,881

The following table presents details of the identifiable intangible assets acquired as part of the acquisition (in thousands):

	Weighted Average Estimated Useful Life	
Intangible Assets	(in years)	Amount
Developed technologies	6	\$ 14,500
Customer relationships	4	1,800
Total identifiable intangible assets		\$ 16,300

The amortization for the developed technologies is recorded in "Cost of revenues" for product and the amortization for the remaining intangibles is recorded in "Amortization of intangibles" in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of operations. The goodwill recognized is attributable primarily to expected synergies and the assembled workforce of Ipanema. The Company will not be entitled to amortization of the goodwill and intangible assets for tax purposes as this acquisition is a nontaxable stock acquisition.

The results of operations of Ipanema are included in the accompanying condensed consolidated results of operations beginning September 15, 2021. The overall results of Operations of Ipanema were not material to the condensed consolidated financial statements of Extreme.

In the quarter ended September 30, 2021, the Company incurred acquisition and integration related expenses of \$1.5 million associated with the acquisition of Ipanema. Acquisition and integration costs consist primarily of professional fees for financial and legal advisory services. Such acquisition-related costs were expensed as incurred and are included in "Acquisition and integration costs" in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of operations.

Pro forma financial information

The following unaudited pro forma results of operations are presented as though the Acquisition had occurred as of the beginning of the earliest period presented, July 1, 2020, the beginning of fiscal 2021, after giving effect to purchase accounting adjustments relating to deferred revenue, depreciation and amortization of intangibles and acquisition and integration costs.

The pro forma results of operations are not necessarily indicative of the combined results that would have occurred had the acquisition been consummated as of the beginning of fiscal 2021, nor are they necessarily indicative of future operating results. The unaudited pro forma results do not include the impact of synergies, nor any potential impacts on current or future market conditions which could alter the unaudited pro forma results.

The unaudited pro forma financial information for the three months ended September 30, 2020 combines the historical results for Extreme for such periods assuming the transaction closed on July 1, 2020, which include the results of Ipanema subsequent to the Acquisition Date, and Ipanema's historical results up to the Acquisition Date.

The following table summarizes the unaudited pro forma financial information (in thousands, except per share amounts):

	 Three months ended				
	September 30, 2021		September 30, 2020		
Net revenues	\$ 270,051	\$	237,494		
Net income (loss)	\$ 12,815	\$	(14,298)		
Net income (loss) per share - basic	\$ 0.10	\$	(0.12)		
Net income (loss) per share - diluted	\$ 0.10	\$	(0.12)		
Shares used in per share calculation - basic	128,324		121,705		
Shares used in per share calculation - diluted	133,225		121,705		

5. Balance Sheet Accounts

Inventories

The Company values its inventory at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Cost is computed using standard cost, which approximates actual cost, on a first-in, first-out basis. The Company adjusts the carrying value of its inventory when conditions exist that suggest that inventory may be in excess of anticipated demand or is obsolete based upon assumptions about future demand. At the point of the loss recognition, a new, lower-cost basis for that inventory is established, and subsequent changes in facts and circumstances do not result in the restoration or increase in that newly established cost basis. Any previously written down or obsolete inventory subsequently sold has not had a material impact on gross margin for any of the periods presented.

Inventories consist of the following (in thousands):

	<u> </u>	September 30, 2021	June 30, 2021
Finished goods	\$	26,398	\$ 27,901
Raw materials		6,041	4,984
Total Inventories	\$	32,439	\$ 32,885

Property and Equipment, Net

Property and equipment, net consist of the following (in thousands):

	Se	ptember 30, 2021	June 30, 2021
Computers and equipment	\$	74,943	\$ 75,866
Purchased software		41,421	40,037
Office equipment, furniture and fixtures		10,219	10,201
Leasehold improvements		53,130	53,329
Total property and equipment		179,713	179,433
Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization		(126,835)	(124,429)
Property and equipment, net	\$	52,878	\$ 55,004

Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue represents amounts for deferred maintenance, support, SaaS, and other deferred revenue including professional services and training when the revenue recognition criteria have not been met.

Guarantees and Product Warranties

The majority of the Company's hardware products are shipped with either a one-year warranty or a limited lifetime warranty, and software products receive a 90-day warranty. Upon shipment of products to its customers, the Company estimates expenses for the cost to repair or replace products that may be returned under warranty and accrues a liability in cost of product revenues for this amount. The determination of the Company's warranty requirements is based on actual historical experience with the product or product family, estimates of repair and replacement costs and any product warranty problems that are identified after shipment. The Company estimates and adjusts these accruals at each balance sheet date in accordance with changes in these factors.

The following table summarizes the activity related to the Company's product warranty liability during the three months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020 (in thousands):

		d		
	September 30, 2021		Sep	tember 30, 2020
Balance beginning of period	\$	11,623	\$	14,035
Warranties assumed due to acquisition		41		_
New warranties issued		2,710		3,079
Warranty expenditures		(3,594)		(3,630)
Balance end of period	\$	10,780	\$	13,484

To facilitate sales of its products in the normal course of business, the Company indemnifies its resellers and end-user customers with respect to certain matters. The Company has agreed to hold the customer harmless against losses arising for intellectual property infringement and certain other losses. These agreements may limit the time within which an indemnification claim can be made and the amount of the claim. It is not possible to estimate the maximum potential amount under these indemnification agreements due to the limited history of prior indemnification claims and the unique facts and circumstances involved in each particular agreement. Historically, payments made by the Company under these agreements have not had a material impact on its operating results or financial position.

Concentrations

The Company may be subject to concentration of credit risk as a result of certain financial instruments consisting of accounts receivable. The Company does not invest an amount exceeding 10% of its combined cash in the securities of any one obligor or maker, except for obligations of the United States government, obligations of United States government agencies and money market accounts.

6. Fair Value Measurements

A three-tier fair value hierarchy is utilized to prioritize the inputs used in measuring fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3). The three levels are defined as follows:

· Level 1 Inputs - unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

- Level 2 Inputs quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets or inputs that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly through market corroboration, for substantially the full term of the financial instrument; and
- Level 3 Inputs unobservable inputs reflecting the Company's own assumptions in measuring the asset or liability at fair value.

The following table presents the Company's fair value hierarchy for its financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis at September 30, 2021 and June 30, 2021 (in thousands).

September 30, 2021	_	Level 1	 Level 2	Level 3		_	Total
Liabilities							
Foreign currency derivatives	\$	_	\$ 740	\$	_	\$	740
Interest rate swaps		_	937		_		937
Acquisition-related contingent consideration obligations		_	_		358		358
Total liabilities measured at fair value	\$	_	\$ 1,677	\$	358	\$	2,035
June 30, 2021		Level 1	Level 2		Level 3		Total
June 30, 2021 Liabilities		Level 1	 Level 2		Level 3	·	Total
·	\$	Level 1	\$ Level 2 560	\$	Level 3	\$	Total 560
Liabilities	\$	Level 1	\$	\$	Level 3	\$	
Liabilities Foreign currency derivatives	\$	Level 1	\$ 560	\$	Level 3 — — — — 913	\$	560

Level 1 Assets and Liabilities:

The Company's financial instruments consist of cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable, and accrued liabilities. The Company states accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities at their carrying value, which approximates fair value due to the short time to the expected receipt or payment.

Level 2 Assets and Liabilities:

The fair value of derivative instruments under the Company's foreign exchange forward contracts and interest rate swaps are estimated based on valuations provided by alternative pricing sources supported by observable inputs which is considered Level 2.

As of September 30, 2021 and June 30, 2021, the Company had foreign exchange forward contracts that were not designated as hedging instruments with notional principal amount of \$22.6 million and \$23.0 million, respectively. These contracts have maturities of 40 days or less. Changes in the fair value of these foreign exchange forward contracts are included in other income (expense), net in the condensed consolidated statement of operations. For the three months ended September 30, 2021, there were net losses of \$0.2 million. For the three months ended September 30, 2020, there were gains of less than \$0.1 million. As of September 30, 2021 and June 30, 2021, the Company had foreign exchange forward contracts that were designated as hedging instruments with notional principal amount of \$11.3 million and \$21.8 million, respectively. These contracts have maturities of less than twelve months. Gains and losses arising from these contracts designated as hedging instruments are recorded as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss). As of September 30, 2021 and June 30, 2021, these contracts had unrealized losses of \$0.4 million and \$0.2 million, respectively. See Note 13, Derivatives and Hedging, for additional information.

The fair values of the interest rate swaps are based upon inputs corroborated by observable market data which is considered Level 2. As of September 30, 2021 and as of June 30, 2021, the Company had interest rate swap contracts, designated as cash flow hedges, with the total notional amount of \$200.0 million. Changes in fair value of these contracts are recorded as a component of accumulated other comprehensive loss. As of September 30, 2021 and as of June 30, 2021, these contracts had an unrealized loss of \$0.9 million and \$1.1 million, respectively. See Note 13, Derivatives and Hedging, for additional information.

The fair value of the borrowings under the 2019 Credit Agreement (as discussed in Note 8) is estimated based on valuations provided by alternative pricing sources supported by observable inputs which is considered Level 2. Since the interest rate is variable for the 2019 Credit Agreement, the fair value approximates the face amount of the Company's indebtedness of \$330.0 million and \$346.7 million as of September 30, 2021, and June 30, 2021, respectively.

Level 3 Assets and Liabilities:

Certain of the Company's assets, including intangible assets and goodwill are measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis if impairment is indicated.

At September 30, 2021 and June 30, 2021, the Company reflected one liability measured at fair value of \$0.4 million and \$0.9 million, respectively, for contingent consideration related to a certain acquisition completed in fiscal 2018. The fair value measurement of the contingent consideration obligation is determined using Level 3 inputs. These fair value measurements represent Level 3 measurements as they are based on significant inputs not observable in the market. Changes in the value of the contingent consideration obligations is recorded in general and administrative expenses in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of operations.

The change in the acquisition-related contingent consideration obligations is as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended					
	September 30, 2021			September 30, 2020		
Beginning balance		913		2,167		
Payments		(559)		(603)		
Accretion on discount		4		12		
Ending balance	\$	358	\$	1,576		

There were no transfers of assets or liabilities between Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 during the three months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020. There were no impairments recorded for the three months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020.

The Company determines the basis of the cost of a security sold or the amount reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive loss into earnings using the specific identification method.

7. Intangible Assets

License agreements

Total intangibles, net

The following tables summarize the components of gross and net intangible asset balances (dollars in thousands):

	Weighted Average Remaining Amortization Period	Gross Carrying Amount		Accumulated Amortization	t Carrying Amount
September 30, 2021					
Developed technology	3.4 years	\$	170,600	\$ 135,112	\$ 35,488
Customer relationships	4.6 years		64,839	55,074	9,765
Backlog	— years		400	400	_
Trade names	0.6 years		10,700	10,429	271
License agreements	5.2 years		2,445	2,071	374
Total intangibles, net		\$	248,984	\$ 203,086	\$ 45,898
	Weighted Average				
	Remaining Amortization Period	Gross Carrying Amount		Accumulated Amortization	Carrying
June 30, 2021					
Developed technology	1.8 years	\$	156,100	\$ 129,861	\$ 26,239
Customer relationships	4.8 years		63,039	54,204	8,835
Backlog	— years		400	400	_
Trade names	0.7 years		10,700	10,128	572

5.4 years

392

36,038

2,445

232,684

2,053

196,646

The amortization expense of intangibles for the periods presented is summarized below (in thousands):

		Three Months Ended				
	Sept	ember 30, 2021	Sep	tember 30, 2020		
Amortization of intangibles in "Total cost of revenues"	\$	5,286	\$	6,699		
Amortization of intangibles in "Operations"		1,154		1,792		
Total amortization expense	\$	6,440	\$	8,491		

The amortization expense that is recognized in "Total cost of revenues" is comprised of amortization for developed technology, license agreements and other intangibles.

8. Debt

The Company's debt is comprised of the following (in thousands):

	September 30, 2021	June 30, 2021		
Current portion of long-term debt:	_		_	
Term Loan	\$ 28,500	\$	26,125	
Less: unamortized debt issuance costs	(2,356)		(2,404)	
Current portion of long-term debt	\$ 26,144	\$	23,721	
Long-term debt, less current portion:				
Term Loan	\$ 301,500	\$	320,625	
Less: unamortized debt issuance costs	(4,121)		(4,760)	
Total long-term debt, less current portion	 297,379		315,865	
Total debt	\$ 323,523	\$	339,586	

In connection with the acquisition of Aerohive Networks, Inc., on August 9, 2019, the Company entered into an Amended and Restated Credit Agreement (the "2019 Credit Agreement"), by and among the Company, as borrower, several banks and other financial institutions as Lenders, BMO Harris Bank N.A., as an issuing lender and swingline lender, Silicon Valley Bank, as an Issuing Lender, and Bank of Montreal, as administrative agent and collateral agent for the Lenders.

The 2019 Credit Agreement provides for a five-year first lien term loan facility in an aggregate principal amount of \$380 million and a five-year revolving loan facility in an aggregate principal amount of \$75 million (the "2019 Revolving Facility"). In addition, the Company may request incremental term loans and/or incremental revolving loan commitments in an aggregate amount not to exceed the sum of \$100 million plus an unlimited amount that is subject to pro forma compliance with certain financial tests. On August 9, 2019, the Company used the additional proceeds from the term loan to partially fund the Acquisition and for working capital and general corporate purposes.

At the Company's election, the initial term loan under the 2019 Credit Agreement may be made as either base rate loans or Eurodollar loans. The applicable margin for base rate loans ranges from 0.25% to 2.50% per annum and the applicable margin for Eurodollar loans ranges from 1.25% to 3.50%, in each case based on Extreme's consolidated leverage ratio. All Eurodollar loans are subject to a Base Rate of 0.00%. In addition, the Company is required to pay a commitment fee of between 0.25% and 0.40% quarterly (currently 0.30%) on the unused portion of the 2019 Revolving Facility, also based on the Company's consolidated leverage ratio. Principal installments are payable on the new term loan in varying percentages quarterly starting December 31, 2019 and to the extent not previously paid, all outstanding balances are to be paid at maturity. The 2019 Credit Agreement is secured by substantially all of the Company's assets.

The 2019 Credit Agreement requires the Company to maintain certain minimum financial ratios at the end of each fiscal quarter. The 2019 Credit Agreement also includes covenants and restrictions that limit, among other things, the Company's ability to incur additional indebtedness, create liens upon any of its property, merge, consolidate or sell all or substantially all of its assets. The 2019 Credit Agreement also includes customary events of default which may result in acceleration of the payment of the outstanding balance.

On April 8, 2020, the Company entered into the first amendment to the 2019 Credit Agreement (the "First Amendment") to waive certain terms and financial covenants of the 2019 Credit Agreement through July 31, 2020. On May 8, 2020, the Company entered into the second amendment to the 2019 Credit Agreement (the "Second Amendment") which superseded the First Amendment and provided certain revised terms and financial covenants through March 31, 2021. Subsequent to March 31, 2021, the original terms and financial covenants under the 2019 Credit Agreement resumed in effect. The Second Amendment required the Company to maintain certain minimum cash requirement and certain financial metrics at the end of each fiscal quarter through March 31, 2021.

Under the terms of the Second Amendment, the Company was not permitted to exceed \$55.0 million in its outstanding balance under the 2019 Revolving Facility, the applicable margin for Eurodollar rate was 4.5%, and the Company was restricted from pursuing certain activities such as incurring additional debt, stock repurchases, making acquisitions or declaring a dividend, until the Company was in compliance with the original covenants of the 2019 Credit Agreement.

On November 3, 2020, The Company and its lenders entered into the Third Amendment to the 2019 Credit Agreement (the "Third Amendment"), to increase the sublimit for letters of credit to \$20.0 million. On December 8, 2020, the Company and its lenders entered into the fourth amendment to the 2019 Credit Agreement (the "Fourth Amendment"), to waive and amend certain terms and financial covenants within the 2019 Credit Agreement through March 31, 2021.

The Second Amendment provided for the Company to end the covenant Suspension Period early and revert to the covenants and interest rates per the original terms of the 2019 Credit Agreement dated August 9, 2019 by filing a Suspension Period Early Termination Notice and Covenant Certificate demonstrating compliance. For the twelve-month period ended March 31, 2021 the Company's financial performance was in compliance with the original covenants defined in the 2019 Credit Agreement and as such the Company filed a Suspension Early Termination Notice and Covenant Certificate with the administration agent subsequent to filing our Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2021. Returning to compliance with the covenants per the original terms of the 2019 Credit Agreement dated August 9, 2019 resulted in the Company's Eurodollar loan spread decreasing from 4.5% during the suspension period to 2.75% and unused facility commitment fee decreasing from 0.4% to 0.35%, and the limitation on revolver borrowings being removed effective May 1, 2021 after filing of the certificate with the administrative agent.

Financing costs incurred in connection with obtaining long-term financing are deferred and amortized over the term of the related indebtedness or credit agreement. During the year ended June 30, 2020, the Company incurred \$10.5 million of deferred financing costs in conjunction with the 2019 Credit Agreement and \$1.5 million of deferred financing costs from the amendments, and continues to amortize \$1.6 million of debt issuance costs as of August 9, 2019 that were associated with the previous facility. The interest rate as of September 30, 2021 was 2.4%. and as of September 30, 2020 was 4.9%.

Amortization of deferred financing costs included in "Interest expense" in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of operations totaled \$0.8 million and \$0.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the Company repaid \$55.0 million against its 2019 Revolving Facility's outstanding balance of \$55.0 million and has no remaining outstanding balance at September 30, 2021. The Company has \$60.2 million of availability under the 2019 Revolving Facility as of September 30, 2021. During the three months ended September 30, 2021, the Company made an additional payment of \$12 million against its term loan facility.

The Company had \$14.8 million of outstanding letters of credit as of September 30, 2021.

9. Commitments and Contingencies

Purchase Commitments

The Company currently has arrangements with contract manufacturers and suppliers for the manufacture of its products. Those arrangements allow the contract manufactures to procure long lead-time component inventory based upon a rolling production forecast provided by the Company. The Company is obligated to purchase long lead-time component inventory that its contract manufacturer procures in accordance with the forecast, unless the Company gives notice of order cancellation outside of applicable component lead-times. As of September 30, 2021, the Company had commitments to purchase \$64.9 million of inventory.

Legal Proceedings

The Company may from time to time be party to litigation arising in the course of its business, including, without limitation, allegations relating to commercial transactions, business relationships or intellectual property rights. Such claims, even if not meritorious, could result in the expenditure of significant financial and managerial resources. Litigation in general, and intellectual property in particular, can be expensive and disruptive to normal business operations. Moreover, the results of legal proceedings are difficult to predict.

In accordance with applicable accounting guidance, the Company records accruals for certain of its outstanding legal proceedings, investigations or claims when it is probable that a liability will be incurred, and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. The Company evaluates, at least on a quarterly basis, developments in legal proceedings, investigations or claims that could affect the amount of any accrual, as well as any developments that would result in a loss contingency to become both probable and reasonably estimable. When a loss contingency is not both probable and reasonably estimable, the Company does not record a loss accrual. However, if the loss (or an additional loss in excess of any prior accrual) is at least reasonably possible and material, then the Company would disclose an estimate of the possible loss or range of loss, if such estimate can be made, or disclose that an estimate cannot be made. The assessment whether a loss is probable or a reasonable possibility, and whether the loss or a range of loss is estimable, involves a series of complex judgments about future events. Even if a loss is reasonably possible, the Company may not be

able to estimate a range of possible loss, particularly where (i) the damages sought are substantial or indeterminate, (ii) the proceedings are in the early stages, or (iii) the matters involve novel or unsettled legal theories or a large number of parties. In such cases, there is considerable uncertainty regarding the ultimate resolution of such matters, including the amount of any possible loss, fine or penalty. An adverse resolution of one or more of such matters could have a material adverse effect on the Company's results of operations in a particular quarter or fiscal year.

XR Communications, LLC d/b/a Vivato Technologies v. Extreme Networks, Inc.

On April 19, 2017, XR Communications, LLC ("XR") (d/b/a Vivato Technologies) filed a patent infringement lawsuit against the Company in the Central District of California. The operative Second Amended Complaint asserts infringement of certain U.S. Patent based on the Company's manufacture, use, sale, offer for sale, and/or importation into the United States of certain access points and routers supporting multi-user, multiple-input, multiple-output technology. XR seeks unspecified damages, on-going royalties, pre- and post-judgment interest, and attorneys' fees. The stay issued by the District Court in 2018 has been lifted.

Orckit IP, LLC v. Extreme Networks, Inc., Extreme Networks Ireland Ltd., and Extreme Networks GmbH

On February 1, 2018, Orckit IP, LLC ("Orckit") filed a patent infringement lawsuit against the Company and its Irish and German subsidiaries in the District Court in Dusseldorf, Germany. The lawsuit alleges direct and indirect infringement of the German portion of a patent ("EP '364") based on the offer, distribution, use, possession and/or importation into Germany of certain network switches that equipped with the ExtremeXOS operating system. Orckit is seeking injunctive relief, accounting, and an unspecified declaration of liability for damages and costs of the lawsuit. On January 28, 2020, the Court rendered a decision in the infringement case in favor of the Company. The matter is proceeding through the appellate process, and an oral hearing was held on October 21, 2021. A decision is pending.

On April 23, 2019, Orckit filed an extension of the patent infringement complaint against the Company and its Irish and German subsidiaries in the District Court in Dusseldorf, Germany. With this extension, Orckit alleges infringement of the German portion of a second patent ("EP '077") based on the offer, distribution, use, possession and/or importation into Germany of certain network switches that the Company no longer sells in Germany. Orckit is seeking injunctive relief, accounting and sales information, and a declaration of liability for damages as well as costs of the lawsuit. On October 13, 2020, the Court issued an infringement decision against the Company and granted to Orckit the right to enforce the judgment against the Company, which Orckit has provided notification to the Company that it will enforce the judgment. The matter is proceeding through the appellate process.

The Company filed a nullity action related to the EP '364 patent on May 3, 2018, and one related to the EP '077 patent on October 31, 2019, both in the Federal Patent Court in Munich. The court found the EP '364 patent to be valid and the Company is considering an appeal. The case filed to seek to invalidate the EP '077 patent is proceeding.

SNMP Research, Inc. and SNMP Research International, Inc. v. Broadcom Inc., Brocade Communications Systems LLC, and Extreme Networks, Inc.

On October 26, 2020, SNMP Research, Inc. and SNMP Research International, Inc. (collectively, "SNMP") filed a lawsuit against the Company in the Eastern District of Tennessee for copyright infringement, alleging that the Company was not properly licensed to use their software. SNMP is seeking actual damages and profits attributed to the infringement, as well as equitable relief. The Company has filed a motion to transfer the case to the Northern District of California. Both motions are pending. A trial date has been set for November 2022.

Mala Technologies Ltd. v. Extreme Networks GmbH, Extreme Networks Ireland Ops Ltd., and Extreme Networks, Inc.

On April 15, 2021, Mala Technologies Ltd. ("Mala") filed a patent infringement lawsuit against the Company and its Irish and German subsidiaries in the District Court in Dusseldorf, Germany. The lawsuit alleges indirect infringement of the German portion of a patent ("EP '498") based on the offer and sale in Germany of certain network switches equipped with the ExtremeXOS operating system. Mala is seeking injunctive relief, accounting, and an unspecified declaration of liability for damages and costs of the lawsuit. A hearing date has been set for July 14, 2022. The Company filed a nullity action related to the EP'498 patent on September 24, 2021 in the German Federal Patent Court.

Indemnification Obligations

Subject to certain limitations, the Company may be obligated to indemnify its current and former directors, officers and employees. These obligations arise under the terms of its certificate of incorporation, its bylaws, applicable contracts, and applicable law. The obligation to indemnify, where applicable, generally means that the Company is required to pay or reimburse, and in certain circumstances the Company has paid or reimbursed, the individuals' reasonable legal expenses and possibly damages and other liabilities incurred in connection with certain legal matters. The Company also procures Directors and Officers liability insurance to

help cover its defense and/or indemnification costs, although its ability to recover such costs through insurance is uncertain. While it is not possible to estimate the maximum potential amount that could be owed under these governing documents and agreements due to the Company's limited history with prior indemnification claims, indemnification (including defense) costs could, in the future, have a material adverse effect on the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

10. Stockholders' Equity

Stockholders' Rights Agreement

On April 26, 2012, the Company entered into an Amended and Restated Rights Agreement between the Company and Computershare Shareholder Services LLC as the rights agent (as amended, the "Restated Rights Plan"). The Restated Rights Plan governs the terms of each right ("Right") that has been issued with respect to each share of common stock of Extreme Networks. Each Right initially represents the right to purchase one one-thousandth of a share of the Company's Preferred Stock.

The Company's Board of Directors (the "Board") adopted the Restated Rights Plan to preserve the value of deferred tax assets, including net operating loss carry forwards of the Company, with respect to its ability to fully use its tax benefits to offset future income which may be limited if the Company experiences an "ownership change" for purposes of Section 382 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 as a result of ordinary buying and selling of shares of its common stock. Following its review of the terms of the plan, the Board decided it was necessary and in the best interests of the Company and its stockholders to enter into the Restated Rights Plan. From 2013 through 2020, the Board and stockholders approved amendments providing for one-year extensions of the term of the Restated Rights Plan. On May 17, 2021, the Board unanimously approved the 2021 Tax Benefit Preservation Plan, which amended and restated the Restated Rights Plan with a term that expires on May 17, 2024. The amendment was approved by the stockholders of the Company at the annual meeting of stockholders on November 4, 2021.

Equity Incentive Plan

The Compensation Committee of the Board unanimously approved an amendment to the Extreme Networks, Inc. Amended and Restated 2013 Equity Incentive Plan (the "2013 Plan") on August 11, 2021 to update tax withholding obligations. The Compensation Committee of the Board unanimously approved an amendment to the 2013 Plan on September 10, 2021 to increase the maximum number of available shares by 7.9 million shares, which amendment was approved by the stockholders at the Company's annual meeting of stockholders held on November 4, 2021.

Employee Stock Purchase Plan

The Compensation Committee of the Board unanimously approved an amendment to the 2014 Employee Stock Purchase Plan (the "ESPP") on September 9, 2021 to increase the maximum number of shares that will be available for sale thereunder by 7.5 million shares. The amendment was approved by the stockholders of the Company at the annual meeting of stockholders held on November 4, 2021.

Common Stock Repurchases

On November 2, 2018, the Company announced the Board had authorized management to repurchase up to \$60.0 million of the Company's common stock over a two-year period from the date of authorization. Purchases may be made from time to time through any means including, but not limited to, open market purchases and privately negotiated transactions. In February 2020, the Board increased the authorization to repurchase by \$40.0 million to \$100.0 million and extended the period for repurchase for three years from February 5, 2020. A maximum of \$30.0 million of the Company's common stock may be repurchased in any calendar year.

There were no shares repurchased during the three months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020.

11. Employee Benefit Plans

Shares Reserved for Issuance

The Company had the following reserved shares of common stock for future issuance as of the dates noted (in thousands):

	September 30, 2021	June 30, 2021
2013 Equity Incentive Plan shares available for grant	2,784	6,753
Employee stock options and awards outstanding	10,553	10,359
2014 Employee Stock Purchase Plan	3,425	4,414
Total shares reserved for issuance	16,762	21,526

Share-based Compensation Expense

Share-based compensation expense recognized in the condensed consolidated financial statements by line-item caption is as follows (in thousands):

	Three M	Three Months Ended				
	September 30, 2021	Sep	tember 30, 2020			
Cost of product revenues	\$ 310	\$	258			
Cost of service and subscription revenues	362		372			
Research and development	2,458		2,272			
Sales and marketing	3,575		2,647			
General and administrative	3,739		2,753			
Total share-based compensation expense	\$ 10,444	\$	8,302			

Stock Options

The following table summarizes stock option activity for the three months ended September 30, 2021 (in thousands, except per share and contractual term):

	Number of Shares	Weighted- Average Exercise Price		Average		Average Exercise Price		Weighted- Average Remaining Contractual Term (years)	Ii	ggregate ntrinsic Value
Options outstanding at June 30, 2021	1,645	\$	5.44	3.62	\$	9,404				
Granted	_		_							
Exercised	(80)		2.67							
Cancelled	_		_							
Options outstanding at September 30, 2021	1,565	\$	5.58	3.52	\$	6,677				
Vested and expected to vest at September 30, 2021	1,565	\$	5.58	3.52	\$	6,677				
Exercisable at September 30, 2021	1,247	\$	5.29	3.16	\$	5,674				

The fair value of each stock option grant under the 2013 Plan is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes-Merton option valuation model. The expected term of options granted is derived from historical data on employee exercise and post-vesting employment termination behavior. The risk-free rate is based upon the estimated life of the option and the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of grant. Expected volatility is based on the historical volatility on the Company's stock. There were no stock options granted during the three months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020.

Stock Awards

Stock awards may be granted under the 2013 Plan on terms approved by the Compensation Committee of the Board. Stock awards generally provide for the issuance of restricted stock units ("RSUs") including performance-condition or market-condition RSUs which vest over a fixed period of time or based upon the satisfaction of certain performance criteria or market conditions. The Company recognizes compensation expense on the awards over the vesting period based on the awards' fair value as of the date of grant. The Company does not estimate forfeitures, but accounts for them as incurred.

The following table summarizes stock award activity for the three months ended September 30, 2021 (in thousands, except grant date fair value):

	Number of Shares	Ğ	d- Average rant air Value	Agg	gregate Fair Value
Non-vested stock awards outstanding at June 30, 2021	8,714	\$	5.51		
Granted	3,611		11.37		
Released	(3,161)		5.17		
Cancelled	(176)		5.93		
Non-vested stock awards outstanding at September, 2021	8,988	\$	7.97	\$	88,534
Stock awards expected to vest at September 30, 2021	8,988	\$	7.97	\$	88,534

The RSU's granted under the 2013 plan vest over a period of time, generally one to three years, and are subject to participant's continued service to the Company. The stock awards granted during the three months ended September 30, 2021 included 0.9 million RSUs including the market condition awards discussed below to named executive officers and directors.

Market Condition Awards

During the three months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, the Compensation Committee of the Board approved 0.7 million and 0.5 million RSUs, respectively, with vesting based on market conditions ("MSU") to certain of the Company's executive officers. These MSUs vest based on the Company's total shareholder return ("TSR") relative to the TSR of the Russell 2000 Index ("Index"). The MSU award represents the right to receive a target number of shares of common stock up to 150% of the original grant. The MSUs vest based on the Company's TSR relative to the TSR of the Index over performance periods of three years from the grant date, subject to the grantees' continued service through the certification of performance.

Level Relative TSR		Shares Vested
Below Threshold	TSR is less than the Index by more than 37.5 percentage points	0%
Threshold	TSR is less than the Index by 37.5 percentage points	25%
Target	TSR equals the Index	100%
Maximum	TSR is greater than the Index by 25 percentage points or more	150%

Total shareholder return is calculated based on the average closing price for the 30-trading days prior to the beginning and end of the performance periods. Performance is measured based on three periods, with the ability for up to one-third of target shares to vest after years 1 and 2 and the ability for up to the maximum of the full award to vest based on the full 3-year TSR less any shares vested based on 1- and 2-year periods. Linear interpolation is used to determine the number of shares vested for achievement between target levels.

The grant date fair value of each MSU was determined using the Monte Carlo simulation model. The weighted-average grant-date fair value of these MSU granted during the three months ended September 30, 2021 was \$12.69 per share. The assumptions used in the Monte-Carlo simulation included the expected volatility of 66%, risk-free rate of 0.44%, no expected dividend yield, expected term of 3 years and possible future stock prices over the performance period based on the historical stock and market prices. The Company recognizes the expense related to these MSUs on a graded-vesting method over the estimated term.

The weighted-average grant-date fair value of these MSU granted during the three months ended September 30, 2020 was \$5.32 per share. The assumptions used in the Monte Carlo simulation included the expected volatility of 69%, risk-free rate of 0.18%, no expected dividend yield, expected term of 3 years and possible future stock prices over the performance period based on the historical stock and market prices.

Employee Stock Purchase Plan

The fair value of each share purchase option under the ESPP is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes-Merton option valuation model with the weighted average assumptions noted in the following table. The expected term of the ESPP represents the term of the offering period of each option. The risk-free rate is based upon the estimated life and on the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of grant. Expected volatility is based on the historical volatility on the Company's stock.

There were 1.0 million and 1.5 million shares issued under the ESPP during the three months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. The following assumptions were used to determine the grant-date fair values of the ESPP shares during the following periods:

	Employee Stock Pure Three Months E	
	September 30, 2021	September 30, 2020
Expected life	0.5 years	0.5 years
Risk-free interest rate	0.05%	0.12%
Volatility	52%	119%
Dividend vield	—%	—%

The weighted-average grant-date fair value of shares under the ESPP during the three months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020 was \$3.18 and \$2.23 per share, respectively.

12. Information about Segments and Geographic Areas

The Company operates in one segment, the development and marketing of network infrastructure equipment and related software. The Company conducts business globally and is managed geographically. Revenues are attributed to a geographical area based on the billing address of customers. The Company operates in three geographical areas: Americas, which includes the United States, Canada, Mexico, Central America and South America; EMEA, which includes Europe, Russia, Middle East and Africa; and APAC which includes Asia Pacific, South Asia, India, Australia and Japan. The Company's chief operating decision maker, who is its CEO, reviews financial information presented on a consolidated basis for purposes of allocating resources and evaluating financial performance.

See Note 3, Revenues, for the Company's revenues by geographic regions and channel based on the customer's billing address.

The Company's long-lived assets are attributed to the geographic regions as follows (in thousands):

Long-lived Assets	September 30, 2021		June 30, 2021		
Americas	\$	161,956	\$	151,839	
EMEA		22,486		25,940	
APAC		12,383		13,560	
Total long-lived assets	\$	196,825	\$	191,339	

13. Derivatives and Hedging

Interest Rate Swaps

The Company is exposed to interest rate risk on its debt. The Company enters into interest rate swap contracts to effectively manage the impact of fluctuations of interest rate changes on its outstanding debt which has floating interest rate. The Company does not enter into derivative contracts for trading or speculative purposes.

At the inception date of the derivative contract, the Company performs an assessment of these contracts and has designated these contracts as cash flow hedges. Interest rate swaps designated as cash flow hedges involve the receipt of variable-rate amounts from a counterparty in exchange for the Company making fixed-rate payments over the life of the agreement without exchange of the underlying notional amount. The Company also formally assesses, both at the hedge's inception and on an ongoing basis, by performing qualitative and quantitative assessment, whether the derivatives that are used in hedging transactions are highly effective in offsetting changes in cash flow of hedged items. Changes in the fair value of a derivative that is qualified, designated and highly effective as a cash flow hedge are recorded in other comprehensive income (loss). When it is determined that a derivative is not highly effective as a hedge or that it has ceased to be a highly effective hedge, the Company discontinues hedge accounting prospectively. In accordance with ASC 815 "Derivatives and Hedging," the Company may prospectively discontinue the hedge accounting for an existing hedge if the applicable criteria are no longer met, the derivative instrument expires, is sold, terminated or exercised or if the Company removes the designation of the respective cash flow hedge. In those circumstances, the net gain or loss remains in accumulated other comprehensive loss and is reclassified into earnings in the same period or periods during which the hedged forecasted transaction affects earnings, unless the forecasted transaction is no longer probable in which case the net gain or loss is reclassified into earnings immediately.

During fiscal 2020, the Company entered into multiple interest rate swap contracts, designated as cash flow hedges, to hedge the variability of cash flows in interest payments associated with the Company's various tranches of floating-rate debt. As of September 30, 2021 and September 30, 2020, the total notional amount of these interest rate swaps was \$200.0 million and had maturity dates through April 2023. As of September 30, 2021 and September 30, 2020, these contracts had unrealized losses of \$0.9 million and \$1.8 million, respectively, which are recorded in "Accumulated other comprehensive loss" with the associated liability in "Other accrued liabilities" in the condensed consolidated balance sheet. Cash flows associated with periodic settlements of interest rate swaps are classified as operating activities in the condensed consolidated statement of cash flows. Realized gains and losses are recognized as they accrue in interest expense. Amounts reported in accumulated other comprehensive loss related to these cash flow hedges are reclassified to interest expense over the life of the swap contracts. The Company estimates that \$0.8 million will be reclassified to interest expense over the next twelve months. The classification and fair value of these cash flow hedges are discussed in Note 6, Fair Value Measurements.

Foreign Exchange Forward Contracts

The Company uses derivative financial instruments to manage exposures to foreign currency that may or may not be designated as hedging instruments. The Company's objective for holding derivatives is to use the most effective methods to minimize the impact

of these exposures. The Company does not enter into derivatives for speculative or trading purposes. The Company enters into foreign exchange forward contracts primarily to mitigate the effect of gains and losses generated by foreign currency transactions related to certain operating expenses and remeasurement of certain assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies.

For foreign exchange forward contracts not designated as hedging instruments, the fair value of the Company's derivatives in a gain position are recorded in "Prepaid expenses and other current assets" and derivatives in a loss position are recorded in "Other accrued liabilities" in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets. Changes in the fair value of derivatives are recorded in "Other income (expense), net" in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of operations. As of September 30, 2021 and 2020, foreign exchange forward contracts not designated as hedging instruments had the total notional principal amount of \$22.6 and \$7.5 million, respectively. These contracts have maturities of 40 days or less. The net gains and losses recorded in the condensed consolidated statement of operations from these transactions during the three months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020 were losses of \$0.2 million and gains of less than \$0.1 million, respectively. Changes in the fair value of these foreign exchange forward contracts are offset largely by remeasurement of the underlying assets and liabilities

For foreign exchange forward contracts designated as hedging instruments, gains and losses arising from these contracts are recorded as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) on the condensed consolidated balance sheets. The hedging gains and losses in accumulated other comprehensive income are subsequently reclassified to expenses, as applicable, in the condensed consolidated statements of operations in the same period in which the underlying transactions affect our earnings. As of September 30, 2021, foreign exchange forward contracts designated as hedging instruments had the notional amount of \$11.3 million. These contracts have maturities of less than twelve months. As of September 30, 2021, these contracts had unrealized losses of \$0.4 million which are recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) with the associated liability in other accrued liabilities in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. There were no foreign exchange forward contracts at September 30, 2020 that were designated as hedging instruments.

The Company recognized total foreign currency gains of \$0.3 million and losses of \$1.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively related to the change in fair value of foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities.

14. Restructuring and Related Charges.

The Company recorded \$0.3 million of restructuring and related charges during the three months ended September 30, 2021 which primarily included facility related charges of \$0.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2021. Severance and benefit restructuring charges consisted primarily of employee severance and benefit expenses incurred under the reduction-in-force action initiated in the third quarter of fiscal 2020 (the "2020 Plan") to reduce operating costs and enhance financial flexibility as a result of disruptions caused by the COVID-19 global pandemic. With the reduction and realignment of the headcount under the 2020 Plan, the Company is relocating certain of its lab test equipment to third-party consulting companies. The Company has incurred \$9.6 million of charges under the 2020 Plan through September 30, 2021. The Company expects to incur additional equipment related relocation expenses of \$0.1 million and expects to substantially complete these activities by the first half of fiscal 2022. The facility restructuring charges included additional facilities expenses related to previously impaired facilities.

The Company recorded \$1.0 million of restructuring and related charges during the three months ended September 30, 2020. The charges included \$0.3 million for charges related to facilities which the Company has exited, and \$0.7 million for employee severance and benefit expenses incurred under the Company's restructuring plans.

Restructuring liabilities related to severance, benefits, and equipment relocation obligations are recorded in "Other accrued liabilities" in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets. The following table summarizes the activity related to the severance, benefits, and equipment relocation liabilities during the three months ended September 30, 2021 (in thousands):

		Three Months Ended			
		September 30, 2021	S	September 30, 2020	
	Severance ar			er	
Balance at beginning of period	\$	271	\$	2,219	
Period charges		8		772	
Period reversals		(30)		(50)	
Period payments		(156)		(2,639)	
Balance at end of period	\$	93	\$	302	

15. Income Taxes

For the three months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, the Company recorded an income tax provision of \$2.1 million and \$1.3 million, respectively.

The income tax provisions for the three months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, consisted of (1) taxes on the income of the Company's foreign subsidiaries, (2) foreign withholding taxes, (3) state taxes in jurisdictions where the Company has no remaining state net operating losses ("NOLs") and (4) tax expense associated with the establishment of a U.S. deferred tax liability for amortizable goodwill resulting from the acquisition of Enterasys Networks, Inc., the wireless local area network business from Zebra Technologies Corporation, the Campus Fabric Business from Avaya and the Data Center Business from Brocade. The interim income tax provisions for the three months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020 were calculated using the discrete effective tax rate method as allowed by Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 740-270-30-18, "Income Taxes – Interim Reporting." The discrete method is applied when the application of the estimated annual effective tax rate is impractical because it is not possible to reliably estimate the annual effective tax rate. The discrete method treats the year to date period as if it was the annual period and determines the income tax expense or benefit on that basis. The Company believes that, at this time, the use of this discrete method is more appropriate than the annual effective tax rate method as (i) the estimated annual effective tax rate method is not reliable due to the high degree of uncertainty in estimating annual pretax earnings on a jurisdictional basis and (ii) the Company's ongoing assessment that the recoverability of certain U.S. and Irish deferred tax assets is not more likely than not.

The Company has provided a full valuation allowance against all of its U.S. federal and state deferred tax assets as well as a portion of the deferred tax assets in Ireland. A valuation allowance is determined by assessing both negative and positive evidence to determine whether it is "more likely than not" that deferred tax assets are recoverable; such assessment is required on a jurisdiction-by-jurisdiction basis. The Company's inconsistent earnings in recent periods, including a cumulative loss over the last three years, coupled with its difficulty in forecasting future revenue trends and the cyclical nature of its business represent sufficient negative evidence to require full valuation allowances against its U.S. federal and state net deferred tax assets as well as a portion of the deferred tax assets in Ireland. These valuation allowances will be evaluated periodically and can be reversed partially or in whole if business results and the economic environment have sufficiently improved to support realization of some or all of the Company's deferred tax assets.

On September 14, 2021, the Company completed its acquisition of Ipanema. This acquisition is treated as a non-taxable stock acquisition and therefore, Extreme will have carryover tax basis in the assets and liabilities acquired.

The Company had \$19.1 million of unrecognized tax benefits as of September 30, 2021. If fully recognized in the future, \$0.4 million would impact the effective tax rate and \$18.7 million, would result in adjustments to deferred tax assets and corresponding adjustments to the valuation allowance with no impact to the effective tax rate. The Company does not anticipate any events to occur during the next twelve months that would materially reduce the unrealized tax benefit as currently stated in the Company's balance sheet.

The Company's policy is to accrue interest and penalties related to the underpayment of income taxes as a component of tax expense in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of operations.

In general, the Company's U.S. federal income tax returns are subject to examination by tax authorities for fiscal years 2001 forward due to net operating losses and the Company's state income tax returns are subject to examination for fiscal years 2000 forward due to net operating losses. The Company is not currently under audit in any material jurisdictions.

16. Net Income (Loss) Per Share

Basic net income (loss) per share is calculated by dividing net income (loss) by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. Dilutive income per share is calculated by dividing net income by the weighted average number of shares of common stock used in the basic net income (loss) per share calculation plus the dilutive effect of shares subject to repurchase, options and unvested RSUs.

The following table presents the calculation of net income (loss) per share of basic and diluted (in thousands, except per share data):

	Three M	onths Ended
	September 30, 2021	September 30, 2020
Net income (loss)	\$ 12,696	\$ (8,812)
Weighted-average shares used in per share calculation - basic	128,324	121,705
Options to purchase common stock	651	
Restricted stock units	4,250	_
Employee Stock Purchase Plan shares		
Weighted-average shares used in per share calculation - diluted	133,225	121,705
Net income (loss) per share - basic and diluted		
Net income (loss) per share - basic	\$ 0.10	\$ (0.07)
Net income (loss) per share - diluted	\$ 0.10	\$ (0.07)

The following securities were excluded from the computation of net income (loss) per diluted share of common stock for the periods presented as their effect would have been anti-dilutive (in thousands):

	Three Mon	ths Ended
	September 30, 2021	September 30, 2020
Options to purchase common stock		2,864
Restricted stock units	1,441	8,877
Employee Stock Purchase Plan shares	514	750
Total shares excluded	1,955	12,491

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

This quarterly report on Form 10-Q, including the following sections, contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, including in particular, our expectations regarding market demands, customer requirements and the general economic environment, future results of operations, and other statements that include words such as "may," "will," "should," "expect," "plan," "intend," "anticipate," "believe," "estimate," "predict," "potential," "continue" and similar expressions. These forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties. We caution investors that actual results may differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements as a result of certain risk factors identified in the section entitled "Risk Factors" in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the first quarter ended September 30, 2021, our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, and other filings we have made with the Securities and Exchange Commission. These risk factors, include, but are not limited to: fluctuations in demand for our products and services; a highly competitive business environment for network switching equipment; our effectiveness in controlling expenses; the possibility that we might experience delays in the development or introduction of new technology and products; customer response to our new technology and products; fluctuations in the global economy, including political, social, economic, currency and regulatory factors (such as the outbreak of COVID-19); risks related to pending or future litigation; a dependency on third parties for certain components and for the manufacturing of our products and our ability to receive the anticipated benefits of acquired businesses.

Business Overview

The following discussion is based upon our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this Report. In the course of operating our business, we routinely make decisions as to the timing of the payment of invoices, the collection of receivables, the manufacturing and shipment of products, the fulfillment of orders, the purchase of supplies, and the building of inventory and service parts, among other matters. Each of these decisions has some impact on the financial results for any given period. In making these decisions, we consider various factors including contractual obligations, customer satisfaction, competition, internal and external financial targets and expectations, and financial planning objectives. For further information about our critical accounting policies and estimates, see the "Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates" section included in this "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations."

Extreme Networks, Inc. ("Extreme" or "Company") is a leading provider of end-to-end, cloud-driven networking solutions and top-rated services and support. Providing a set of comprehensive solutions from the Internet of Things ("IoT") edge to the cloud, Extreme designs, develops, and manufactures wired and wireless network infrastructure equipment as well as a leading cloud networking platform and applications portfolio using cloud management, machine learning ("ML"), and artificial intelligence ("AI") to deliver network policy, analytics, security, and access controls. Our solutions enable companies to embrace the value of new cloud technology without having to rip and replace existing infrastructures. Extreme has been pushing the boundaries of networking technology for a quarter of a century, driven by a higher purpose of helping our customers connect beyond the network. Extreme's cloud-driven technologies provide flexibility and scalability in deployment, management, and licensing of networks globally. Our global footprint provides service to over 50,000 customers across the world including some of the world's leading names in business, hospitality, retail, transportation and logistics, education, government, healthcare, manufacturing and service providers. We derive all our revenues from the sale of our networking equipment, software subscriptions, and related maintenance contracts.

Industry Background

Enterprises are adopting new Information Technology ("IT") delivery models and applications that require fundamental network alterations and enhancements spanning from the access edge to the data center. With the impact of the global pandemic, we believe IT teams in every industry will need more control and better insights than ever before to ensure secure, distributed connectivity and comprehensive centralized visibility. ML and AI technologies have the potential to vastly improve the network experience in the post-pandemic world by collating large data sets to increase accuracy and derive resolutions to improve the operation of the network. When applied with cloud-driven networking and automation, administrators can quickly scale to provide productivity, availability, manageability, security, and speed, regardless of how distributed the network is.

We believe that the network has never been more vital than it is today. As administrators grapple with more data, coming from more places, more connected devices, and more Software-as-a-service ("SaaS") based applications, the cloud is fundamental to establishing a new normal. Traditional network offerings are not well-suited to fulfill enterprise expectations for rapid delivery of new services, more flexible business models, real-time response, and massive scalability. As enterprises continue to migrate increasing numbers of applications and services to either private clouds or public clouds offered by third parties and to adopt new IT delivery models and applications, they are required to make fundamental network alterations and enhancements spanning from device access points ("AP") to the network core. In either case, the network infrastructure must adapt to this new dynamic environment. Intelligence and automation are key if enterprises are to derive maximum benefit from their cloud deployments. Service providers are also investing in network enhancements with platforms and applications that deliver data insights, provide flexibility, and can quickly respond to new user demands and 5G use cases.

We believe Extreme stands to benefit from the use of its technology to manage distributed campus network architecture centrally from the cloud. Extreme has blended a dynamic fabric attach architecture, that delivers simplicity for moves and changes at the edge of the network, together with corporate-wide role-based policy. This enables customers to migrate to new cloud managed switching and Wi-Fi, agnostic of the existing networking or wireless equipment they already have installed. In the end, we expect these customers to see lower operating and capital expenditures, lower subscription costs, lower overall cost of ownership and more flexibility along with a more resilient network. We estimate the total addressable market for our Enterprise Networking solutions consisting of cloud networking, wireless local area networks ("WLAN"), data center networking, ethernet switching, campus local area networks ("LAN"), and software-defined wide area network ("SD-WAN") solutions to be approximately \$26 billion and growing at approximately five percent per year over the next three years. In addition, 5G provides an estimated \$3 billion serviceable available market for Service Provider Networking.

The Extreme Strategy

The year 2020 resulted in unprecedented change – from the physical footprint of offices, to supply chain operations, to how we connect. Organizations and workforces extend anywhere and everywhere. IT leaders are now tasked with ensuring the global, hybrid workforce is functional and successful no matter where they are and ensure people can work wherever they want.

Extreme has recognized that the way we and our customers communicate has changed and the new normal has given rise to these distributed enterprise environments, or in other words, the **Infinite Enterprise**, which has three key tenets:

- **Infinitely distributed connectivity** is the enterprise-grade reliable connectivity that allows users to connect anywhere, from anywhere. It is always present, available and assured, while being secure and manageable.
- Scalable cloud allows administrators to harness the power of the cloud to efficiently onboard, manage, orchestrate, troubleshoot the network, and find data and insights of the distributed connectivity at their pace in their way.
- Consumer-centric experience designed to deliver a best-in-class experience to users who consume network services.

Extreme's broad product, solutions and technology portfolio supports these three tenets and continues to innovate and evolve them to help businesses succeed.

Key elements of Extreme's strategy and differentiation include:

- **Creating effortless networking solutions that allow all of us to advance.** We believe that progress is achieved when we connect—allowing us to learn, understand, create, and grow. We make connecting simple and easy with effortless networking experiences that enable all of us to advance how we live, work, and share.
- **Provide a differentiated end-to-end cloud architecture.** Cloud networking is estimated to be a \$2 billion segment of the networking market and is projected to be the fastest growing part of the networking industry at approximately 20% per year over the next three years, according to data from 650 Group Market Research. Cloud management technology has evolved significantly over the past decade. We believe we deliver a combination of innovation, reliability, and security with the leading end-to-end cloud management platform powered by ML and AI that spans from the IoT edge to the enterprise data center. Key characteristics of our cloud architecture include:
 - O A robust cloud management platform that delivers visibility, intelligence, and assurance from the IoT edge to the core.
 - O Cloud Choice for customers: Our cloud networking solution is available on all major cloud providers (Amazon Web Services ("AWS"), Google Cloud Platform ("GCP") and Microsoft Azure).
 - O Unlimited Network Data plans for the length of the cloud subscription to improve an organization's ability to make smarter, more effective business decisions.
 - O Consumption Flexibility: Offer a range of financing and network purchase options. Our value-based subscription tiers (including Connect, Navigator and Pilot) provide customers with flexibility to grow as they go, as well as offer pool-able and portable licenses that can be transferred between products (*e.g.* access points and switches) at one fixed price.
 - o "No 9s" Reliability and Resiliency to ensure business continuity for our customers.
 - O Zero-Trust Security (Information Security Management ("ISO") 27001 Certified).
- **Offer customers choice: public or private cloud, or on-premises.** We leverage the cloud where it makes sense for our customers and provide on-premises solutions where customers need it and also have a solution for those who want to harness the power of both. Our hybrid approach gives our customers options to adapt the technology to their business. At the same time, all of our solutions have visibility, control and strategic information built in, all tightly integrated with a single view across all of the installed products. Our customers can understand what is going on across their network and applications in real time who, when, and what is connected to the network critical for bring your own device ("BYOD") and IoT usage.
- Highest value of cloud management subscriptions. ExtremeCloud IQ Pilot provides our customers with four key applications enabling organizations to eliminate overlays.

- O Extreme AirDefense™ is a comprehensive wireless intrusion prevention system ("WIPS") that simplifies the protection, monitoring and security of wireless networks. With the added Bluetooth and Bluetooth low energy intrusion prevention, network administrators can address growing threats against bluetooth and low energy devices.
- O ExtremeLocation™ delivers proximity, presence and location-based services for advanced contact tracing in support of the location-intelligent enterprise.
- O ExtremeGuest™ is a comprehensive guest engagement solution that enables IT administrators to use analytical insights to engage visitors with personalized engagements.
- O Extreme IoTTM delivers simple and secure onboarding, profiling, segmentation and filtering of IoT devices on a production network.
- Offers universal platforms for enterprise class switching and wireless infrastructure. Extreme offers universal platforms which support multiple deployment use cases, providing flexibility and investment protection.
 - Universal switches (5520/5420) support fabric or traditional networking with a choice of cloud or on-premises (air-gapped or cloud connected) management.
 - Universal WiFi 6 APs (300/400 series) support campus or distributed deployments with a choice of cloud or on-premises (air-gapped or cloud connected) management.
 - Universal licensing with one portable management license for any device and for any type of management. For switches, OS feature licenses are portable, and bulk activated through ExtremeCloud IQ.
- **Enable a common fabric to simplify and automate the network.** Fabric technologies virtualize the network infrastructure (decoupling network services from physical connectivity) which enables network services to be turned up faster, with lower likelihood of error. They make the underlying network much easier to design, implement, manage and troubleshoot.
- **End-to-End Portfolio.** Our cloud-driven solutions provide visibility, control and strategic intelligence from the edge to the data center, across networks and applications. Our solutions include wired switching, wireless switching, wireless access points, WLAN controllers, routers, and an extensive portfolio of software applications that deliver AI-enhanced access control, network and application analytics, as well as network management. All can be managed, assessed and controlled from a single pane of glass on premises or from the cloud.
- **Provide high-quality "in-house" customer service and support.** We seek to enhance customer satisfaction and build customer loyalty through high-quality service and support. This includes a wide range of standard support programs to the level of service our customers require, from standard business hours to global 24-hour-a-day, 365-days-a-year real-time responsive support.
- **Extend switching and routing technology leadership.** Our technological leadership is based on innovative switching, routing and wireless products, the depth and focus of our market experience and our operating systems the software that runs on all of our networking products. Our products reduce operating expenses for our customers and enable a more flexible and dynamic network environment that will help them meet the upcoming demands of IoT, mobile, and cloud.
- Expand Wi-Fi technology leadership. Wireless is today's network access method of choice and every business must deal with scale, density and BYOD challenges. The network edge landscape is changing as the explosion of mobile devices increases the demand for mobile, transparent, and always-on wired to wireless edge services. The unified access layer requires distributed intelligent components to ensure that access control and resiliency of business services are available across the entire infrastructure and manageable from a single console. We are at a technology inflection point with the pending migration from Wi-Fi 5 solutions to Wi-Fi 6 (802.11ax), focused on providing more efficient access to the broad array of connected devices. We believe we have the industry's broadest Wi-Fi 6 wireless portfolio providing intelligence for the wired/wireless edge and enhanced by our cloud architecture with machine learning and AI-driven insights.
- Offer a superior quality of experience. Our network-powered application analytics provide actionable business insights by capturing and analyzing context-based data about the network and applications to deliver meaningful intelligence about applications, users, locations and devices. With an easy to comprehend dashboard, our applications help businesses turn their network into a strategic business asset that helps executives make faster and more effective decisions.
- **Expand market penetration by targeting high-growth market segments.** Within the campus, we focus on the mobile user, leveraging our automation capabilities and tracking WLAN growth. Our data center approach leverages our product portfolio to address the needs of public and private cloud data center providers. We believe that the cloud networking compound annual growth rate will continue to outpace the compound annual growth rate for on-premises managed networking. Our focus is on expanding our technology foothold in the critical cloud networking segment to accelerate not only cloud management adoption, but also subscription-based licensing (SaaS) consumption.

- **Leverage and expand multiple distribution channels.** We distribute our products through select distributors, a large number of resellers and system-integrators worldwide, as well as several large strategic partners. We maintain a field sales force to support our channel partners and to sell directly to certain strategic accounts. As an independent networking vendor, we seek to provide products that, when combined with the offerings of our channel partners, create compelling solutions for end-user customers.
- **Maintain and extend our strategic relationships.** We have established strategic relationships with a number of industry-leading vendors to both, provide increased and enhanced routes to market, and collaboratively develop unique solutions.

Acquisition

On September 14, 2021 (the "Acquisition Date"), the Company completed its acquisition (the "Acquisition") of Ipanematech SAS ("Ipanema"), the cloud-native enterprise Software-Defined Wide Area Network ("SD-WAN") business unit of Infovista pursuant to a Sale and Purchase Agreement ("the Agreement"). Under the terms of the Acquisition, the net consideration paid by Extreme to Ipanema stockholders was \$70.9 million. The primary reason for the acquisition was to acquire the talent and the technology which will allow us to expand our portfolio with new cloud-managed SD-WAN and security offerings to support our enterprise customers.

Key Financial Metrics

During the first quarter of fiscal 2022, we achieved the following results:

- Net revenues of \$267.7 million compared to \$235.8 million in the first quarter of fiscal 2021.
- Product revenues of \$185.2 million compared to \$161.4 million in the first quarter of fiscal 2021.
- Service and subscription revenues of \$82.5 million compared to \$74.4 million in the first quarter of fiscal 2021.
- Total gross margin of 58.1% of net revenues compared to 57.3% of net revenues in the first quarter of fiscal 2021.
- Operating income of \$18.4 million compared to operating loss of \$0.1 million in the first quarter of fiscal 2021.
- Net income of \$12.7 million compared to net loss of \$8.8 million in the first quarter of fiscal 2021.
- Cash flows provided by operating activities of \$40.3 million compared to \$24.7 million in the three months ended September 30, 2020.
- Cash of \$191.3 million as of September 30, 2021 compared to \$246.9 million as of June 30, 2021.

Net Revenues

The following table presents net product and service and subscription revenues for the periods presented (dollars in thousands):

	Three Months Ended						
	September 30, 2021		September 30, 2020		\$ Change		% Change
Net revenues:							
Product	\$	185,161	\$	161,396	\$	23,765	14.7%
Percentage of net revenues		69.2%		68.4%			
Service and subscription		82,523		74,406		8,117	10.9%
Percentage of net revenues		30.8%		31.6%			
Total net revenues	\$	267,684	\$	235,802	\$	31,882	13.5%

Product revenues increased \$23.8 million or 14.7% for the three months ended September 30, 2021, as compared to the corresponding period of fiscal 2021. The product revenues increase for the three months ended September 30, 2021 was primarily due to the material slow-down in global demand during the corresponding period of fiscal 2021 due to the global outbreak of COVID-19.

Service and subscription revenues increased \$8.1 million, or 10.9% for the three months ended September 30, 2021 as compared to the corresponding period in fiscal 2021. The increase in service and subscription revenues was primarily due to the growth in subscription revenues.

The following table presents the product and service and subscription, gross profit and the respective gross profit percentages for the periods presented (dollars in thousands):

	Three Months Ended						
	September 30, 2021		Sep	tember 30, \$ 2020 Change		\$ Change	% Change
Gross profit:							
Product	\$	104,217	\$	88,001	\$	16,216	18.4%
Percentage of product revenues		56.3%		54.5%	ı		
Service and subscription		51,386		47,017		4,369	9.3%
Percentage of service and subscription revenues		62.3%		63.2%	ı		
Total gross profit	\$	155,603	\$	135,018	\$	20,585	15.2%
Percentage of net revenues		58.1%		57.3%	_		

Product gross profit increased \$16.2 million or 18.4% for the three months ended September 30, 2021, as compared to the corresponding period in fiscal 2021. The increase in product gross profit was primarily due to increased revenues along with lower distribution charges of \$0.5 million, which were mainly due to decreased tariffs, lower excess and obsolete inventory charges of \$0.6 million, lower warranty costs of \$0.4 million and lower amortization of intangibles due to certain intangibles being fully depreciated.

Service and subscription gross profit increased \$4.4 million or 9.3% for the three months ended September 30, 2021, as compared to the corresponding period in fiscal 2021. The increase was primarily due to increased service and subscription revenues, partially offset by higher personnel costs, professional fees and increased cloud service costs.

Operating Expenses

The following table presents operating expenses for the periods presented (dollars in thousands):

	Septembe 2021		S	September 30, 2020				\$ Change	% Change
Research and development	\$	47,766	\$	49,524	\$	(1,758)	(3.5)%		
Sales and marketing		69,527		64,325		5,202	8.1%		
General and administrative		17,003		16,461		542	3.3%		
Acquisition and integration costs		1,510		1,975		(465)	(23.5)%		
Restructuring and related charges		279		1,001		(722)	(72.1)%		
Amortization of intangibles		1,154		1,792		(638)	(35.6)%		
Total operating expenses	\$	137,239	\$	135,078	\$	2,161	1.6%		

Research and Development Expenses

Research and development expenses consist primarily of personnel costs (which consist of compensation, benefits and share-based compensation), consultant fees and prototype expenses related to the design, development, and testing of our products.

Research and development expenses decreased by \$1.8 million or 3.5% for the three months ended September 30, 2021, as compared to the corresponding period in fiscal 2021. The decrease in research and development expenses was due to a \$1.3 million decrease in facility and information technology costs and a \$1.4 million decrease in software licenses and engineering project costs which lowered depreciation expense, partially offset by a \$0.6 million increase in professional and contractor fees and a \$0.4 million increase in personnel related costs.

Sales and Marketing Expenses

Sales and marketing expenses consist primarily of personnel costs (which consist of compensation, benefits and share-based compensation), as well as trade shows and promotional expenses.

Sales and marketing expenses increased by \$5.2 million or 8.1% for the three months ended September 30, 2021, as compared to the corresponding period in fiscal 2021. The increase in sales and marketing expenses was primarily due to a \$4.1 million increase in personnel costs primarily due to higher compensation and benefits costs due to increase in headcount, a \$1.0 million increase in travel costs and a \$0.4 million increase in other expenses primarily marketing and sales promotions costs, partially offset by a \$0.3 million decrease in professional fees.

General and Administrative Expenses

General and administrative expenses consist primarily of personnel costs (which consist of compensation, benefits and share-based compensation), legal and professional service costs, and facilities and information technology costs.

General and administrative expenses increased by \$0.5 million or 3.3% for the three months ended September 30, 2021, as compared to the corresponding period in fiscal 2021. The increase in general and administrative expenses was primarily due to a \$1.2 million increase in personnel costs primarily compensation expenses partially offset by a \$0.7 million decrease in legal and professional fees.

Acquisition and Integration Costs

During the three months ended September 30, 2021, we incurred \$1.5 million of integration costs which consisted primarily of professional fees for legal advisory services and financial services related to the acquisition of Ipanema.

During the three months ended September 30, 2020, we incurred \$2.0 million of acquisition and integration costs. Acquisition and integration costs consisted primarily of additional professional fees for system integration and financial services related to Aerohive acquisition.

Restructuring and Related Charges

For the three months ended September 30, 2021, we recorded restructuring and related charges of \$0.3 million which primarily comprised of facility-related charges related to our previously impaired facilities.

For the three months ended September 30, 2020, we recorded restructuring charges of \$1.0 million. We continued our reduction-in-force initiative began in the third quarter of fiscal 2020 and recorded related severance and benefits charges of \$0.7 million related to the 2020 Plan. In addition, we had facility-related charges of \$0.3 million related to our previously impaired facilities.

Amortization of Intangibles

During the three months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, we recorded \$1.2 million and \$1.8 million, respectively, of operating expenses for amortization of intangibles. The decrease was primarily due to lower amortization related to certain acquired intangibles from previous acquisitions becoming fully amortized.

Interest Expense

During the three months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, we recorded \$3.9 million and \$6.7 million, respectively, in interest expense. The decreases in interest expense were primarily driven by lower average loan balances and lower average rates for the three months ended September 30, 2021 under our 2019 Credit Agreement.

Other Income (Expense), Net

During the three months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, we recorded other income, net of \$0.2 million and other expense, net of \$0.9 million, respectively. The changes for the three months ended September 30, 2021 was primarily due to foreign exchange losses from the revaluation of certain assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies into U.S. Dollars.

Provision for Income Taxes

For the three months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, we recorded an income tax provision of \$2.1 million and \$1.3 million, respectively.

The income tax provisions for the three months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020 consisted of (1) taxes on the income of our foreign subsidiaries, (2) foreign withholding taxes, (3) state taxes in jurisdictions where we have no remaining state net operating losses and (4) tax expense associated with the establishment of a U.S. deferred tax liability for amortizable goodwill resulting from the acquisition of Enterasys Networks, Inc., the WLAN Business, the Campus Fabric Business and the Data Center Business.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and the related notes included elsewhere in this Report are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles have been condensed or omitted under SEC rules and regulations. The preparation of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue, costs and expenses, and related disclosures. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances. In many instances, we could have reasonably used different accounting estimates, and in other instances changes in the accounting estimates are reasonably likely to occur from period to period. Accordingly, actual results could differ significantly from the estimates made by our management. On an ongoing basis, we evaluate our estimates and assumptions. To the extent that there are material differences between these estimates and actual results, our future financial statement presentation, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows will be affected.

As discussed in Part II, Item 7, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2021, we consider the following accounting policies to be the most critical in understanding the judgments that are involved in preparing our consolidated financial statements:

- Revenue Recognition
- Inventory Valuation and Purchase Commitments

There have been no changes to our critical accounting policies since the filing of our last Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The following table summarizes information regarding our cash (in thousands):

	September 30, 2021	June 30, 2021
Cash	\$ 191,349	\$ 246,894

As of September 30, 2021, our principal sources of liquidity consisted of cash of \$191.3 million and accounts receivable, net of \$129.6 million, and available borrowings under our five-year 2019 Revolving Facility of \$60.2 million. Our principal uses of cash include the purchase of finished goods inventory from our contract manufacturers, payroll and other operating expenses related to the development and marketing of our products, purchases of property and equipment, and repayments of debt and related interest. We believe that our \$191.3 million of cash at September 30, 2021, our cash flow from operations, and the availability of borrowings from the 2019 Revolving Facility will be sufficient to fund our planned operations for at least the next 12 months.

On November 2, 2018, our Board of Directors announced that it had authorized management to repurchase up to \$60.0 million of its shares of common stock for two years from the date of authorization, of which \$15.0 million was used for repurchases in fiscal 2019 and \$30.0 million was used for repurchases in fiscal 2020. In February 2020, our Board of Directors increased the authorization to repurchase by \$40.0 million to \$100.0 million and extended the period for repurchases for three years from February 5, 2020. Purchases may be made from time to time in the open market or in privately negotiated transactions. The manner, timing and amount of any future purchases will be determined by our management based on their evaluation of market conditions, stock price, Extreme's ongoing determination that it is the best use of available cash and other factors. The repurchase program does not obligate Extreme to acquire any shares of its common stock, may be suspended or terminated at any time without prior notice and will be subject to regulatory considerations. There were no repurchases in the three months ended September 30, 2021.

In connection with the acquisition of Aerohive, as of August 9, 2019, we amended the 2018 Credit Agreement, which is no longer outstanding, and entered into the 2019 Credit Agreement, by and among us, as borrower, several banks and other financial institutions as Lenders, BMO Harris Bank N.A., as an issuing lender and swingline lender, Silicon Valley Bank, as an Issuing Lender, and Bank of Montreal, as administrative agent and collateral agent for the Lenders. The 2019 Credit Agreement provides for a five-year first lien term loan facility in an aggregate principal amount of \$380.0 million and a five-year revolving loan facility in an aggregate principal amount of \$75.0 million ("2019 Revolving Facility"). In addition, we may request incremental term loans and/or incremental revolving loan commitments in an aggregate amount not to exceed the sum of \$100.0 million plus an unlimited amount that is subject to pro forma compliance with certain financial tests. On August 9, 2019, we used the proceeds to partially fund the acquisition of Aerohive and for working capital and general corporate purposes.

At our election, the initial term loan (the "Initial Term Loan") under the 2019 Credit Agreement may be made as either base rate loans or Eurodollar loans. The applicable margin for base rate loans ranges from 0.25% to 2.50% per annum and the applicable margin for Eurodollar loans ranges from 1.25% to 3.50%, in each case based on Extreme's Consolidated Leverage Ratio. All Eurodollar loans are subject to a Base Rate floor of 0.00%. The 2019 Credit Agreement is secured by substantially all of our assets.

The 2019 Credit Agreement requires us to maintain certain minimum financial ratios at the end of each fiscal quarter. The 2019 Credit Agreement also includes covenants and restrictions that limit, among other things, our ability to incur additional indebtedness, create liens upon any of our property, merge, consolidate or sell all or substantially all of our assets. The 2019 Credit Agreement also includes customary events of default which may result in acceleration of the outstanding balance.

Financial covenants under the 2019 Credit Agreement require us to maintain a minimum consolidated fixed charge and consolidated leverage ratio at the end of each fiscal quarter through maturity. The 2019 Credit Agreement also includes covenants and restrictions that limit, among other things, our ability to incur additional indebtedness, create liens upon any of our property, merge, consolidate or sell all or substantially all of our assets. The 2019 Credit Agreement also includes customary events of default which may result in acceleration of the outstanding balance.

On April 8, 2020, we entered into the First Amendment to waive certain terms and financial covenants of the 2019 Credit Agreement through July 31, 2020. On May 8, 2020, we entered into the Second Amendment which superseded the First Amendment and provided certain revised terms and financial covenants through March 31, 2021. Subsequent to March 31, 2021, the original terms

and financial covenants under the 2019 Credit Agreement resumed in effect. The Second Amendment required us to maintain certain minimum cash requirement and certain financial metrics at the end of each fiscal quarter through March 31, 2021. Under the terms of the Second Amendment, we were not permitted to exceed \$55.0 million in our outstanding balance under the 2019 Revolving Facility, the applicable margin for Eurodollar rate was 4.5% and we were restricted from pursuing certain activities such as incurring additional debt, stock repurchases, making acquisitions or declaring a dividend, until we are in compliance with the original covenants of the 2019 Credit Agreement. On November 3, 2020, we and our lenders entered into the Third Amendment to increase the sublimit for letters of credit to \$20.0 million. On December 8, 2020, we and our lenders entered into the Fourth Amendment to waive and amend certain terms and financial covenants within the 2019 Credit Agreement through March 31, 2021.

The Second Amendment provided for us to end the covenant Suspension Period early and revert to the covenants and interest rates per the original terms of the 2019 Credit Agreement dated August 9, 2019 by filing a Suspension Period Early Termination Notice and Covenant Certificate demonstrating compliance. For the twelve-month period ended March 31, 2021 our financial performance was in compliance with the original covenants defined in the 2019 Credit Agreement and as such we filed a Suspension Early Termination Notice and Covenant Certificate with the administration agent subsequent to filing our Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2021. Returning to compliance with the covenants per the original terms of the 2019 Credit Agreement dated August 9, 2019, resulted in our Eurodollar loan spread decreasing from 4.5% during the suspension period to 2.75% and unused facility commitment fee decreasing from 0.4% to 0.35%, and the limitation on revolver borrowings being removed effective May 1, 2021 after filing of the certificate with the administrative agent.

Key Components of Cash Flows and Liquidity

A summary of the sources and uses of cash is as follows (in thousands):

	 Three Months Ended			
	September 30, 2021		September 30, 2020	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 40,255	\$	24,745	
Net cash used in investing activities	(72,927)		(3,023)	
Net cash used in financing activities	(22,682)		(22,772)	
Foreign currency effect on cash	 (191)		294	
Net decrease in cash	\$ (55,545)	\$	(756)	

Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities

Cash flows provided by operations in the three months ended September 30, 2021, were \$40.3 million, including our net income of \$12.7 million and non-cash expenses of \$27.8 million for items such as amortization of intangibles, share-based compensation, depreciation, reduction in carrying amount of right-of-use assets, deferred income taxes, and interest. Other sources of cash for the period included decreases in accounts receivables and inventory and increases in accounts payable, deferred revenues and other current and long-term liabilities. This was partially offset by increase in prepaid expenses and other current assets and decreases in accrued compensation and operating lease liabilities.

Cash flows provided by operations in the three months ended September 30, 2020, were \$24.7 million, including our net loss of \$8.8 million and non-cash expenses of \$30.4 million for items such as amortization of intangibles, share-based compensation, depreciation, reduction in carrying amount of right-of-use assets, deferred income taxes and imputed interest. Other sources of cash for the period included a decrease in inventory and increase in accounts payable and deferred revenues. This was partially offset by decreases in accrued compensation, other current and long-term liabilities, and operating lease liabilities and increases in accounts receivables and prepaid expenses and other current assets.

Net Cash Used in Investing Activities

Cash flows used in investing activities in the three months ended September 30, 2021 were \$72.9 million primarily due to the payment of \$69.5 million (net of cash acquired) for the acquisition of Ipanema and \$3.4 million for the purchases of property and equipment.

Cash flows used in investing activities in the three months ended September 30, 2020 were \$3.0 million for the purchases of property and equipment.

Net Cash Used in Financing Activities

Cash flows used in financing activities in the three months ended September 30, 2021 were \$22.7 million due primarily to debt repayments of \$16.8 million, payment of contingent consideration of \$0.6 million, \$1.0 million for deferred payments on acquisitions and \$4.4 million for taxes paid on vested and released stock awards net of proceeds from the issuance of shares of our common stock under our Employee Stock Purchase Plan ("ESPP") and exercise of stock options.

Cash flows used in financing activities in the three months ended September 30, 2020 were \$22.8 million due primarily to debt repayments of \$24.8 million, payment of contingent consideration of \$0.6 million, and \$1.0 million for deferred payments on acquisitions. This was partially offset by \$3.6 million of proceeds from the issuance of shares of our common stock under our ESPP and exercise of stock options, net of taxes paid on vested and released stock awards.

Foreign Currency Effect on Cash

Foreign currency effect on cash increased in the three months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, primarily due to changes in foreign currency exchange rates between the U.S. Dollar and particularly the Indian Rupee, the UK Pound, and the EURO.

Contractual Obligations

The following summarizes our contractual obligations as of September 30, 2021, and the effect such obligations are expected to have on our liquidity and cash flow in future periods (in thousands):

	Payments due by Period								
Contractival phlications	Total	Less than 1 Year	1-3 years	3-5 years	More than 5 years				
Contractual obligations: Debt obligations	\$ 330,000	\$ 28,500	\$ 301,500	s —	¢				
Interest on debt obligations	21,711	8,811	12,900	φ — —	φ — —				
Unconditional purchase obligations	64,910	64,910		_	_				
Contractual commitments	90,844	27,732	39,416	17,233	6,463				
Lease payments on operating leases	50,995	15,566	22,732	8,765	3,932				
Deferred payments for an acquisition	6,000	4,000	2,000	_	_				
Contingent consideration for an acquisition	358	358	_	_	_				
Other liabilities	517	181	336	_	_				
Total contractual cash obligations	\$ 565,335	\$ 150,058	\$ 378,884	\$ 25,998	\$ 10,395				

The contractual obligations referenced above are more specifically defined as follows:

Debt obligations related to amounts owed under our 2019 Credit Agreement.

Interest on debt obligations includes the effect of our interest rate swap agreements.

Unconditional purchase obligations represent the purchase of long lead-time component inventory that our contract manufacturers procure in accordance with our forecasts. We expect to honor the inventory purchase commitments within the next 12 months.

Contractual commitments to suppliers represent commitments for future services.

Lease payments on operating leases represent base rents and operating expense obligations to landlords for facilities we occupy at various locations.

Deferred payments for the acquisition of the Data Center Business represent payments of \$1.0 million per quarter.

Contingent consideration for an acquisition of a capital financing business in December 2017 from Broadcom, at the estimated fair value. Actual payments could be different.

Other liabilities include our commitments towards debt related fees and specific arrangements other than inventory.

The amounts in the table above exclude immaterial income tax liabilities related to uncertain tax positions as we are unable to reasonably estimate the timing of settlement.

We did not have any material commitments for capital expenditures as of September 30, 2021.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We did not have any off-balance sheet arrangements as of September 30, 2021.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Interest Rate Sensitivity

Our exposure to market risk for changes in interest rates relates primarily to debt and foreign currencies.

Debt

At certain points in time, we are exposed to the impact of interest rate fluctuations, primarily in the form of variable rate borrowings from the 2019 Credit Agreement, which is described in Note 8, Debt, of the notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements in this quarterly report on Form 10-Q. At September 30, 2021, we had \$330.0 million of debt outstanding, all of which was from the 2019 Credit Agreement. During the quarter ended September 30, 2021, the average daily outstanding amount was \$346.6 million with a high of \$346.8 million and a low of \$330.0 million.

Cash Flow Hedges of Interest Rate Risk

In conjunction with our term loan under the 2019 Credit Agreement, we entered into interest rate swap contracts with large financial institutions. This involves the receipt of variable rate amounts from these institutions in exchange for us making fixed-rate payments without exchange of the underlying notional amount of \$200.0 million of our debt. The derivative instruments hedge the impact of the changes in variable interest rates. We record the changes in the fair value of these cash flow hedges of interest rate risk in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) until termination of the derivative agreements.

The following table presents hypothetical changes in interest expense for the quarter ended September 30, 2021, on borrowings under the 2019 Credit Agreement and interest rate swap contracts as of September 30, 2021, that are sensitive to changes in interest rates (in thousands):

	Change in interest expense given a decrease in interest rate of X bps*			Average outstanding		Change in interest expense given an increase in interest rate of X bps*			
Description		(100 bps)		(50 bps)	as of September 30, 2021	100 bps		50 bps	
Debt	\$	(3,466)	\$	(1,733)	\$ 346,568	\$	3,466	\$	1,733
Interest Rate Swaps		2,000		1,000	(200,000)		(2,000)		(1,000)
Net	\$	(1,466)	\$	(733)		\$	1,466	\$	733

Underlying interest rate was 2.4% as of September 30, 2021.

Exchange Rate Sensitivity

A majority of our sales and expenses are denominated in United States Dollars. While we conduct some sales transactions and incur certain operating expenses in foreign currencies and expect to continue to do so, we do not anticipate that foreign exchange gains or losses will be significant, in part because of our foreign exchange risk management process discussed below.

Foreign Exchange Forward Contracts

We record all derivatives on the balance sheet at fair value. From time to time, we enter into foreign exchange forward contracts to mitigate the effect of gains and losses generated by the foreign currency forecast transactions related to certain operating expenses and re-measurement of certain assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies. Changes in the fair value of these foreign exchange forward contracts are offset largely by re-measurement of the underlying foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities. As of September 30, 2021 and 2020, foreign exchange forward contracts not designated as hedging instruments, had a notional amount of \$22.6 million and \$7.5 million, respectively. These contracts have maturities of less than 40 days. Changes in the fair value of derivatives are recognized in earnings as Other income (expense), net. As of September 30, 2021, we had forward foreign currency contracts designated as hedging instruments had a notional amount of \$11.3 million. These contracts have maturities of less than twelve months. Gains and losses arising from these contracts designated as hedging instruments are recorded as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss). As of September 30, 2021, these contracts had unrealized losses of \$0.4 million which are recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) with the associated liabilities in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. There were no foreign exchange forward currency contracts that were designated as hedging instruments at September 30, 2020.

Foreign currency transaction gains and losses from operations was a gain of \$0.3 million and a loss of \$1.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Disclosure controls and procedures are controls and other procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, such as this Report, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms and to ensure that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including the Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and the Chief Financial Officer ("CFO"), as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our CEO and CFO, we evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this Report. Based on this evaluation, our CEO and CFO concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the period covered by this Report.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a - 15(f) and 15d - 15(f) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended) during the three months ended September 30, 2021 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Inherent Limitations on Effectiveness of Controls

Our management, including the CEO and CFO, does not expect that our disclosure controls or our internal control over financial reporting will prevent or detect all error and all fraud. A control system, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the control system's objectives will be met. Our controls and procedures are designed to provide reasonable assurance that our control system's objective will be met, and our CEO and CFO have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective at the reasonable assurance level. The design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Further, because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that misstatements due to error or fraud will not occur or that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within Extreme Networks have been detected. These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision-making can be faulty and that breakdowns can occur because of simple error or mistake. Controls can also be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more people, or by management override of the controls. The design of any system of controls is based in part on certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events. Projections of any evaluation of the effectiveness of controls in future periods are subject to risks. Over time, controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or deterioration in the degree of compliance with policies or procedures. Notwithstanding these limitations, our disclosure controls and procedures are designed to provide reasonable assurance of achieving their objectives. Our CEO and CFO have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are, in fact, effective at the "reasonable assurance" level.

PART II. Other Information

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

For information regarding litigation matters required by this item, refer to Part I, Item 3, "*Legal Proceedings*" of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, and Note 9 to the notes to condensed consolidated financial statements, included in Part I, Item 1 of this Report which are incorporated herein by reference.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

Our operations and financial results are subject to various risks and uncertainties, including those described in Part I, Item 1A, "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2021, which could adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations, cash flows, and the trading price of our common stock. There have been no material changes to our risk factors since our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2021.

- Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds Not Applicable
- Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities Not Applicable
- Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures Not Applicable
- Item 5. Other Information Not Applicable

Item 6. Exhibits

(a) Exhibits:

F 100		In	T. 1		
Exhibit Number	Description of Document	Form	Filing Date	Number	Filed Herewith
2.1†	Put Option Agreement, dated August 6, 2021 relating to the acquisition of Ipanematech SAS.	10-K	August 27, 2021	2.9	
31.1	Section 302 Certification of Chief Executive Officer.				X
31.2	Section 302 Certification of Chief Financial Officer.				X
32.1*	Section 906 Certification of Chief Executive Officer.				X
32.2*	Section 906 Certification of Chief Financial Officer.				X
101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document – the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document.				X
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.				X
101.CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.				X
101.DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.				X
101.LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document.				X
101.PRE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.				X
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within the Inline XBRL document).				

^{*} Furnished herewith. Exhibits 32.1 and 32.2 are being furnished and shall not be deemed to be "filed" for purposes of section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), or otherwise subject to the liability of that section, nor shall such exhibits be deemed to be incorporated by reference in any registration statement or other document filed under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Exchange Act, except as otherwise specifically stated in such filing.

[†] This filing excludes schedules and exhibits pursuant to Item 601(b)(2) of Regulation S-K, which the registrant agrees to furnish supplementally to the SEC upon request by the SEC.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

EXTREME NETWORKS, INC.

(Registrant)

/s/ REMI THOMAS

Remi Thomas
Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Accounting Officer)

November 5, 2021

SECTION 302 CERTIFICATION OF EDWARD B. MEYERCORD III AS CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

I, Edward B. Meyercord III, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Form 10-Q of Extreme Networks, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's Board of Directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date:November 5, 2021

/s/ EDWARD B. MEYERCORD III

Edward B. Meyercord III President and Chief Executive Officer

SECTION 302 CERTIFICATION OF REMI THOMAS AS CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

I, Remi Thomas, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Form 10-Q of Extreme Networks, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's Board of Directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 5, 2021 /s/ REMI THOMAS

Remi Thomas Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer (Principal Accounting Officer)

CERTIFICATION OF EDWARD B. MEYERCORD III AS CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER, PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Extreme Networks, Inc. on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2021, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), the undersigned, in the capacities and on the date specified below, hereby certifies pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m or 78o(d)); and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: November 5, 2021 /s/ EDWARD B. MEYERCORD III

Edward B. Meyercord III President and Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION OF REMI THOMAS AS CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER, PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Extreme Networks, Inc. on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2021, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), the undersigned, in the capacities and on the date specified below, hereby certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m or 78o(d)); and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: November 5, 2021 /s/ REMI THOMAS

Remi Thomas Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer (Principal Accounting Officer)