UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-Q

(Mark One) X QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
- ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` `
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the quarter ended October 1, 2000 OR
_ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the transition period from to
Commission file number 000-25711
EXTREME NETWORKS, INC. (Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)
DELAWARE 77-0430270
[State or other jurisdiction [I.R.S. Employer Identification No.] of incorporation or organization]
3585 Monroe Street Santa Clara, California 95051
dress of principal executive offices] [Zip Code]
Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (408) 579-2800

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

[Add

Yes X No

-

The number of shares of the Registrant's Common Stock, \$.001 par value, outstanding at November 1, 2000 was 107,609,207

EXTREME NETWORKS, INC. FORM 10-Q QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED OCTOBER 1, 2000

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EXTREME NETWORKS, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (In thousands)

	September 30, 2000	June 30, 2000
	(Unaudited)	(Note 1)
Assets		
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Short-term investments Accounts receivable, net Inventories Other current assets	\$ 63,506 49,593 74,186 59,228 31,993	\$116,721 66,640 60,996 23,801 34,326
Total current assets Property and equipment, net Restricted investments Investments Goodwill and purchased intangibles Other assets	278,506 37,585 80,000 73,165 43,704 15,951	302,484 26,750 80,000 44,144 49,782 12,770
	\$528,911 ========	\$515,930 ======
Liabilities and stockholders' equity Current liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued compensation Leasehold improvements allowance Deferred revenue Other accrued liabilities Income tax liability Total current liabilities	\$ 33,062 10,276 8,250 26,134 12,424	\$ 39,023 11,041 8,424 22,042 12,935 3,138
Long term deposit Commitments (Note 4) Stockholders' equity: Common stock Additional paid-in capital Deferred stock compensation Accumulated other comprehensive loss Retained earnings (accumulated deficit) Total stockholders' equity	90,146 306 107 437,373 (57) (68) 1,104 438,459	106 423,044 (78) (623) (3,428) 419,021
	\$528,911 =======	\$515,930 ======

See accompanying notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

EXTREME NETWORKS, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (In thousands, except per share amounts) (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended	
	September 30, 2000	September 30, 1999
Net revenue	\$ 119,342	\$ 47,218
Cost of revenue	58,090	22,617
Gross profit	61,252	24,601
Operating expenses: Research and development Sales and marketing General and administrative Amortization of goodwill and purchased intangibles	11,743 35,115 4,279 6,850	6,899 11,080 2,533
Total operating expenses	57,987	20,512
Operating income Interest and other income, net	3,265 3,709	4,089 1,692
Income before income taxes	6,974	5,781
Provision for income taxes	2,441	1,734
Net income	\$ 4,533 =======	\$ 4,047 ======
* Basic net income per share	\$ 0.04	\$ 0.04
* Diluted net income per share	======================================	\$ 0.04 ========
* Weighted average shares outstanding used in computing basic net income per share	105,990 ======	94,052
* Weighted average shares outstanding used in computing diluted net income per share	118,892 =======	107,166

See accompanying notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

 $^{^{\}star}$ Share and per-share data presented reflect the two-for-one stock split effective August 24, 2000

EXTREME NETWORKS, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (In thousands) (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended	
	September 30, 2000	September 30, 1999
Operating activities:		
Net income	\$ 4,533	\$ 4,047
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, , , ,
(used for) operating activities:		
Depreciation	2,984	1,677
Amortization	6,955	-
Amortization of deferred stock compensation	21	35
Loss on equity investments	750	-
Compensation expense for options granted to consultants Changes in assets and liabilities:	210	-
Accounts receivable	(13,190)	(1,594)
Inventories	(35,427)	(2,135)
Other current and noncurrent assets	525	(1,397)
Accounts payable	(5,961)	(251)
Accrued compensation	(765)	(286)
Leasehold improvements allowance	(174)	<u>-</u>
Deferred revenue	4,092	4,097
Other accrued liabilities	(511)	1,633
Income taxes payable	2,530	1,641
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	(33,428)	7,467
Investing activities:		
Capital expenditures	(13,819)	(5,221)
Purchases and maturities of investments, net	(11,418)	(1,205)
Minority investments	(3,000)	-
Net cash used for investing activities	(28,237)	(6,426)
· ·		
Financing activities:		
Proceeds from issuance of common stock	8,450	1,623
Principal payments of capital lease obligations	-	(150)
Net cash provided by financing activities	8,450	1,473
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(53, 215)	2,514
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	116,721	107,143
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 63,506	\$ 109,657
•	==========	==========

See accompanying notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

EXTREME NETWORKS, INC. NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared by Extreme Networks, Inc., pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and include the accounts of Extreme Networks, Inc. and its wholly-owned subsidiaries ("Extreme" or collectively, the "Company"). Certain information and footnote disclosures, normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations. In the opinion of the Company, the unaudited financial statements reflect all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments, necessary for a fair presentation of the financial position at September 30, 2000 and the operating results and cash flows for the three months ended September 30, 2000 and September 30, 1999. The condensed balance sheet at June 30, 2000 has been derived from audited financial statements as of that date. These financial statements and notes should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto for the year ended June 30, 2000, included in the Company's Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

The results of operations for the three months ended September 30, 2000 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the future quarters or the fiscal year ending June 30, 2001. Certain items previously reported in specific financial statement captions have been reclassified to conform to the 2001 presentation. Such reclassifications have not impacted previously reported operating income (loss).

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Nature of Operations

Extreme Networks, Inc. ("Extreme" or the "Company") was incorporated in California on May 8, 1996 and was reincorporated in Delaware on March 31, 1999. Extreme is a leading provider of high-performance, broadband networking solutions designed for the Internet economy.

Fiscal Year

Effective July 1, 1999, Extreme changed its fiscal year from June 30th to a 52/53-week fiscal accounting year. The September 30, 2000 quarter closed on October 1, 2000 and comprised 13 weeks of revenue and expense activity.

Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Extreme and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. All significant inter-company balances and transactions have been eliminated. Investments in which management intends to maintain more than a temporary 20% to 50% interest, or otherwise has the ability to exercise significant influence, are accounted for under the equity method. Investments in which we have less than a 20% interest and/or do not have the ability to exercise significant influence are carried at the lower of cost or estimated realizable value.

Assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated to U.S. dollars at current rates of exchange, and revenues and expenses are translated using weighted average rates. Foreign currency transaction gains and losses have not been material. Gains and losses from foreign currency translation are included as a separate component of other comprehensive income (loss).

Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates are used for, but not limited to, the accounting for doubtful accounts, inventory reserves, depreciation and amortization, sales returns, warranty costs and income taxes. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Cash Equivalents and Short-Term Investments

Extreme considers cash and all highly liquid investment securities purchased with an original or remaining maturity of less than three months at date of purchase to be cash equivalents Extreme's investments comprise U.S., state and municipal government obligations and corporate securities. Investments with maturities of less than one year are considered short term and investments with maturities greater than one year are considered long term.

To date, all marketable securities have been classified as available-for-sale and are carried at fair value, with unrealized gains and losses, when material, reported net-of-tax as a separate component of other comprehensive income. Realized gains and losses on available-for-sale securities are included in interest income. The cost of securities sold is based on specific identification. Premiums and discounts are amortized over the period from acquisition to maturity and are included in investment income, along with interest and dividends.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The carrying amounts of certain of Extreme's financial instruments, including cash and equivalents, approximate fair value because of their short maturities. The fair values of investments are determined using quoted market prices for those securities or similar financial instruments.

Transfer of Financial Assets

The Company from time to time transfers specifically identified accounts receivable balances from customers to financing institutions, on a non-recourse basis. The Company records such transfers as sales of the related accounts receivable when it is considered to have surrendered control of such receivables under the provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 125, "Accounting for Transfers and Servicing of Financial Assets and Extinguishments of Liabilities." The impact of the above transaction reduced receivables and increased cash flows from operating activities in the consolidated statements of cash flows.

Inventories

Inventories consist of raw materials and finished goods and are stated at the lower of cost or market (on a first-in, first-out basis).

Inventories consist of:

	September 30, 2000	June 30, 2000
Raw materials Finished goods	\$ 24,561 34,667	\$ 9,501 14,300
Total	\$ 59,228 ===================================	\$ 23,801 ========

Restricted Investments

Extreme restricted \$80.0 million of its investment securities as collateral for specified obligations of the lessee under an operating lease for its campus facility. These investment securities are restricted as to withdrawal and are managed by a third party subject to certain limitations under the Company's investment policy.

Concentration of Credit Risk, Product and Significant Customers

Financial instruments that potentially subject Extreme to concentration of credit risk consist principally of marketable investments and accounts receivable. Extreme has placed its investments with high-credit quality issuers. Extreme will not invest an amount exceeding 10% of the corporation's combined cash, cash equivalent, short-term and long-term investments, in the securities of any one obligor or maker, except for obligations of the United States, obligations of United States agencies and money market accounts. Extreme performs ongoing credit evaluations of its customers and generally does not require collateral. To date, credit losses have been insignificant and within management's expectations. Extreme operates solely within one business segment, the development and marketing of switching solutions for the Internet economy. Significant customer concentration is summarized below. No other customer accounts for more than 10% of Extreme's net revenues.

	Three Months Ended		
Customer	September 30, 2000	September 30, 1999	
Tech Data Corporation Compaq Hitachi Cable	13% - -	- 23% 11%	

Goodwill and Purchased Intangible Assets

We record goodwill when the cost of net assets we acquire exceeds their fair value. Goodwill is amortized on a straight-line basis over lives ranging from 2 to 4 years. The cost of identified intangibles is generally amortized on a straight-line basis over periods ranging from 2 to 4 years. We regularly perform reviews to determine if the carrying value of assets is impaired. The reviews look for the existence of facts or circumstances, either internal or external, which indicate that the carrying value of the asset cannot be recovered. No such impairment has been indicated to date. If, in the future, management determines the existence of impairment indicators, we would use undiscounted cash flows to initially determine whether impairment should be recognized. If necessary, we would perform a subsequent calculation to measure the amount of the impairment loss based on the excess of the carrying value over the fair value of the impaired assets. If quoted market prices for the assets are not available, the fair value would be calculated using the present value of estimated expected future cash flows. The cash flow calculations would be based on management's best estimates, using appropriate assumptions and projections at the time

The total purchase price of the goodwill and purchased intangible assets was allocated based on an independent appraisal obtained by the Company, to the tangible and intangible assets acquired based on their respective fair values on the date of acquisition as follows (in thousands):

Customer list	\$ 4,169
Acquired workforce	4,615
Goodwill	48,927
Amortization of goodwill and purchased intangibles assets	(14,007)
	======
	\$ 43,704
	=======

Revenue Recognition

Extreme generally recognizes product revenue at the time of shipment, unless Extreme has future obligations such as installation or has to obtain customer acceptance. When significant obligations remain after products are delivered, revenue is only recognized after such obligations are fulfilled.

Amounts billed in excess of revenue recognized are included as deferred revenue in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. Extreme has established a program which, under specified conditions, enables third party resellers to return products to us. The amount of potential product returns is estimated and provided for in the period of the sale. Revenue from service obligations is recognized ratably over the term of the contract period, which

is typically 12 months. Extreme makes certain sales to partners in two-tier distribution channels. These customers are generally given privileges to return a portion of inventory and participate in various cooperative marketing programs. Extreme defers recognition of revenue on such sales until the product is sold by the distributors and also maintains appropriate accruals and allowances for all other programs.

Upon shipment of products to its customers, Extreme provides for the estimated cost to repair or replace products that may be returned under warranty. Extreme's warranty period is typically 12 months from the date of shipment to the end user.

Advertising

We expense advertising costs as incurred. Advertising expenses for the quarter ended September 30, 2000 and September 30, 1999 were approximately \$0.4 million and \$0.6 million, respectively.

Foreign Operations

Extreme's foreign offices consist of sales, marketing and support activities through its foreign subsidiaries and overseas resellers and distributors. Operating income (loss) generated by Extreme's operating foreign subsidiaries and their corresponding identifiable assets were not material in any period presented.

Extreme's export sales represented 51% and 42% of net revenue in the three months ended September 30, 2000 and September 30, 1999, respectively. All of the export sales to date have been denominated in U.S. dollars and were derived from sales to Europe and Asia.

Net Income Per Share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing net income by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period, less shares subject to repurchase, and excludes any dilutive effects of options, warrants, and convertible securities. Dilutive earnings per common share is calculated by dividing net income by the weighted average number of common shares used in the basic earnings per common share calculation plus the dilutive effect of options and warrants.

The following table presents the calculation of basic and diluted net income per share (unaudited in thousands, except per share data):

	September 30,	
	2000	1999
	(Unaud:	ited)
Net income	\$ 4,533 ======	\$ 4,047 ======
Weighted-average shares of common stock outstanding Less: Weighted-average shares subject to repurchase	107,151 (1,161)	98,770 (4,718)
Weighted-average shares used in computing basic net income per share	105,990 ======	94,052 ======
Incremental shares using the treasury stock method Weighted-average shares used in computing diluted	12,902	13,114
net income per share	118,892 ======	107,166 ======
Basic net income per share	\$ 0.04 ======	\$ 0.04 ======
Diluted net income per share	\$ 0.04 ======	\$ 0.04 ======

Three Months Ended

Share and per-share data presented reflect the two-for-one stock split effective to stockholders of record on August 10, 2000.

Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation

Extreme's grants of stock options are for a fixed number of shares to employees with an exercise price equal to the fair value of the shares at the date of grant. As permitted under SFAS Statement No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation" ("FAS 123"), Extreme accounts for stock option grants to employees and directors in accordance with APB Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees" ("APB 25") and, accordingly, recognizes no compensation expense for stock option grants with an exercise price equal to the fair value of the shares at the date of grant.

Recently Issued Accounting Standards

In June 1998, the FASB issued SFAS No. 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities" ("FAS 133"). FAS 133 establishes methods of accounting for derivative financial instruments and hedging activities related to those instruments as well as other hedging activities. In June 1999, the FASB issued SFAS No. 137, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities - Deferral of the Effective Date of FASB Statement No. 133", which extended the deferral of the application of FAS 133 to all fiscal quarters of fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2000. In June 15, 2000 the FASB also "Accounting for Certain Derivative Instruments and Certain issued FAS 138, Hedging Activities) an Amendment to FASB Statement No. 133". FAS 138 amends the accounting and reporting standards of Statement 133 for certain derivative instruments and certain hedging activities. The Company will be required to adopt these pronouncements for the year ending June 30, 2001. Extreme enters into foreign exchange forward contracts to offset the impact of currency fluctuations on certain nonfunctional currency liabilities, denominated in Japanese Yen, the Euro and British pound. The foreign exchange forward contracts we enter into have original maturities ranging from one to three months. We do not enter into foreign exchange forward contracts for trading purposes. We do not expect gains or losses on these contracts to have a material impact on our financial results (see Note 4 to the Consolidated Financial Statements). We did not hold any forward contracts at September 30, 2000.

In December 1999, the Staff of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") issued Staff Accounting Bulletin ("SAB") No.101, "Revenue Recognition in Financial Statements", which provides guidance on the recognition, presentation and disclosure of revenue in financial statements. The implementation of SAB 101 has recently been deferred to no later than the fourth fiscal quarter of fiscal years beginning after December 15, 1999. Extreme is presently evaluating the potential impact of the adoption of SAB 101.

In March 2000, the FASB issued Financial Accounting Standards Board Interpretation No. 44, "Accounting for Certain Transactions involving Stock Compensation - an interpretation of APB Opinion No. 25" (Interpretation No. 44). Interpretation No. 44 is effective July 1, 2000. The interpretation clarifies the application of APB Opinion No. 25 for certain issues, specifically, (a) the definition of an employee, (b) the criteria for determining whether a plan qualifies as a noncompensatory plan, (c) the accounting consequence of various modifications to the terms of a previously fixed stock option or award, and (d) the accounting for an exchange or stock compensation awards in a business combination. We do not anticipate that the adoption of Interpretation No. 44 will have a material impact on our financial position or the results of our operations.

3. BUSINESS COMBINATIONS AND INVESTMENTS

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000, Extreme acquired certain assets of a Company for a total cost of approximately \$2.5 million of which \$1.5 million has been paid as of September 30, 2000. During the quarter ended September 30, 2000, Extreme acquired certain assets of a Company for a total cost of \$0.9 million. Extreme accounts for these acquisitions using the purchase method of accounting, and incurs charges of approximately \$212,000 per quarter related to the amortization of goodwill over the estimated useful life of four years. The entire purchase prices were allocated to goodwill and purchased intangibles.

In April 2000, Extreme issued fully earned, non-forfeitable, fully exercisable warrants with a two year life to purchase 3 million shares of Extreme's common stock with an exercise price of \$39.50 per share to a networking company in consideration of the networking company's selection of Extreme as the preferred vendor of next generation core backbone switching products to a certain group of the networking company's customers. The fair value of the warrants was approximately \$54.3 million. The warrants were valued under a Black-Scholes model, using a volatility assumption of 1.04% and a two-year term. The value of the warrants is being amortized over approximately two years, which is the estimated economic life of the acquired intangibles, comprising of customer list, workforce and goodwill.

Extreme has made several additional investments totaling \$9.9 million, which are reflected in "Other assets" in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. Two investments were made in entities in which a related party of Extreme is also a significant investor. These investments totaled \$2.7 million, net of Extreme's share of these affiliates' losses of \$1.0 million. As these investments are being accounted for under the equity-method, the revenue and operating costs of these entities have not been included in Extreme's results from operations, however Extreme's share of these affiliates' losses have been included in other expense from the closing date of the related transactions forward. Pursuant to the terms of these two agreements, Extreme has certain rights to acquire the remaining shares of these entities under certain conditions for additional consideration. Under the terms of one of these equity investments, Extreme has been granted the right at any time prior to December 31, 2000 to purchase all of the outstanding capital stock and options for shares of Extreme common stock. Upon the attainment of certain technological milestones, the terms of one investment will obligate Extreme to purchase all the outstanding capital stock in fiscal 2001, payable in any combination of cash or shares of Extreme common stock. At September 30, 2000 the possibility of attainment of any of the technical milestones was remote. The remaining \$7.2 million of investments at September 30, 2000 are being accounted for under the cost method. We expect to continue to make additional investments in the future.

4. COMMITMENTS

In June 2000, we entered into an operating lease agreement to lease 275,000 square feet to house our primary facility in Santa Clara, California. Our lease payments will vary based on the LIBOR plus a spread which was 7.08% at September 30, 2000. Our lease payments are estimated to be approximately \$5.7 million on an annual basis over the lease term. The lease is for five years and can be renewed for two five-year periods, subject to the approval of the lessor. At the expiration or termination of the lease, we have the option to either purchase the property for \$80.0 million, or arrange for the sale of the property to a third party for at least \$80.0 million with a contingent liability for any deficiency. If the property is not purchased or sold as described above, we will be obligated for an additional lease payment of approximately \$68.0 million.

As part of the above lease transaction, Extreme restricted \$80.0 million of its investment securities as collateral for specified obligations as the lessee under an operating lease for its campus facility. These investment securities are restricted as to withdrawal and are managed by a third party subject to certain limitations under Extreme's investment policy. The lease also requires us to maintain specified financial covenants with which we were in compliance as of September 30, 2000.

Foreign Exchange Forward Contracts

While sales of the Company's products are generally denominated in U.S. dollars, operating expenses of the Company's international subsidiaries are remitted in foreign currency. As such, it is exposed to adverse movements in foreign currency exchange rates. The Company enters into foreign exchange forward contracts to reduce the impact of certain currency exposures. These contracts hedge exposures associated with nonfunctional currency liabilities denominated in Japanese Yen, the Euro and British pound. The Company does not enter into foreign exchange forward contracts for trading purposes. Gains and losses on the contracts are included in interest and other income, net, and offset foreign exchange gains or losses from the revaluation of intercompany balances or other current assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the reporting entity. The Company's foreign exchange forward contracts generally range from one to three months in original maturity.

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5. INCOME TAXES

The Company has recorded a tax provision of \$2.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2000. The provision for income taxes consists primarily of federal taxes and state income taxes.

6. COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

The following are the components of accumulated other comprehensive loss, net of tax (in thousands):

	September 30, 2000	June 30, 2000
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments Foreign currency translation adjustments	\$ 13 (81)	\$(615) (8)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	\$(68) ====	\$(623) =====

The following schedule of other comprehensive income shows the gross current-period gain (loss) and the reclassification adjustment (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended	
	September 30, 2000 Septem	nber 30, 1999
	(Unaudited)	
Net income Other comprehensive income:	\$4,533	\$4,047
Change in unrealized gain on investments, net Change in accumulated translation adjustments	628 (73)	(17) 27
Total comprehensive income	\$5,088 =====	\$4,057 =====

7. STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY AND STOCK SPLIT

On July 19, 2000 Extreme announced a two-for-one stock split in the form of a stock dividend paid on August 24, 2000 to stockholders of record on August 10, 2000. All share and per share data have been restated to give retroactive effect to this stock split.

Part I. Financial Information Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

When used in this discussion and elsewhere in this Form 10-Q, the words "may," "should," "believes," "expects," "anticipates," "estimates" and similar expressions identify forward-looking statements. Such statements, which include statements concerning recent hiring, operating expenses, ability to compete, anticipated growth, planned expansion of sales and support staff, introduction of new products, working capital, the availability and functionality of products under development, product mix, pricing trends, the mix of export sales, sales to significant customers and the availability and cost of products from the Company's suppliers, are subject to risks and uncertainties, including those set forth below under "Factors That May Affect Our Results." Our actual results could differ materially from those projected in these forward-looking statements which could have a material adverse effect on our business, operating results and financial condition. These forward-looking statements speak only as of the date hereof and there may be events in the future that would alter our expectations but which we are not able to predict accurately or over which we have no control.

The following information should be read in conjunction with the "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000.

From our inception in May 1996 through September 1997, our operating activities related primarily to developing a research and development organization, testing prototype designs, building an ASIC design infrastructure, commencing the staffing of our marketing, sales and field service and technical support organizations, and establishing relationships with resellers and OEMs. We commenced volume shipments of our Summit1 and Summit2, the initial products in our Summit stackable product family, in October 1997, and we began shipping our BlackDiamond modular product family in September 1998. We introduced our new Alpine product family in fiscal 2000 which is based on a new generation chip set. In addition, we also introduced new products within our existing product lines that incorporate this new chip set.

Our revenue is derived from sales of our Summit, BlackDiamond and Alpine product families and fees for services relating to our products, including maintenance and training. The level of sales to any customer may vary from period to period; however, we expect that significant customer concentration will continue for the foreseeable future. See "Factors That May Affect Our Results--If a Key Reseller, OEM or Other Significant Customer Cancels or Delays a Large Purchase, Extreme's Revenues May Decline and the Price of Its Stock May Fall." Significant customer concentration as a percentage of net revenue is summarized below:

Three Months Ended
-----September 30, 2000 September 30, 1999

Tech Data Corporation Compaq Hitachi Cable

Customer

13% -- 23% - 11%

We market and sell our products primarily through resellers, distributors and, to a lesser extent, OEMs and our field sales organization. We sell our products through more than 250 resellers in approximately 50 countries. For the three months ended September 30, 2000, sales to customers outside of North America accounted for approximately 51% of our net revenue. Currently, all of our international sales are denominated in U.S. dollars. We generally recognize product revenue at the time of shipment, unless we have future obligations for installation or have to obtain customer acceptance, in which case revenue is deferred until such obligations have been satisfied. We have established a program which, under specified conditions, enables third party resellers to return products to us. The amount of potential product returns is estimated and provided for in the period of the sale. Service revenue is recognized ratably over the term of the contract period, which is typically 12 months.

We expect to experience some erosion of average selling prices of our products due to a number of factors, including competitive pricing pressures, promotional pricing and rapid technological change. Our gross margins will be affected by such declines and by fluctuations in manufacturing volumes, component costs and the mix of product configurations sold. In addition, our gross margins may fluctuate due to the mix of distribution channels through which our products are sold, including the potential effects of our development of a two-tier distribution channel. We generally realize higher gross margins on sales to resellers than on sales through our OEMs. Any significant decline in sales to our OEMs, resellers or distributors, or the loss of any of our OEMs, resellers or distributors could materially adversely affect our business, operating results and financial condition. In addition, new product introductions may result in excess or obsolete inventories. Any excess or obsolete inventories may also reduce our gross margins.

We outsource the majority of our manufacturing and supply chain management operations, and we conduct quality assurance, manufacturing engineering, documentation control and repairs at our facility in Santa Clara, California. Accordingly, a significant portion of our cost of revenue consists of payments to our contract manufacturers, Flextronics, MCMS and Solectron. We expect to realize lower per unit product costs as a result of volume efficiencies. However, we cannot assure you when or if such price reductions will occur. The failure to obtain such price reductions could materially adversely affect our gross margins and operating results.

Research and development expenses consist principally of salaries and related personnel expenses, consultant fees and prototype expenses related to the design, development, testing and enhancement of our products. We expense all research and development expenses as incurred. We believe that continued investment in research and development is critical to attaining our strategic objectives and, as a result, we expect these expenses to increase in absolute dollars in the future.

Sales and marketing expenses consist of salaries, commissions and related expenses for personnel engaged in marketing, sales and field service support functions, as well as trade shows and promotional expenses. We intend to pursue sales and marketing campaigns aggressively and therefore expect these expenses to increase significantly in absolute dollars in the future. In addition, we recently hired approximately 200 sales and marketing personnel and expect to continue to expand our field sales operations to support and develop leads for our resellers and distributors, which will also result in an increase in sales and marketing expenses.

General and administrative expenses consist primarily of salaries and related expenses for executive, finance and administrative personnel, professional fees and other general corporate expenses. We expect general and administrative expenses to increase in absolute dollars as we add personnel, increase spending on our information systems and incur additional costs related to the growth of our business and operation as a public company.

Despite growing revenues in all fiscal quarters since our inception, fiscal 2000 was the first year we achieved profitability in each of the four quarters. Our net income has not increased proportionately with the increase in our revenue primarily because of increased expenses relating to our growth in operations and in particular the recent accelerated hiring of sales and marketing personnel. Because of the lengthy sales cycle of our products, there is often a significant delay between the time we incur expenses and the time we realize the related revenue. See "Factors That May Affect Our Results--The Sales Cycle for Extreme's Products is Long and Extreme May Incur Substantial Non-Recoverable Expenses or Devote Significant Resources to Sales that Do Not Occur When Anticipated." To the extent that future revenues do not increase significantly in the same periods in which operating expenses increase, our operating results would be adversely affected. See "Factors That May Affect Our Results --A Number of Factors Could Cause Extreme's Quarterly Financial Results to Be Worse Than Expected, Resulting in a Decline in Its Stock Price."

Due to the Company's issuance of warrants to a networking company as discussed in Note 3, future operating income will be reduced by approximately \$7.0 million per quarter for each of the remaining quarters in fiscal 2001 and for three of the four fiscal quarters in fiscal 2002.

Results of Operations

The following table sets forth for the periods indicated certain financial data as a percentage of net revenue:

	Three Months Ended	
	September, 2000	September, 1999
Net revenue	100.0%	100.0%
Cost of revenue	48.7	47.9
Gross profit	51.3	52.1
Operating expenses:		
Research and development	9.8	14.6
Sales and marketing	29.5	23.4
General and administrative	3.6	5.4
Amortization of goodwill and purchased intangibles	5.7	-
Total operating expenses	48.6	43.4
Operating income (loss)	2.7	8.7
Interest and other income, net	3.1	3.6
Income (loss) before income taxes	5.8	12.3

Net income (loss)

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Net revenue. Net revenue increased from \$47.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 1999 to \$119.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2000, an increase of \$72.1 million. Net revenue increased primarily from increased sales of our Summit stackable products, BlackDiamond modular product family and our Alpine product family, the market's growing acceptance of Extreme's existing and new product offerings, and a significant increase in our sales and marketing organizations.

Export sales accounted for 51% and 42% of net revenue in the three months ended September 30, 2000 and 1999, respectively. We expect that export sales will continue to represent a significant portion of net revenue, although we cannot assure you that export sales as a percentage of net revenue will remain at current levels. All sales transactions are denominated in U.S. dollars.

Gross profit. Gross profit increased from \$24.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 1999 to \$61.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2000, an increase of \$36.7 million, primarily due to the related increase in revenue. Gross margins decreased from 52.1% for the three months ended September 30, 1999 to 51.3% for the three months ended September 30, 2000. The changes in gross margin were due to a shift in mix of products sold, a shift in our channel mix and lower average selling prices due primarily to increased competition.

Research and development expenses. Research and development expenses increased from \$6.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 1999 to \$11.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2000, an increase of \$4.8 million. The increase was primarily due to increases in headcount to support the Company's multiple product development efforts, nonrecurring engineering and initial product verification expenses.

Sales and marketing expenses. Sales and marketing expenses increased from \$11.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 1999 to \$35.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2000, an increase of \$24.0 million. This increase was primarily due to the hiring of additional sales, marketing and customer support personnel, increased sales commission expenses resulting from increased revenues, increased promotional expenses, and the establishment of new sales offices.

General and administrative expenses. General and administrative expenses increased from \$2.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 1999 to \$4.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2000, an increase of \$1.8 million. This increase was due primarily to the hiring of additional finance, information technology and legal and administrative personnel and increased professional fees and occupancy costs.

Amortization of Goodwill and Purchased Intangibles. Amortization of goodwill and purchased intangibles was \$6.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2000. This amount was due to the Company's issuance of fully earned, non-forfeitable, fully exercisable warrants with a two year life to purchase 3 million shares of the Company's common stock with an exercise price of \$39.50 per share as discussed in Note 3 of notes to consolidated financial statements. Future operating income will be reduced by approximately \$7.0 million per quarter for each of the remaining quarters in fiscal 2001 and for three fiscal quarters in fiscal 2002.

Interest and other income, net. Interest and other income, net increased from \$1.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 1999 to \$3.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2000, an increase of \$2.0 million. The increase was due to increased interest income earned as a result of the increased amount of cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments, restricted investments and long-term investments from the net proceeds we received from our initial public offering in April 1999 and our secondary public offering in October 1999.

Income taxes. We recorded a tax provision of \$2.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2000. The provision for the three months ended September 30, 2000 results in an effective tax rate of 35% which

consists primarily of federal taxes, state income taxes and foreign taxes, offset by the recognition of deferred tax assets. FASB Statement No. 109 provides for the recognition of deferred tax assets if realization of such assets is more likely than not. We intend to evaluate the realizability of the deferred tax assets on a quarterly basis.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments, restricted investments and investments decreased from \$307.5 million at June 30, 2000 to \$266.3 million at September 30, 2000, a decrease of \$41.2 million. The decrease is primarily due to increases in accounts receivable and inventories and capital expenditures, partially offset by proceeds from issuance of common stock and net income. Accounts receivable increased 21.7% from June 30, 2000 to September 30, 2000. Days sales outstanding in receivables decreased from 59 days at June 30, 2000 to 56 days at September 30, 2000. Inventory levels increased 149% from June 30, 2000 to September 30, 2000. We expect that accounts receivable will continue to increase to the extent our revenues continue to rise. Inventory management remains an area of focus as we balance the need to maintain strategic inventory levels to ensure competitive lead times versus the risk of inventory obsolescence because of rapidly changing technology and customer requirements. Any such increase can be expected to reduce cash, cash equivalents, short-term investments and long-term investments.

In June 2000, we entered into an operating lease agreement to lease 275,000 square feet to house our primary facility in Santa Clara, California. Our lease payments will vary based on the LIBOR plus a spread, which was 7.08% at September 30, 2000. Our lease payments are estimated to be approximately \$5.7 million on an annual basis over the lease term. The lease is for five years and can be renewed for two five-year periods, subject to the approval of the lessor. At the expiration or termination of the lease, we have the option to either purchase the property for \$80.0 million, or arrange for the sale of the property to a third party for at least \$80.0 million with a contingent liability for any deficiency. If the property is not purchased or sold as described above, we will be obligated for an additional lease payment of approximately \$68.0 million.

As part of the above lease transaction, the Company restricted \$80.0 million of its investment securities as collateral for specified obligations of the lessee under an operating lease for its campus facility. These investment securities are restricted as to withdrawal and are managed by a third party subject to certain limitations under the Company's investment policy. The lease also requires us to maintain specified financial covenants with which we were in compliance as of September 30, 2000.

We require substantial capital to fund our business, particularly to finance inventories and accounts receivable and for capital expenditures. As a result, we could be required to raise substantial additional capital. To the extent that we raise additional capital through the sale of equity or convertible debt securities, the issuance of such securities could result in dilution to existing stockholders. If additional funds are raised through the issuance of debt securities, these securities may have rights, preferences and privileges senior to holders of common stock and the terms of such debt could impose restrictions on our operations. We cannot assure you that such additional capital, if required, will be available on acceptable terms, or at all. If we are unable to obtain such additional capital, we may be required to reduce the scope of our planned product development and marketing efforts, which would materially adversely affect our business, financial condition and operating results.

We believe that our current cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments, long-term investments and cash available from credit facilities and future operations will enable us to meet our working capital requirements for at least the next 12 months.

Factors That May Affect Our Results

Extreme Has a Limited History of Profitability and Cannot Assure You that it Will Continue to Achieve Profitability

Although our revenue has grown in recent quarters, we cannot be certain that we will realize sufficient revenue to achieve continued profitability on a fiscal year basis. Fiscal 2000 was the first year in which Extreme achieved

profitability in each of the four quarters. We anticipate continuing to incur significant sales and marketing, product development and general and administrative expenses and, as a result, we will need to generate significantly higher revenue to sustain profitability. In particular, our recent hiring of approximately 200 sales and marketing personnel has substantially increased expenses. We expect that the hiring of such personnel will allow us to increase sales, however, we can not assure you that this will occur and we cannot assure you that operating margins will not be adversely affected by this or other hiring. In addition, the amortization of purchased intangibles and goodwill is estimated to be approximately \$28.0 million and \$21.0 million in fiscal 2001 and 2002, respectively.

A Number of Factors Could Cause Extreme's Quarterly Financial Results to Be Worse Than Expected, Resulting in a Decline in Its Stock Price

We plan to significantly increase our operating expenses to expand our sales and marketing activities, broaden our customer support capabilities, develop new distribution channels, fund increased levels of research and development and build our operational infrastructure. We base our operating expenses on anticipated revenue trends and a high percentage of our expenses are fixed in the short term. As a result, any delay in generating or recognizing revenue could cause our quarterly operating results to be below the expectations of public market analysts or investors, which could cause the price of our common stock to fall.

We may experience a delay in generating or recognizing revenue because of a number of reasons. Orders at the beginning of each quarter typically do not equal expected revenue for that quarter and are generally cancelable at any time. Accordingly, we are dependent upon obtaining orders in a quarter for shipment in that quarter to achieve our revenue objectives. In addition, the timing of product releases, purchase orders and product availability could result in significant product shipments at the end of a quarter. Failure to ship these products by the end of a quarter may adversely affect our operating results. Furthermore, our customer agreements typically provide that the customer may delay scheduled delivery dates and cancel orders within specified time frames without significant penalty.

Our quarterly revenue and operating results have varied significantly in the past and may vary significantly in the future due to a number of factors, including:

- fluctuations in demand for our products and services, including seasonality, particularly in Asia and Europe;
- unexpected product returns or the cancellation or rescheduling of significant orders;
- our ability to develop, introduce, ship and support new products and product enhancements and manage product transitions;
- . announcements and new product introductions by our competitors;
- our ability to develop and support customer relationships with service providers and other potential large customers;
- . our ability to achieve required cost reductions;
- our ability to obtain sufficient supplies of sole or limited sourced components for our products;
- . unfavorable changes in the prices of the components we purchase;
- our ability to attain and maintain production volumes and quality levels for our products;
- . the mix of products sold and the mix of distribution channels through which they are sold;
- . costs relating to possible acquisitions and integration of technologies or businesses; and
- . the affect of amortization of goodwill and purchased intangibles resulting from existing or new transactions.

Due to the foregoing factors, we believe that period-to-period comparisons of our operating results should not be relied upon as an indicator of our future performance.

Intense Competition in the Market for Networking Equipment Could Prevent Extreme From Increasing Revenue and Prevent Extreme From Sustaining Profitability

The market for Internet switches is intensely competitive. Our principal competitors include Cabletron Systems, Cisco Systems, Foundry Networks, Lucent Technologies and Nortel Networks. Many of our current and potential competitors have longer operating histories and substantially greater financial, technical, sales, marketing and other resources, as well as greater name recognition and larger installed customer bases, than we do. These competitors may have developed, or could in the future, develop new technologies that compete with our products or even render our products obsolete.

To remain competitive, we believe we must, among other things, invest significant resources in developing new products and enhancing our current products and maintaining customer satisfaction. If we fail to do so, our products may not compete favorably with those of our competitors and our revenue and future profitability could be materially adversely affected.

Extreme Expects the Average Selling Prices of Its Products to Decrease Which May Reduce Gross Margins or Revenue

The network equipment industry has experienced rapid erosion of average selling prices due to a number of factors, including competitive pricing pressures and rapid technological change. We may experience substantial period-to-period fluctuations in future operating results due to the erosion of our average selling prices. We anticipate that the average selling prices of our products will decrease in the future in response to competitive pricing pressures, increased sales discounts, new product introductions by us or our competitors, including, for example, competitive products manufactured with low cost merchant silicon, or other factors. Therefore, to maintain our gross margins, we must develop and introduce on a timely basis new products and product enhancements and continually reduce our product costs. Our failure to do so would cause our revenue and gross margins to decline, which could materially adversely affect our operating results and cause the price of our common stock to decline.

Extreme's Market is Subject to Rapid Technological Change and to Compete, Extreme Must Continually Introduce New Products that Achieve Broad Market Acceptance

The network equipment market is characterized by rapid technological change, frequent new product introductions, changes in customer requirements and evolving industry standards. If we do not address these changes by regularly introducing new products, our product line will become obsolete. Developments in routers and routing software could also significantly reduce demand for our product. Alternative technologies could achieve widespread market acceptance and displace Ethernet technology on which our product lines and architecture are based. We cannot assure you that our technological approach will achieve broad market acceptance or that other technologies or devices will not supplant our approach.

When we announce new products or product enhancements that have the potential to replace or shorten the life cycle of our existing products, customers may defer purchasing our existing products. These actions could materially adversely affect our operating results by unexpectedly decreasing sales, increasing our inventory levels of older products and exposing us to greater risk of product obsolescence. The market for switching products is evolving and we believe our ability to compete successfully in this market is dependent upon the continued compatibility and interoperability of our products with products and architectures offered by other vendors. In particular, the networking industry has been characterized by the successive introduction of new technologies or standards that have dramatically reduced the price and increased the performance of switching equipment. To remain competitive we need to introduce products in a timely manner that incorporate or are compatible with these new technologies as they emerge. For example, last fiscal year we introduced a new generation chipset which was incorporated in a new product family which began shipping in the quarter ended March 31, 2000. We cannot assure you that these new products will be commercially successful. We have experienced delays in releasing new products and product enhancements in the past which delayed sales and resulted in lower quarterly revenue than anticipated. We may experience similar delays in product development and release in the future and any delay in product introduction could adversely affect our ability to compete and cause our operating results to be below our expectations or the expectations of public market analysts or investors.

Continued Rapid Growth Will Strain Extreme's Operations and Will Require Extreme to Incur Costs to Upgrade Its Infrastructure

We have experienced a period of rapid growth and expansion which has placed, and continues to place, a significant strain on our resources. Even if we manage this growth effectively, we may make mistakes in operating our business such as inaccurate sales forecasting, incorrect material planning or inaccurate financial reporting, which may result in unanticipated fluctuations in our operating results. Our net revenue increased significantly during the last fiscal year, and from September 30, 1999 to September 30, 2000, the number of our employees increased from 317 to 792. We expect our anticipated growth and expansion to strain our management, operational and financial resources. Our management team has had limited experience managing such rapidly growing companies on a public or private basis. To accommodate this anticipated growth, we will be required to:

- . improve existing and implement new operational, information and financial systems, procedures and controls;
- hire, train and manage additional qualified personnel, including sales, marketing personnel and research and development personnel; and
- . effectively manage multiple relationships with our customers, suppliers and other third parties.

We may not be able to install adequate control systems in an efficient and timely manner, and our current or planned personnel systems, procedures and controls may not be adequate to support our future operations. In August 1998, we installed a new management information system, which we may continue to modify and improve to meet the increasing needs associated with our growth. The difficulties associated with installing and implementing these new systems, procedures and controls may place a significant burden on our management and our internal resources. In addition, as we grow internationally, we will have to expand our worldwide operations and enhance our communications infrastructure. Any delay in the implementation of such new or enhanced systems, procedures or controls, or any disruption in the transition to such new or enhanced systems, procedures or controls, could adversely affect our ability to accurately forecast sales demand, manage our supply chain and record and report financial and management information on a timely and accurate basis.

Extreme Must Develop and Expand Its Indirect Distribution Channels to Increase Revenues and Improve Its Operating Results

Our distribution strategy focuses primarily on developing and expanding indirect distribution channels through resellers, distributors and, to a lesser extent, original equipment manufacturers, or OEMs, as well as expanding our field sales organization. If we fail to develop and cultivate relationships with significant resellers, or if these resellers are not successful in their sales efforts, sales of our products may decrease and our operating results would suffer. Many of our resellers also sell products that compete with our products. We are developing a two-tier distribution structure in Europe and the United States which has and will require us to enter into agreements with a small number of stocking distributors. We have entered into two-tier distribution agreements; however, we cannot assure you that we will continue to be able to enter into additional distribution agreements or that we will be able to successfully manage the transition of resellers to a two-tier distribution channel. Our failure to do so could limit our ability to grow or sustain revenue. In addition, our operating results will likely fluctuate significantly depending on the timing and amount of orders from our resellers. We cannot assure you that our resellers will market our products effectively or continue to devote the resources necessary to provide us with effective sales, marketing and technical support.

To support and develop leads for our indirect distribution channels and to expand our direct sales effort, to service providers and content providers, we plan to continue to expand our field sales and support staff significantly. We cannot assure you that this internal expansion will be successfully completed, that the cost of this expansion will not exceed the revenues generated or that our expanded sales and support staff will be able to compete successfully against the significantly more extensive and well-funded sales and marketing operations of many of our current or potential competitors. Our inability to effectively establish our distribution channels or manage the expansion of our sales and support staff would materially adversely affect our ability to grow and increase revenue.

Because Substantially All of Extreme's Revenue is Derived From Sales of Three Product Families, Extreme is Dependent on Widespread Market Acceptance of These Products; Future Performance will Depend on the Introduction and Acceptance of New Products

In the quarter ended September 30, 2000, we derived substantially all of our revenue from sales of our Summit, BlackDiamond and Alpine product families. We expect that revenue from these product families will account for a substantial portion of our revenue for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, widespread market acceptance of our product families is critical to our future success. Factors that may affect the market acceptance of our products include market acceptance of switching products, and Gigabit Ethernet and Layer 3 switching technologies in particular in the enterprise, service provider and metropolitan area network markets, the performance, price and total cost of ownership of our products, the availability and price of competing products and technologies, and the success and development of our resellers, distributors, OEMs and field sales channels. Many of these factors are beyond our control. Our future performance will also depend on the successful development, introduction and market acceptance of new and enhanced products that address customer requirements in a cost-effective manner. We have in the past experienced delays in product development and such delays may occur in the future. We introduced a new product family in fiscal 2000 which is based on a new generation chip set. In addition, we also introduced new products within our existing product lines that incorporate this new chip set. The introduction of new and enhanced products may cause our customers to defer or cancel orders for existing products. Therefore, to the extent customers defer or cancel orders in the expectation of any new product release, any delay in development or introduction could cause our operating results to suffer. Failure of our existing or future products to maintain and achieve widespread levels of market acceptance may significantly impair our revenue growth.

If a Key Reseller, Distributor, OEM or Other Significant Customer Cancels or Delays a Large Purchase, Extreme's Revenues May Decline and the Price of Its Stock May Fall

To date, a limited number of resellers, distributors, OEMs and other customers have accounted for a significant portion of our revenue. If any of our large customers stop or delay purchases, our revenue and profitability would be adversely affected. For example, in the quarter ended September 30, 2000, Tech Data Corporation accounted for 13% of our net revenue. Because our expense levels are based on our expectations as to future revenue and to a large extent are fixed in the short term, a substantial reduction or delay in sales of our products to, or the loss of any significant reseller, distributor, OEM or other customer, or unexpected returns from resellers could harm our business, operating results and financial condition. Although our largest customers may vary from period-to-period, we anticipate that our operating results for any given period will continue to depend to a significant extent on large orders from a small number of customers, particularly in light of the high sales price per unit of our products and the length of our sales cycles.

While our financial performance depends on large orders from a few key resellers, distributors, OEMs and other significant customers, we do not have binding commitments from any of them. For example:

- our service provider and enterprise network customers can stop purchasing and our resellers, distributors and OEMs can stop marketing our products at any time;
- . our reseller agreements generally are not exclusive and are for one year terms, with no obligation of the resellers to renew the agreements;
- our reseller agreements provide for discounts based on expected or actual volumes of products purchased or resold by the reseller in a given period;
- our reseller, distributor and OEM agreements generally do not require minimum purchases.

We have established a program which, under specified conditions, enables some third party resellers to return products to us. The amount of potential product returns is estimated and provided for in the period of the sale. Some of our OEM agreements also provide manufacturing rights and access to our source code upon the occurrence of specified conditions of default. If we were to default on these agreements, our OEMs could use our source code to develop and manufacture competing products, which would negatively affect our performance and ability to compete.

The Sales Cycle for Extreme's Products is Long and Extreme May Incur Substantial Non-Recoverable Expenses or Devote Significant Resources to Sales that Do Not Occur When Anticipated

The timing of our sales revenue is difficult to predict because of our reliance on indirect sales channels and the length and variability of our sales cycle. Our products have a relatively high sales price per unit, and often represent a significant and strategic decision by an enterprise regarding its communications infrastructure. Accordingly, the purchase of our products typically involves significant internal procedures associated with the evaluation, testing, implementation and acceptance of new technologies. This evaluation process frequently results in a lengthy sales process, typically ranging from three months to longer than a year, and subjects the sales cycle associated with the purchase of our products to a number of significant risks, including budgetary constraints and internal acceptance reviews. The length of our sales cycle also may vary substantially from customer to customer. While our customers are evaluating our products and before they may place an order with us, we may incur substantial sales and marketing expenses and expend significant management effort. Consequently, if sales forecasted from a specific customer for a particular quarter are not realized in that quarter, we may be unable to compensate for the shortfall, which could harm our operating results.

Extreme Purchases Several Key Components for Products From Single or Limited Sources and Could Lose Sales if These Sources Fail to Fill Its Needs

We currently purchase several key components used in the manufacture of our products from single or limited sources and are dependent upon supply from these sources to meet our needs. Certain components such as tantalum capacitors, SRAM and printed circuit boards have been and may in the future be in short supply. While we have been able to meet our needs to date, we have in the past and are likely in the future to encounter shortages and delays in obtaining these or other components and this could materially adversely affect our ability to meet customer orders. Our principal sole sourced components include:

- . ASICs;
- microprocessors;
- . programmable integrated circuits;
- . selected other integrated circuits;
- cables; and
- custom-tooled sheet metal.

Our principal limited sourced components include:

- flash memories;
- . dynamic and static random access memories, commonly known as DRAMs and SRAMs, respectively; and
- . printed circuit boards.

We use a rolling six-month forecast based on anticipated product orders to determine our material requirements. Lead times for materials and components we order vary significantly, and depend on factors such as the specific supplier, contract terms and demand for a component at a given time. If orders do not match forecasts, we may have excess or inadequate inventory of certain materials and components, which could materially adversely affect our operating results and financial condition. From time to time we have experienced shortages and allocations of certain components, resulting in delays in filling orders. In addition, during the development of our products we have experienced delays in the prototyping of our ASICs, which in turn has led to delays in product introductions.

Extreme Needs to Expand Its Manufacturing Operations and Depends on Contract Manufacturers for Substantially All of Its Manufacturing Requirements

If the demand for our products continues to grow, we will need to increase our material purchases, contract manufacturing capacity and internal test and quality functions. Any disruptions in product flow could limit our revenue, adversely affect our competitive position and reputation and result in additional costs or cancellation of orders under agreements with our customers.

We rely on third party manufacturing vendors to manufacture our products. We currently subcontract substantially all of our manufacturing to three companies--Flextronics International, Ltd., located in San Jose, California, MCMS, Inc., located in Boise, Idaho and Solectron, located in Milpitas, California. We have experienced a delay in product shipments from contract manufacturers in the past, which in turn delayed product shipments to our customers. We may in the future experience similar or other problems, such as inferior quality and insufficient quantity of product, any of which could materially adversely affect our business and operating results. There can be no assurance that we will effectively manage our contract manufacturers or that these manufacturers will meet our future requirements for timely delivery of products of sufficient quality and quantity. We intend to regularly introduce new products and product enhancements, which will require that we rapidly achieve volume production by coordinating our efforts with those of our suppliers and contract manufacturers. The inability of our contract manufacturers to provide us with adequate supplies of high-quality products or the loss of either of our contract manufacturers would cause a delay in our ability to fulfill orders while we obtain a replacement manufacturer and would have a material adverse effect on our business, operating results and financial condition.

As part of our cost-reduction efforts, we will need to realize lower per unit product costs from our contract manufacturers as a result of volume efficiencies. However, we cannot be certain when or if such price reductions will occur. The failure to obtain such price reductions would adversely affect our gross margins and operating results.

If Extreme Loses Key Personnel or is Unable to Hire Additional Qualified Personnel as Necessary, It May Not Be Able to Successfully Manage Its Business or Achieve Its Objectives

Our success depends to a significant degree upon the continued contributions of our key management, engineering, sales and marketing and manufacturing personnel, many of whom would be difficult to replace. In particular, we believe that our future success is highly dependent on Gordon Stitt, Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer, Stephen Haddock, Vice President and Chief Technical Officer, and Herb Schneider, Vice President of Engineering. We neither have employment contracts with nor key person life insurance on any of our key personnel.

We believe our future success will also depend in large part upon our ability to attract and retain highly skilled managerial, engineering, sales and marketing, finance and manufacturing personnel. Competition for these personnel is intense, especially in the San Francisco Bay Area, and we have had difficulty hiring employees in the timeframe we desire, particularly software engineers. There can be no assurance that we will be successful in attracting and retaining such personnel. The loss of the services of any of our key personnel, the inability to attract or retain qualified personnel in the future or delays in hiring required personnel, particularly engineers and sales personnel, could make it difficult for us to manage our business and meet key objectives, such as product introductions, on time. In addition, companies in the networking industry whose employees accept positions with competitors frequently claim that competitors have engaged in unfair hiring practices. We have from time to time received claims like this from other companies and, although to date they have not resulted in material litigation, we cannot assure you that we will not receive additional claims in the future as we seek to hire qualified personnel or that such claims will not result in material litigation. We could incur substantial costs in defending ourselves against any such claims, regardless of the merits of such claims.

Extreme's Products Must Comply With Evolving Industry Standards and Complex Government Regulations or Its Products May Not Be Widely Accepted, Which May Prevent Extreme From Sustaining Its Revenues or Achieving Profitability

The market for network equipment products is characterized by the need to support industry standards as different standards emerge, evolve and achieve acceptance. We will not be competitive unless we continually introduce new products and product enhancements that meet these emerging standards. In the past, we have

introduced new products that were not compatible with certain technological changes, and in the future we may not be able to effectively address the compatibility and interoperability issues that arise as a result of technological changes and evolving industry standards. In addition, in the United States, our products must comply with various regulations and standards defined by the Federal Communications Commission and Underwriters Laboratories. Internationally, products that we develop may be required to comply with standards established by telecommunications authorities in various countries as well as with recommendations of the International Telecommunication Union. If we do not comply with existing or evolving industry standards or if we fail to obtain timely domestic or foreign regulatory approvals or certificates we would not be able to sell our products where these standards or regulations apply, which may prevent us from sustaining our revenues or achieving profitability.

Failure to Successfully Integrate Extreme's Expanded Sales and Support Organizations into Its Operation or Educate Them About Its Product Families Will Hurt Its Operating Results

Our products and services require a sophisticated sales effort targeted at several levels within a prospective customer's organization. Unless we expand our sales force we will not be able to increase revenues. In April 2000, a significant number of former sales and system engineer employees of another networking company joined our operation. We cannot assure you that we will be able to educate these new employees about our product families or integrate these new employees into our company. A failure to do so will hurt our revenue growth and may hurt our operating results.

Extreme Depends Upon International Sales for Much of Its Revenue and Extreme's Ability to Sustain and Increase Its International Sales Depends on Successfully Expanding Its International Operations

Our ability to grow will depend in part on the expansion of international sales and operations which have and are expected to constitute a significant portion of our sales. Sales to customers outside of North America accounted for approximately 51% and 42% of our net revenue in the three months ended September 30, 2000 and September 30, 1999, respectively. Our international sales primarily depend on our resellers, distributors and OEMs. The failure of our resellers, distributors and OEMs to sell our products internationally would limit our ability to sustain and grow our revenue. In addition, there are a number of risks arising from our international business, including:

- . longer accounts receivable collection cycles;
- . difficulties in managing operations across disparate geographic areas;
- difficulties associated with enforcing agreements through foreign legal systems;
- . payment of operating expenses in local currencies, which subjects us to risks of currency fluctuations;
- import or export licensing requirements;
- . potential adverse tax consequences; and
- . unexpected changes in regulatory requirements.

Our international sales currently are U.S. dollar-denominated. As a result, an increase in the value of the U.S. dollar relative to foreign currencies could make our products less competitive in international markets. In the future, we may elect to invoice some of our international customers in local currency which will subject us to fluctuations in exchange rates between the U.S. dollar and the particular local currency. If we do so, we may determine to engage in hedging transactions to minimize the risk of such fluctuations. We have entered into foreign exchange forward contracts to offset the impact of payment of operating expenses in local currencies to some of our operating foreign subsidiaries. However, if we are not successful in managing these hedging transactions, we could incur losses from hedging activities. Because we currently denominate sales in U.S. dollars, we do not anticipate that the adoption of the Euro as a functional legal currency of certain European countries will materially affect our business.

Extreme May Engage in Future Acquisitions that Dilute the Ownership Interests of Our Stockholders, Cause Us to Incur Debt and Assume Contingent Liabilities

As part of our business strategy, we review acquisition and strategic investment prospects that would complement our current product offerings, augment our market coverage or enhance our technical capabilities, or that may

otherwise offer growth opportunities. We are reviewing investments in new businesses and we expect to make investments in and acquire businesses, products or technologies in the future. In the event of any future acquisitions, we could:

- issue equity securities which would dilute current stockholders' percentage ownership;
- . incur substantial debt
- . assume contingent liabilities; or
- expend significant cash.

These actions by us could materially adversely affect our operating results and/or the price of our common stock. Acquisitions and investment activities also entail numerous risks, including:

- difficulties in the assimilation of acquired operations, technologies or products;
- unanticipated costs associated with the acquisition or investment transaction;
- . diversion of management's attention from other business concerns;
- . adverse effects on existing business relationships with suppliers and customers:
- . risks associated with entering markets in which we have no or limited prior experience $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right)$
- . potential loss of key employees of acquired organizations; and
- substantial charges for amortization of goodwill or purchased intangibles or similar items.

We cannot assure you that we will be able to successfully integrate any businesses, products, technologies or personnel that we might acquire in the future, and our failure to do so could materially adversely affect our business, operating results and financial condition.

Extreme May Need Additional Capital to Fund Its Future Operations And, If It Is Not Available When Needed, Extreme May Need to Reduce Its Planned Development and Marketing Efforts, Which May Reduce Its Revenues and Prevent Extreme From Achieving Profitability

We believe that our existing working capital, proceeds from the initial public offering in April 1999, proceeds from the secondary offering in October 1999 and cash available from credit facilities and future operations will enable us to meet our working capital requirements for at least the next 12 months. However, if cash from future operations is insufficient, or if cash is used for acquisitions or other currently unanticipated uses, we may need additional capital. The development and marketing of new products and the expansion of reseller and distribution channels and associated support personnel is expected to require a significant commitment of resources. In addition, if the market for our products were to develop more slowly than anticipated or if we fail to establish significant market share and achieve a meaningful level of revenues, we may continue to utilize significant amounts of capital. As a result, we could be required to raise substantial additional capital. To the extent that we raise additional capital through the sale of equity or convertible debt securities, the issuance of such securities could result in dilution to existing stockholders. If additional funds are raised through the issuance of debt securities, such securities may have rights, preferences and privileges senior to holders of common stock and the term of such debt could impose restrictions on our operations. We cannot assure you that such additional capital, if required, will be available on acceptable terms, or at all. If we are unable to obtain such additional capital, we may be required to reduce the scope of our planned product development and marketing efforts, which would harm our business, financial condition and operating results.

If Extreme's Products Contain Undetected Software or Hardware Errors, Extreme Could Incur Significant Unexpected Expenses and Lost Sales

Network products frequently contain undetected software or hardware errors when first introduced or as new versions are released. We have experienced such errors in the past in connection with new products and product upgrades. We expect that such errors will be found from time to time in new or enhanced products after

commencement of commercial shipments. These problems may materially adversely affect our business by causing us to incur significant warranty and repair costs, diverting the attention of our engineering personnel from our product development efforts and causing significant customer relations problems.

Our products must successfully interoperate with products from other vendors. As a result, when problems occur in a network, it may be difficult to identify the source of the problem. The occurrence of hardware and software errors, whether caused by our products or another vendor's products, could result in the delay or loss of market acceptance of our products and any necessary revisions may result in the incurrence of significant expenses. The occurrence of any such problems would likely have a material adverse effect on our business, operating results and financial condition.

Extreme's Limited Ability to Protect Its Intellectual Property May Adversely Affect Its Ability to Compete

We rely on a combination of patent, copyright, trademark and trade secret laws and restrictions on disclosure to protect our intellectual property rights. However, we cannot assure you that the actions we have taken will adequately protect our intellectual property rights.

We also enter into confidentiality or license agreements with our employees, consultants and corporate partners, and control access to and distribution of our software, documentation and other proprietary information. Despite our efforts to protect our proprietary rights, unauthorized parties may attempt to copy or otherwise obtain and use our products or technology.

Provisions in Extreme's Charter or Agreements May Delay or Prevent a Change of Control

Provisions in our certificate of incorporation and bylaws may delay or prevent a change of control or changes in our management. These provisions include:

- the division of the board of directors into three separate classes;
- . the right of the board of directors to elect a director to fill a vacancy created by the expansion of the board of directors; and
- . the ability of the board of directors to alter our bylaws without getting stockholder approval $\,$

Furthermore, we are subject to the provisions of section 203 of the Delaware General Corporation Law. These provisions prohibit large stockholders, in particular those owning 15% or more of the outstanding voting stock, from consummating a merger or combination with a corporation unless this stockholder receives board approval for the transaction or 66 2/3% of the shares of voting stock not owned by the stockholder approve the merger or combination.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Interest Rate Sensitivity

The primary objective of our investment activities is to preserve principal while at the same time maximizing the income we receive from our investments without significantly increasing risk. Some of the securities that we have invested in may be subject to market risk. This means that a change in prevailing interest rates may cause the principal amount of the investment to fluctuate. For example, if we hold a security that was issued with a fixed interest rate at the then-prevailing rate and the prevailing interest rate later rises, the principal amount of our investment will probably decline. To minimize this risk, we maintain our portfolio of cash equivalents and short-term investments in a variety of securities, including commercial paper, other nongovernment debt securities and money market funds. In general, money market funds are not subject to market risk because the interest paid on such funds fluctuates with the prevailing interest rate. The following table presents the amounts

of our cash equivalents, short-term investments and long-term investments that are subject to market risk by range of expected maturity and weighted-average interest rates as of September 30, 2000. This table does not include money market funds because those funds are not subject to market risk.

	Maturing in									
	Three months or less		Three months to one year		Greater than one year (In thousands)		Total		Fair Value	
Included in cash and cash equivalents Weighted average interest rate	\$	50,547 6.22%			`	,	\$	50,547	\$ 50,547	
Included in short-term investments Weighted average interest rate		0.22%	\$	49,593 6.17%			\$	49,593	\$ 49,593	
Included in investments				0.1.70	\$	73,165 6.90%	\$	73,165	\$ 73,165	

Exchange Rate Sensitivity

Currently, the majority of our sales and expenses are denominated in U.S. dollars and as a result, we have experienced no significant foreign exchange gains and losses to date. While we have conducted some transactions in foreign currencies during the three months ended September 30, 2000 and expect to continue to do so, we do not anticipate that foreign exchange gains or losses will be significant.

Foreign Exchange Forward Contracts

We enter into foreign exchange forward contracts to offset the impact of currency fluctuations on certain nonfunctional currency liabilities, denominated in Japanese Yen, the Euro and British pound. The foreign exchange forward contracts we enter into have original maturities ranging from one to three months. We do not enter into foreign exchange forward contracts for trading purposes. We do not expect gains or losses on these contracts to have a material impact on our financial results (see Note 4 to the Consolidated Financial Statements).

PART II. Other Information

- Item 1. Legal Proceedings None
- Item 2. Changes in Securities None
- Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities None
- Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders None
- Item 5. Other Information None
- Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K
- (a) Exhibit 10.14 Lease agreement dated July 28, 2000 between San Tomas Properties LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, as Landlord, and Extreme Networks, Inc, a Delaware Corporation, as Tenant.
- 27 Financial Data Schedule (filed only with the electronic submission of Form 10-Q in accordance with the Edgar requirements)
- b) Reports on Form 8-K

No reports on Form 8-K were filed by the Company during the three months ended September 30, 2000.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

EXTREME NETWORKS, INC. (Registrant)

/s/ VITO PALERMO

VITO PALERMO Vice President, Chief Financial Officer And Secretary

November 14, 2000

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OFFICE LEASE

SAN TOMAS PROPERTIES, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company,

as Landlord,

and

EXTREME NETWORKS, INC.,

a Delaware corporation,

as Tenant.

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OFFICE LEASE

This Office Lease (the "Lease"), dated as of the date set forth in Section 1 of the Summary of Basic Lease Information (the "Summary"), below, is made by and between SAN TOMAS PROPERTIES, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Landlord"), and EXTREME NETWORKS, INC., a Delaware corporation ("Tenant").

SUMMARY OF BASIC LEASE INFORMATION

TERMS OF LEASE DESCRIPTION

July 28, 2000 1. Date:

2. Premises

2.1 Building: 2820 San Tomas Expressway, Santa

Clara, California.

2.2 Premises: Approximately 47,432 rentable square feet of space located in the

Building, as further set forth in Exhibit A to the Office Lease.

3. Lease Term (Article 2).

> 3.1 Length of Term: Seven (7) years.

> 3.2 Lease Commencement Date: August 16, 2000.

> 3.3 Lease Expiration Date: August 31, 2007.

4. Base Rent (Article 3):

4.1 Amount Due:

Lease Year	Annual Base Rent	Monthly Installment of Base Rent	Rental Rate per Rentable Square Foot
1	\$2,845,920.00	\$237,160.00	\$5.00
2	\$2,959,756.80	\$246,646.40	\$5.20
3	\$3,079,285.44	\$256,607.12	\$5.41
4	\$3,198,814.08	\$266,567.84	\$5.62
5	\$3,329,726.40	\$277,477.20	\$5.85
6	\$3,460,638.72	\$288,386.56	\$6.08
7	\$3,602,934.72	\$300,244.56	\$6.33

4.2 Rent Payment Address: San Tomas Properties, LLC

P.O. Box 641387

San Jose, CA 95134-1387

5. Tenant's Share Tenant's Building Share - 100% (Article 4):

Tenant's Phase Share - 19%

Tenant's Project Share - 10%

6. Permitted Use
 (Article 5):

General office use.

7. Security Deposit (Article 21):

\$237,160.00.

8. Parking Passes (Article 28):

One hundred fifty (150) unreserved parking passes.

9. Address of Tenant

3585 Monroe Street

(Section 29.18):

Santa Clara, California 95051 Attention: Mr. Jeff Westling

10. Address of Landlord
 (Section 29.18):

See Section 29.18 of the Lease.

11. Broker(s) (Section 29.24):

Colliers International 450 W. Santa Clara Street San Jose, California 95113

12. Tenant Improvement Allowance (Section 2 of Exhibit B):

\$5.00.

PREMISES, BUILDING, PROJECT, AND COMMON AREAS

- 1.1 Premises, Building, Project and Common Areas.
 - 1.1.1 The Premises. Landlord hereby leases to Tenant and Tenant

hereby leases from Landlord the premises set forth in Section 2.2 of the Summary (the "Premises"). The outline of the Premises is set forth in Exhibit A attached

hereto. The parties hereto agree that the lease of the Premises is upon and subject to the terms, covenants and conditions herein set forth, and Tenant covenants as a material part of the consideration for this Lease to keep and perform each and all of such terms, covenants and conditions by it to be kept and performed and that this Lease is made upon the condition of such performance. The parties hereto hereby acknowledge that the purpose of Exhibit A

is to show the approximate location of the Premises in the "Building," as that term is defined in Section 1.1.2, below, only, and such Exhibit is not meant to constitute an agreement, representation or warranty as to the construction of the Premises, the precise area thereof or the specific location of the "Common Areas," as that term is defined in Section 1.1.3, below, or the elements thereof or of the accessways to the Premises or the "Project," as that term is defined in Section 1.1.2, below. Except as specifically set forth in this Lease and in the Tenant Work Letter attached hereto as Exhibit B (the "Tenant Work Letter") Landlord shall not be obligated to provide or pay for any improvement work or services related to the improvement of the Premises. Tenant also acknowledges that neither Landlord nor any agent of Landlord has made any representation or warranty regarding the condition of the Premises, the Building or the Project or with respect to the suitability of any of the foregoing for the conduct of Tenant's business, except as specifically set forth in this Lease and the Tenant Work Letter; provided, however, that in the event that any of the base building electrical, plumbing or HVAC systems (specifically excluding the "Excluded Portions," as that term is defined below) are not in good working order as of the date of delivery of the Premises to Tenant, Tenant shall deliver notice thereof within thirty (30) days following Landlord's delivery of the Premises to Tenant and Landlord shall, at Landlord's cost and expense, promptly commence and diligently pursue the completion of repairs to the applicable system required to put the same in good working order. For purposes of this Lease, the "Excluded Portions" shall mean any portion of the electrical, plumbing and HVAC systems which was not in existence prior to the construction of tenant improvements in the Building, which Excluded Portions shall specifically shall include the distribution of the electrical, plumbing and HVAC systems. Subject to Landlord's reasonable rules and regulations, Tenant shall have access to the Premises, twenty-four (24) hours a day, three hundred sixty-five (365) days a year.

building set forth in Section 2.1 of the Summary. The term "Project," as used in this Lease, shall mean (i) the Building and the Common Areas, (ii) the land (which is improved with landscaping, subterranean parking facilities and other improvements) upon which the Building and the Common Areas are located, (iii) those certain buildings located at 2600, 2650, 2700, 2730, 2770, 2800, 2840, 2860 and 2880 San Tomas Expressway and the land upon which such adjacent buildings are located, and (iv) at Landlord's discretion, any additional real property, areas, land, buildings or other improvements added thereto outside of the Project.

1.1.3 Common Areas. Tenant shall have the non-exclusive right to use

in common with other tenants in the Project, and subject to the rules and regulations referred to in Article 5 of this Lease, those portions of the Project which are provided, from time to time, for use in common by Landlord, Tenant and any other tenants of the Project (such areas, together with such other portions of the Project designated by Landlord, in its discretion, including certain areas designated for the exclusive use of certain tenants, or to be shared by Landlord and certain tenants, are collectively referred to herein as the "Common Areas"). The Common Areas shall consist of the "Project Common Areas" and the "Building Common Areas." The term "Project Common Areas," as used in this Lease, shall mean the portion of the Project designated as such by Landlord. The term "Building Common Areas," as used in this Lease, shall mean the portions of the Common Areas located within the Building designated as such by Landlord. The manner in which the Common Areas are maintained and operated shall be at the sole discretion of Landlord and the use thereof shall be subject to such rules, regulations and restrictions as Landlord may make from time to time. Landlord reserves the right to close temporarily, make alterations or additions to, or change the location of elements of the Project and the Common Areas.

1.2 Verification of Rentable Square Feet of Premises and Building. For purposes of this Lease, "rentable square feet" and "usable square feet" of the Premises shall be deemed as set forth in Section 2.2 of the Summary and shall not be subject to remeasurement or modification.

ARTICLE 2

LEASE TERM; OCCURRENCE OF DELIVERY OF THE PREMISES

2.1 Initial Lease Term. The terms and provisions of this Lease shall be $\,$

effective as of the date of this Lease. The term of this Lease (the "Lease Term") shall be as set forth in Section 3.1 of the Summary, shall commence on the date set forth in Section 3.2 of the Summary (the "Lease Commencement Date"), and shall terminate on the date set forth in Section 3.3 of the Summary (the "Lease Expiration Date") unless this Lease is sooner terminated as hereinafter provided. For purposes of this Lease, the term "Lease Year" shall mean each consecutive twelve (12) month period during the Lease Term; provided, however, that the first Lease Year shall commence on the Lease Commencement Date and end on the last day of the eleventh month thereafter and the second and each succeeding Lease Year shall commence on the first day of the next calendar month; and further provided that the last Lease Year shall end on the Lease Expiration Date. At any time during the Lease Term, Landlord may deliver to Tenant a notice in the form as set forth in Exhibit C, attached hereto, as a

confirmation only of the information set forth therein, which Tenant shall execute and return to Landlord within five (5) days of receipt thereof.

- $2.2\,$ Occurrence of Delivery of the Premises.
 - 2.2.1 Outside Date of Delivery of the Premises. If Landlord does not

cause the delivery of the Premises to occur within ninety (90) days following

the mutual execution and delivery of this Lease (the "Outside Date"), then the sole remedy of Tenant for such failure shall be the right to deliver a notice to Landlord (a "Termination Notice") electing to terminate this Lease effective upon the date occurring five (5) business days following receipt by Landlord of the Termination Notice (the "Effective Date"). The Termination Notice must be delivered by Tenant to Landlord, if at all, not earlier than the Outside Date (as the same may be extended pursuant to the terms of Section 2.2.3 below) nor later than five (5) business days after the Outside Date. The effectiveness of any such Termination Notice delivered by Tenant to Landlord shall be governed by the terms of this Section 2.2.

2.2.2 Extension of Outside Date After Delivery of the Termination $\,$

Notice. If Tenant delivers a Termination Notice to Landlord, then Landlord shall

have the right to suspend the occurrence of the Effective Date for a period ending thirty (30) days after the Effective Date by delivering to Tenant, prior to the Effective Date, a certification from Landlord that it is Landlord's good faith judgment that the delivery of the Premises will occur within thirty (30)

days after the Effective Date (the "Termination Extension Notice"). If the delivery of the Premises occurs prior to the expiration of such thirty-day $\,$

period, then the Termination Notice shall of no force or effect, but if the delivery of the Premises does not occur within such thirty-day period, then this

Lease shall terminate upon the expiration of such thirty-day period.

2.2.3 Extension of Outside Date Prior to the Delivery of Termination

Notice. Additionally, if a Termination Notice has not been delivered by Tenant

to Landlord and, prior to the Outside Date, Landlord determines that the delivery of the Premises will not occur by the Outside Date, Landlord shall have

the right to deliver a written notice to Tenant stating Landlord's opinion as to the date by which the delivery of the Premises shall occur, and Tenant shall be

required, within five (5) business days after receipt of such notice, to deliver a notice to Landlord pursuant to which Tenant shall elect to either terminate this Lease, in which case this Lease shall immediately terminate and be of no further force and effect, or to agree to extend the Outside Date to that date set forth in such notice delivered by Landlord. Failure by Tenant to deliver such notice or to so elect shall be deemed Tenant's agreement to extend the Outside Date set forth in Landlord's notice to Tenant. If Tenant agrees to extend the Outside Date, Landlord shall have a continuing right to deliver a notice to Tenant which requests Tenant to so elect to either terminate this Lease or to further extend the Outside Date as set forth in this Section 2.2.3, above, until the occurrence of the delivery of the Premises or until this Lease

is terminated. Upon the delivery of a Termination Notice by Tenant pursuant to Section 2.2.1 above in connection with an Outside Date extended pursuant to this Section 2.2.3, Landlord shall also

have the same right to deliver the Termination Extension Notice as to the new Outside Date, as set forth in Section 2.2.2, above.

 ${\tt 2.2.4}\,{\tt Other\ Terms.}$ The Effective Date and the Outside Date shall be

extended to the extent of any delays beyond the reasonable control of Landlord, including "Force Majeure" delays, as that term is defined in Section 29.16 of this Lease. Upon any termination as set forth in this Section 2.2, Landlord and Tenant shall be relieved from any and all liability to each other resulting hereunder. Tenant's rights to terminate this Lease, as set forth in this Section 2.2, shall be Tenant's sole and exclusive remedy at law or in equity for the failure of the delivery of the Premises to occur as set forth above.

ARTICLE 3

BASE RENT

Tenant shall pay, without prior notice or demand, to Landlord or Landlord's agent at the address set forth in Section 4.2 of the Summary, or, at Landlord's option, at such other place as Landlord may from time to time designate in writing, by a check for currency which, at the time of payment, is legal tender for private or public debts in the United States of America, base rent ("Base ') as set forth in Section 4 of the Summary, payable in equal monthly installments as set forth in Section 4 of the Summary in advance on or before the first day of each and every calendar month during the Lease Term, without any setoff or deduction whatsoever. The Base Rent for the first full month of the Lease Term which occurs after the expiration of any free rent period shall be paid at the time of Tenant's execution of this Lease. If any Rent payment date (including the Lease Commencement Date) falls on a day of the month other than the first day of such month or if any payment of Rent is for a period which is shorter than one month, the Rent for any fractional month shall accrue on a daily basis for the period from the date such payment is due to the end of such calendar month or to the end of the Lease Term at a rate per day which is equal to 1/365 of the applicable annual Rent. All other payments or adjustments required to be made under the terms of this Lease that require proration on a time basis shall be prorated on the same basis.

ARTICLE 4

ADDITIONAL RENT

4.1 General Terms. In addition to paying the Base Rent specified in

Article 3 of this Lease, Tenant shall pay (i) "Tenant's Building Share" of the annual "Building Direct Expenses," (ii) "Tenant's Phase Share" of the annual "Phase Direct Expenses", and (iii) "Tenant's Project Share" of the annual "Project Direct Expenses" as those terms are defined in Sections 4.2, below. Landlord's estimate of "Tenant's Share of Direct Expenses," as that term is defined in Section 4.2.1, below, for the first full month of the Lease Term shall be paid at the time of Tenant's execution of this Lease. Such payments by Tenant, together with any and all other amounts payable by Tenant to Landlord pursuant to the terms of this Lease, are hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Additional Rent", and the Base Rent and the Additional Rent are herein collectively referred to as "Rent." All amounts due under this Article 4 as Additional Rent shall be payable for the same periods and in the same manner as the Base Rent. Without limitation on other obligations of Tenant which survive the expiration of the Lease Term, the obligations of Tenant to pay the Additional Rent provided for in this Article 4 shall survive the expiration of the Lease Term.

- 4.2.1. "Tenant's Share of Direct Expenses" shall mean, collectively, Tenant's Project Share of Project Direct Expenses, Tenant's Phase Share of Phase Direct Expenses, and Tenant's Building Share of Building Direct Expenses.
- 4.2.2 "Direct Expenses" shall mean "Operating Expenses" and "Tax Expenses."
- 4.2.3 "Project Direct Expenses" shall mean the portion of "Direct Expenses," as equitably determined by Landlord, which is not attributable to any particular building in the

Project, and is not solely attributable to "Phase 1" or "Phase 2" of the Project, as those terms are defined in Section 4.2.5, below, but which instead relate to the Project as a whole.

- 4.2.4 "Building Direct Expenses" shall mean the portion of Direct Expenses, as equitably determined by Landlord, which is attributable solely to the Building (as opposed to the Project as a whole or either particular phase of the Project).
- 4.2.5 "Phase Direct Expenses" shall mean the portion of Direct Expenses, as equitably determined by Landlord, which is solely attributable "Phase 1" of the Project, as that term is defined, below, and which is neither attributable solely to the Building nor the Project as a whole. For purposes of this Lease, (i) "Phase 1" of the Project shall be comprised of the buildings located at 2800, 2820, 2840, 2860 and 2880 San Tomas Expressway and the corresponding real property and common areas associated with such phase, as equitably designated by Landlord, and (ii) "Phase 2" of the Project shall be comprised of the buildings located at 2600, 2650, 2700, 2730 and 2770 San Tomas Expressway and the corresponding real property and common areas associated with such phase, as equitably designated by Landlord.
- 4.2.6 "Expense Year" shall mean each calendar year in which any portion of the Lease Term falls, through and including the calendar year in which the Lease Term expires, provided that Landlord, upon notice to Tenant, may change the Expense Year from time to time to any other twelve (12) consecutive month period, and, in the event of any such change, Tenant's Share of Direct Expenses shall be equitably adjusted for any Expense Year involved in any such change.
- 4.2.7 "Operating Expenses" shall mean all expenses, costs and amounts of every kind and nature which Landlord pays or accrues during any Expense Year because of or in connection with the ownership, management, maintenance, security, repair, replacement, restoration or operation of the Project, or any portion thereof. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, Operating Expenses shall specifically include any and all of the following: (i) the cost of supplying all utilities, the cost of operating, repairing, maintaining, and renovating the utility, telephone, mechanical, sanitary, storm drainage, and elevator systems, and the cost of maintenance and service contracts in connection therewith; (ii) the cost of licenses, certificates, permits and inspections and the cost of contesting any governmental enactments which may affect Operating Expenses, and the costs incurred in connection with a transportation system management program or similar program; (iii) the cost of all insurance carried by Landlord in connection with the Project; (iv) the cost of landscaping, relamping, and all supplies, tools, equipment and materials used in the operation, repair and maintenance of the Project, or any portion thereof; (v) costs incurred in connection with the parking areas servicing the Project; (vi) fees and other costs, including Landlord's management fee, which fee shall not be in excess of three percent (3%) of the annual gross rentals of the Project, consulting fees, legal fees and accounting fees, of all contractors and consultants in connection with the management, operation, maintenance and repair of the Project; (vii) payments under any equipment rental agreements and the fair rental value of any management office space; (viii) wages, salaries and other compensation and benefits, including taxes levied thereon, of all persons engaged in the operation, maintenance and security of the Project; (ix) costs under any instrument pertaining to the sharing of costs by the Project; (x) operation, repair, maintenance and replacement of all systems and equipment and components thereof of the Building; (xi) the cost of janitorial, alarm, security and other services, replacement of wall and floor coverings, ceiling tiles and fixtures in common areas, maintenance and replacement of curbs and walkways, repair to roofs and re-roofing; (xii) amortization (including interest on the unamortized cost) of the cost of acquiring or the rental expense of personal property used in the maintenance, operation and repair of the Project, or any portion thereof; (xiii) the cost of capital improvements or other costs incurred in connection with the Project; provided, however, that any capital expenditure, including earthquake deductibles, shall be amortized with interest over its useful life in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles; (xiv) costs, fees, charges or assessments imposed by, or resulting from any mandate imposed on Landlord by, any federal, state or local government for fire and police protection, trash removal, community services, or other services which do not constitute "Tax Expenses" as that term is defined in Section 4.2.8, below; and (xv) payments under any easement, license, operating agreement, declaration, restrictive covenant, or instrument pertaining to the sharing of costs by the Building.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, for purposes of this Lease, Operating Expenses shall not, however, include (a) marketing costs, including leasing commissions, advertising and

promotional expenses, space planning costs and attorneys' fees in connection with the negotiation and preparation of letters, deal memos, letters of intent, leases, and subleases and/or assignments incurred in connection with present or future tenants or other occupants of the Project, including attorneys' fees and other costs and expenditures incurred in connection with disputes with present or prospective tenants or other occupants of the Project; (b) costs, including permit, license and inspection costs, and any allowance or other tenant improvement concessions, incurred or provided with respect to the design, construction and/or installation of other tenants' or occupants' improvements made for tenants or other occupants in the Project or incurred in renovating or otherwise improving, decorating, painting or redecorating vacant space for tenants or other occupants in the Project; (c) bad-debt expenses, rent loss, depreciation, interest and amortization on mortgages, reserves of any kind or ground lease payments, if any; (d) depreciation, amortization and interest payments, except as specifically included in Operating Expenses pursuant to the terms of this Lease and except on materials, tools, supplies and vendor-type equipment purchased by Landlord to enable Landlord to supply services Landlord might otherwise contract for with a third party, where such depreciation, amortization and interest payments would otherwise have been included in the charge for such third party's services, all as determined in accordance with sound real estate management principles, and when depreciation or amortization is permitted or required, the item shall be amortized over its reasonably anticipated useful life; (e) expenses in connection with services or other benefits which are not offered to Tenant or for which Tenant is charged for directly but which are provided to another tenant or occupant of the Project, without charge; (f) overhead and profit increment paid to Landlord or to subsidiaries or affiliates of Landlord for goods and/or services in the Project to the extent the same exceeds the costs of such by unaffiliated third parties on a competitive basis; (g) advertising and promotional expenditures, and costs of signs in or on the Project identifying the owner of the Project or other tenants' signs; (h) any reserves retained by Landlord; (i) costs associated with the operation of the business of the partnership or entity which constitutes the Landlord, as the same are distinguished from the costs of operation of the Project, including partnership accounting and legal matters, costs of defending any lawsuits with any mortgagee (except as the actions of the Tenant may be in issue), costs of selling, syndicating, financing, mortgaging or hypothecating any of the Landlord's interest in the Project, and costs incurred in connection with any disputes between Landlord and its employees, between Landlord and Project management, or between Landlord and other tenants or occupants; (i) the wages and benefits of any employee who does not devote substantially all of his or her employed time to the Project unless such wages and benefits are prorated to reflect time spent on operating and managing the Project vis-a-vis time spent on matters unrelated to operating and managing the Project; provided, that in no event shall Operating Expenses for purposes of this Lease include wages and/or benefits attributable to personnel above the level of Project manager or Project engineer; (j) all items and services for which Tenant or any other tenant in the Project reimburses Landlord, provided that Landlord shall use commercially reasonable efforts to collect such reimbursable amounts, or which Landlord provides selectively to one or more tenants (other than Tenant) without reimbursement; (k) costs, other than those incurred in ordinary maintenance and repair, for sculpture, paintings, fountains or other objects of art; (1) fees and reimbursements payable to Landlord (including its parent organization, subsidiaries and/or affiliates) or by Landlord for management of the Project (including the management of the Project parking facilities) which materially exceed the amount which would normally be paid to a company, in connection with the management of comparable buildings and/or the parking facilities of such comparable buildings, with a general reputation for excellence and integrity used at "arms length" and which is not, directly or indirectly, affiliated with Landlord ("Independent Company Test"); (m) costs incurred to comply with Applicable Laws with respect to hazardous material, which was in existence in the Building or on the Project prior to the Lease Commencement Date, and was of such a nature that a federal, state or municipal governmental or quasi-governmental authority, if it had then had knowledge of the presence of such hazardous material, in the state, and under the conditions that it then existed in the Building or on the Project, would have then required the removal, remediation or other action with respect to such hazardous material; and costs incurred with respect to hazardous material, which hazardous material is brought into the Building or onto the Project after the date hereof by Landlord or any other tenant of the Project or by anyone other than Tenant or Tenant Parties and is of such a nature, at that time, that a federal, state or municipal governmental or quasi-governmental authority, if it had then had knowledge of the presence of such hazardous material, in the state, and under the conditions, that it then exists in the Building or on the Project, would have then required the removal, remediation or other action with respect to such hazardous material: (n)

costs arising from Landlord's charitable or political contributions; and (o) expenses arising from the gross negligence or willful misconduct of Landlord, its agents, employees or servants.

If Landlord is not furnishing any particular work or service (the cost of which, if performed by Landlord, would be included in Operating Expenses) to a tenant who has undertaken to perform such work or service in lieu of the performance thereof by Landlord, Operating Expenses shall be deemed to be increased by an amount equal to the additional Operating Expenses which would reasonably have been incurred during such period by Landlord if it had at its own expense furnished such work or service to such tenant. If the Project is not at least ninety-five percent (95%) occupied during all or a portion of any Expense Year, Landlord may elect to make an appropriate adjustment to the components of Operating Expenses for such year to determine the amount of Operating Expenses that would have been incurred had the Project been ninety-five percent (95%) occupied; and the amount so determined shall be deemed to have been the amount of Operating Expenses for such year.

4.2.8 Taxes.

- 4.2.8.1 "Tax Expenses" shall mean all federal, state, county, or local governmental or municipal taxes, fees, charges or other impositions of every kind and nature, whether general, special, ordinary or extraordinary, (including, without limitation, real estate taxes, general and special assessments, transit taxes, leasehold taxes or taxes based upon the receipt of rent, including gross receipts or sales taxes applicable to the receipt of rent, unless required to be paid by Tenant, personal property taxes imposed upon the fixtures, machinery, equipment, apparatus, systems and equipment, appurtenances, furniture and other personal property used in connection with the Project, or any portion thereof), which shall be paid or accrued during any Expense Year (without regard to any different fiscal year used by such governmental or municipal authority) because of or in connection with the ownership, leasing and operation of the Project, or any portion thereof.
- 4.2.8.2 Tax Expenses shall include, without limitation: (i) Any tax on the rent, right to rent or other income from the Project, or any portion thereof, or as against the business of leasing the Project, or any portion thereof; (ii) Any assessment, tax, fee, levy or charge in addition to, or in substitution, partially or totally, of any assessment, tax, fee, levy or charge previously included within the definition of real property tax, it being acknowledged by Tenant and Landlord that Proposition 13 was adopted by the voters of the State of California in the June 1978 election ("Proposition 13") and that assessments, taxes, fees, levies and charges may be imposed by governmental agencies for such services as fire protection, street, sidewalk and road maintenance, refuse removal and for other governmental services formerly provided without charge to property owners or occupants, and, in further recognition of the decrease in the level and quality of governmental services and amenities as a result of Proposition 13, Tax Expenses shall also include any governmental or private assessments or the Project's contribution towards a governmental or private cost-sharing agreement for the purpose of augmenting or improving the quality of services and amenities normally provided by governmental agencies; (iii) Any assessment, tax, fee, levy, or charge allocable to or measured by the area of the Premises or the Rent payable hereunder, including, without limitation, any business or gross income tax or excise tax with respect to the receipt of such rent, or upon or with respect to the possession, leasing, operating, management, maintenance, alteration, repair, use or occupancy by Tenant of the Premises, or any portion thereof; and (iv) Any assessment, tax, fee, levy or charge, upon this transaction or any document to which Tenant is a party, creating or transferring an interest or an estate in the Premises.
- 4.2.8.3 Any costs and expenses (including, without limitation, reasonable attorneys' fees) incurred in attempting to protest, reduce or minimize Tax Expenses shall be included in Tax Expenses in the Expense Year such expenses are paid. Refunds of Tax Expenses shall be credited against Tax Expenses and refunded to Tenant regardless of when received, based on the Expense Year to which the refund is applicable, provided that in no event shall the amount to be refunded to Tenant for any such Expense Year exceed the total amount paid by Tenant as Additional Rent under this Article 4 for such Expense

Year. If Tax Expenses for any period during the Lease Term or any extension thereof are increased after payment thereof for any reason, including, without limitation, error or reassessment by applicable governmental or municipal authorities, Tenant shall pay Landlord upon demand Tenant's Share of any such increased Tax Expenses included by Landlord as Tax Expenses pursuant to the terms of this Lease. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Section 4.2.8 (except as

set forth in Section 4.2.8.1, above), there shall be excluded from Tax Expenses (i) all excess profits taxes, franchise taxes, gift taxes, capital stock taxes, inheritance and succession taxes, estate taxes, federal and state income taxes, and other taxes to the extent applicable to Landlord's general or net income (as opposed to rents, receipts or income attributable to operations at the Project), (ii) any items included as Operating Expenses, and (iii) any items paid by Tenant under Section 4.5 of this Lease.

- 4.2.9 "Tenant's Building Share" shall mean the percentage set forth in Section 5 of the Summary.
- 4.2.10 "Tenant's Phase Share" shall mean the percentage set forth in Section 5 of the Summary.
- 4.2.11 "Tenant's Project Share" shall mean the percentage set forth in Section 5 of the Summary.
 - 4.3 Intentionally Deleted.
 - 4.4 Calculation and Payment of Additional Rent. For each Expense Year

during the Lease Term, Tenant shall pay to Landlord, in the manner set forth in Section 4.4.1, below, and as Additional Rent, an amount equal to Tenant's Share of Direct Expenses.

4.4.1 Statement of Actual Direct Expenses and Payment by Tenant.

Landlord shall give to Tenant following the end of each Expense Year, a statement (the "Statement") which shall state the Direct Expenses incurred or accrued for such preceding Expense Year. Landlord shall use commercially reasonable diligent efforts to provide such Statement in as prompt a manner as reasonably possible. Upon receipt of the Statement for each Expense Year commencing or ending during the Lease Term, Tenant shall pay, with its next installment of Base Rent due, the full amount of Tenant's Share of the Direct Expenses for such Expense Year, less the amounts, if any, paid during such Expense Year as "Estimated Expenses," as that term is defined in Section 4.4.2, below. The failure of Landlord to timely furnish the Statement for any Expense Year shall not prejudice Landlord or Tenant from enforcing its rights under this Article 4. Even though the Lease Term has expired and Tenant has vacated the Premises, when the final determination is made of Tenant's Share of Direct Expenses for the Expense Year in which this Lease terminates, Tenant shall immediately pay to Landlord such amount. The provisions of this Section 4.4.1 shall survive the expiration or earlier termination of the Lease Term.

 ${\tt 4.4.2} \quad {\tt Statement \ of \ Estimated \ Direct \ Expenses. \ In \ addition, \ Landlord}$

shall give Tenant a yearly expense estimate statement (the "Estimate Statement") which shall set forth Landlord's reasonable estimate (the "Estimate") of what the total amount of Direct Expenses for the then-current Expense Year shall be and the estimated Tenant's Share of Direct Expenses (the "Estimated Expenses"). Landlord shall use commercially reasonable diligent efforts to provide such Estimate Statement in as prompt a manner as reasonably possible. The failure of Landlord to timely furnish the Estimate Statement for any Expense Year shall not preclude Landlord from enforcing its rights to collect any Estimated Expenses under this Article 4, nor shall Landlord be prohibited from revising any Estimate Statement or Estimated Expenses theretofore delivered to the extent necessary. Thereafter, Tenant shall pay, with its next installment of Base Rent due, a fraction of the Estimated Expenses for the then-current Expense Year (reduced by any amounts paid pursuant to the next to last sentence of this Section 4.4.2). Such fraction shall have as its numerator the number of months which have elapsed in such current Expense Year, including the month of such payment, and twelve (12) as its denominator. Until a new Estimate Statement is furnished (which Landlord shall have the right to deliver to Tenant at any time), Tenant shall pay monthly, with the monthly Base Rent installments, an amount equal to one-twelfth (1/12) of the total Estimated Expenses set forth in the previous Estimate Statement delivered by Landlord to Tenant.

- 4.5 Taxes and Other Charges for Which Tenant Is Directly Responsible.
- 4.5.1 Tenant shall be liable for and shall pay ten (10) days before delinquency, taxes levied against Tenant's equipment, furniture, fixtures and any other personal property located in or about the Premises. If any such taxes on Tenant's equipment, furniture, fixtures and any other personal property are levied against Landlord or Landlord's property or if the assessed

value of Landlord's property is increased by the inclusion therein of a value placed upon such equipment, furniture, fixtures or any other personal property and if Landlord pays the taxes based upon such increased assessment, which Landlord shall have the right to do regardless of the validity thereof but only under proper protest if requested by Tenant, Tenant shall upon demand repay to Landlord the taxes so levied against Landlord or the proportion of such taxes resulting from such increase in the assessment, as the case may be.

- 4.5.2 If the tenant improvements in the Premises, whether installed and/or paid for by Landlord or Tenant and whether or not affixed to the real property so as to become a part thereof, are assessed for real property tax purposes at a valuation higher than the valuation at which tenant improvements conforming to Landlord's "building standard" in other space in the Building are assessed, then the Tax Expenses levied against Landlord or the property by reason of such excess assessed valuation shall be deemed to be taxes levied against personal property of Tenant and shall be governed by the provisions of Section 4.5.1, above.
- 4.5.3 Notwithstanding any contrary provision herein, Tenant shall pay prior to delinquency any (i) rent tax or sales tax, service tax, transfer tax or value added tax, or any other applicable tax on the rent or services herein or otherwise respecting this Lease, (ii) taxes assessed upon or with respect to the possession, leasing, operation, management, maintenance, alteration, repair, use or occupancy by Tenant of the Premises or any portion of the Project, including the Project parking facility; or (iii) taxes assessed upon this transaction or any document to which Tenant is a party creating or transferring an interest or an estate in the Premises.

ARTICLE 5

USE OF PREMISES

- 5.1 Permitted Use. Tenant shall use the Premises solely for the Permitted
- Use set forth in Section 6 of the Summary and Tenant shall not use or permit the Premises or the Project to be used for any other purpose or purposes whatsoever without the prior written consent of Landlord, which may be withheld in Landlord's sole discretion.
 - 5.2 Prohibited Uses. The uses prohibited under this Lease shall include,

without limitation, use of the Premises or a portion thereof for (i) offices of any agency or bureau of the United States or any state or political subdivision thereof; (ii) offices or agencies of any foreign governmental or political subdivision thereof; (iii) offices of any health care professionals or service organization; (iv) schools or other training facilities which are not ancillary to corporate, executive or professional office use; (v) retail or restaurant uses; or (vi) communications firms such as radio and/or television stations. Tenant shall not allow occupancy density of use of the Premises which is greater than the average density of the other tenants of the Building. Tenant further covenants and agrees that Tenant shall not use, or suffer or permit any person or persons to use, the Premises or any part thereof for any use or purpose contrary to the provisions of the Rules and Regulations set forth in Exhibit D,

attached hereto, or in violation of the laws of the United States of America, the State of California, or the ordinances, regulations or requirements of the local municipal or county governing body or other lawful authorities having jurisdiction over the Project) including, without limitation, any such laws, ordinances, regulations or requirements relating to hazardous materials or substances, as those terms are defined by applicable laws now or hereafter in effect. Tenant shall not do or permit anything to be done in or about the Premises which will in any way damage the reputation of the Project or obstruct or interfere with the rights of other tenants or occupants of the Building, or injure or annoy them or use or allow the Premises to be used for any improper, unlawful or objectionable purpose, nor shall Tenant cause, maintain or permit any nuisance in, on or about the Premises. Tenant shall comply with all recorded covenants, conditions, and restrictions now or hereafter affecting the Project.

ARTICLE 6

SERVICES AND UTILITIES

6.1 In General. Tenant will be responsible, at its sole cost and expense,

for the furnishing of all services and utilities to the Premises, including, but not limited to heating, ventilation and air-conditioning, electricity, water, telephone, janitorial and interior Building

security services. The Premises shall be separately metered for electricity and water, and Tenant shall pay the cost of such utilities directly to the applicable utility provider.

6.2 Interruption of Use. Tenant agrees that Landlord shall not be liable

for damages, by abatement of rent (except as provided in Section 6.4 of this Lease) or otherwise, for failure to furnish or delay in furnishing any service (including telephone and telecommunication services), or for any diminution in the quality or quantity thereof, when such failure or delay or diminution is occasioned, in whole or in part, by repairs, replacements, or improvements, by any strike, lockout or other labor trouble, by inability to secure electricity, gas, water, or other fuel at the Building after reasonable effort to do so, by any accident or casualty whatsoever, by act or default of Tenant or other parties, or by any other cause beyond Landlord's reasonable control; and such failures or delays or diminution shall never be deemed to constitute an eviction or disturbance of Tenant's use and possession of the Premises or relieve Tenant from paying rent or performing any of its obligations under this Lease. Furthermore, Landlord shall not be liable under any circumstances for a loss of, or injury to, property or for injury to, or interference with, Tenant's business, including, without limitation, loss of profits, however occurring, through or in connection with or incidental to a failure to furnish any services or utilities.

- 6.3 No Obligation. Provided that Landlord agrees to provide service utility connections to the Project, including electricity, water and sewage connections, Landlord shall have no obligation to provide any services or utilities to the Building, including, but not limited to heating, ventilation and air-conditioning, electricity, water, telephone, janitorial and interior Building security services.
 - 6.4 Abatement of Rent. In the event that Tenant is prevented from using,

and does not use, the Premises or any portion thereof, as a result of (i) any repair, maintenance, "Renovations," as that term is defined in Section 29.30 of this Lease, or alteration performed by Landlord, or which Landlord failed to perform, after the Lease Commencement Date and required by this Lease, which substantially interferes with Tenant's use of the Premises, or (ii) any failure to provide services, utilities or access to the Premises as required by this Lease (either such set of circumstances as set forth in items (i) or (ii), above, to be known as an "Abatement Event"), then Tenant shall give Landlord notice of such Abatement Event, and if such Abatement Event continues for five (5) consecutive business days after Landlord's receipt of any such notice (the "Eligibility Period"), then the Base Rent and Tenant's Share of Direct Expenses shall be abated or reduced, as the case may be, after expiration of the Eligibility Period for such time that Tenant continues to be so prevented from using, and does not use, the Premises or a portion thereof, in the proportion that the rentable area of the portion of the Premises that Tenant is prevented from using, and does not use, bears to the total rentable area of the Premises; provided, however, in the event that Tenant is prevented from using, and does not use, a portion of the Premises for a period of time in excess of the Eligibility Period and the remaining portion of the Premises is not sufficient to allow Tenant to effectively conduct its business therein, and if Tenant does not conduct its business from such remaining portion, then for such time after expiration of the Eligibility Period during which Tenant is so prevented from effectively conducting its business therein, the Base Rent and Tenant's Share of Direct Expenses for the entire Premises shall be abated for such time as Tenant continues to be so prevented from using, and does not use, the Premises. If, however, Tenant reoccupies any portion of the Premises during such period, the Rent allocable to such reoccupied portion, based on the proportion that the rentable area of such reoccupied portion of the Premises bears to the total rentable area of the Premises, shall be payable by Tenant from the date Tenant reoccupies such portion of the Premises. Such right to abate Base Rent and Tenant's Share of Direct Expenses shall be Tenant's sole and exclusive remedy at law or in equity for an Abatement Event. Except as provided in this Section 6.4, nothing contained herein shall be interpreted to mean that Tenant is excused from paying Rent due hereunder.

ARTICLE 7

REPAIRS

Tenant shall, at Tenant's own expense, pursuant to the terms of this Lease, including without limitation Article 8 hereof, keep, maintain, repair and improve the Premises, and every portion thereof, including, without limitation, all improvements, fixtures and furnishings therein and all equipment within the Premises or exclusively serving the Premises, and the floor or floors of the Building on which the Premises are located, in good order, repair and condition at all

times during the Lease Term. In addition, Tenant shall, at Tenant's own expense, but under the supervision and subject to the prior approval of Landlord, and within any reasonable period of time specified by Landlord, pursuant to the terms of this Lease, including without limitation Article 8 hereof, promptly and adequately repair all damage to the Premises and replace or repair all damaged, broken, or worn fixtures and appurtenances, except for damage caused by ordinary wear and tear or beyond the reasonable control of Tenant; provided however, that, at Landlord's option, or if Tenant fails to make such repairs, Landlord but need not, make such repairs and replacements, and Tenant shall pay Landlord the cost thereof, including a percentage of the cost thereof (to be uniformly established for the Building and/or the Project) sufficient to reimburse Landlord for all overhead, general conditions, fees and other costs or expenses arising from Landlord's involvement with such repairs and replacements forthwith upon being billed for same. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Landlord shall be responsible for repairs to the exterior walls, foundation and roof of the Building, the structural portions of the floors of the Building, and the systems and equipment of the Building, except to the extent that such repairs are required due to the negligence or willful misconduct of Tenant; provided, however, that if such repairs are due to the negligence or willful misconduct of Tenant, Landlord shall nevertheless make such repairs at Tenant's expense, or, if covered by Landlord's insurance, Tenant shall only be obligated to pay any deductible in connection therewith. Landlord may, but shall not be required to, enter the Premises at all reasonable times to make such repairs, alterations, improvements or additions to the Premises or to the Project or to any equipment located in the Project as Landlord shall desire or deem necessary or as Landlord may be required to do by governmental or quasi-governmental authority or court order or decree; provided that Landlord shall use commercially reasonable efforts to notify Tenant in advance of such entries, so that Tenant may elect to have an employee of Tenant accompany Landlord during such entry (provided such employee does not unreasonably interfere with Landlord's work). Tenant hereby waives any and all rights under and benefits of subsection 1 of Section 1932 and Sections 1941 and 1942 of the California Civil Code or under any similar law, statute, or ordinance now or hereafter in effect.

ARTICLE 8

ADDITIONS AND ALTERATIONS

8.1 Landlord's Consent to Alterations. Tenant may not make any

improvements, alterations, additions or changes to the Premises or any mechanical, plumbing or HVAC facilities or systems pertaining to the Premises (collectively, the "Alterations") without first procuring the prior written consent of Landlord to such Alterations, which consent shall be requested by Tenant not less than thirty (30) days prior to the commencement thereof, and which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld by Landlord, provided it shall be deemed reasonable for Landlord to withhold its consent to any Alteration which adversely affects the structural portions or the systems or equipment of the Building or is visible from the exterior of the Building. The construction of the initial improvements to the Premises shall be governed by the terms of the Tenant Work Letter and not the terms of this Article 8.

8.2 Manner of Construction. Landlord may impose, as a condition of its

consent to any and all Alterations or repairs of the Premises or about the Premises, such requirements as Landlord in its sole discretion may deem desirable, including, but not limited to, the requirement that Tenant utilize for such purposes only contractors, subcontractors, materials, mechanics and materialmen selected by Tenant and reasonably approved by Landlord, and the requirement that all Alterations conform in terms of quality and style to the building's standards established by Landlord. If such Alterations will involve the use of or disturb hazardous materials or substances existing in the Premises, Tenant shall comply with Landlord's rules and regulations concerning such hazardous materials or substances. Tenant shall construct such Alterations and perform such repairs in a good and workmanlike manner, in conformance with any and all applicable federal, state, county or municipal laws, rules and regulations and pursuant to a valid building permit, issued by the City of Santa Clara, all in conformance with Landlord's construction rules and regulations. In the event Tenant performs any Alterations, for non-general office use, in the Premises which require or give rise to governmentally required changes to the "Base Building," as that term is defined below, then Landlord shall, at Tenant's expense, make such changes to the Base Building. The "Base Building" shall include the structural portions of the Building, and the public restrooms and the systems and equipment located in the internal core of the Building on the floor or floors on which the Premises are located. In performing the work of any such Alterations, Tenant shall have the work performed in such manner so as not to obstruct access to the Project or any portion thereof, by any other tenant of the Project, and so as not to obstruct the

business of Landlord or other tenants in the Project. Tenant shall not use (and upon notice from Landlord shall cease using) contractors, services, workmen, labor, materials or equipment that, in Landlord's reasonable judgment, would disturb labor harmony with the workforce or trades engaged in performing other work, labor or services in or about the Building or the Common Areas. In addition to Tenant's obligations under Article 9 of this Lease, upon completion of any Alterations, Tenant agrees to cause a Notice of Completion to be recorded in the office of the Recorder of the County of Santa Clara in accordance with Section 3093 of the Civil Code of the State of California or any successor statute, and Tenant shall deliver to the Project management office a reproducible copy of the "as built" drawings of the Alterations as well as all permits, approvals and other documents issued by any governmental agency in connection with the Alterations.

- 8.3 Payment for Improvements. If payment is made directly to contractors,
- Tenant shall comply with Landlord's requirements for final lien releases and waivers in connection with Tenant's payment for work to contractors. Whether or not Tenant orders any work directly from Landlord, Tenant shall pay to Landlord a percentage of the cost of such work sufficient to compensate Landlord for all overhead, general conditions, fees and other costs and expenses arising from Landlord's involvement with such work.
 - 8.4 Construction Insurance. In addition to the requirements of Article 10

of this Lease, in the event that Tenant makes any Alterations, prior to the commencement of such Alterations, Tenant shall provide Landlord with evidence that Tenant carries "Builder's All Risk" insurance in an amount approved by Landlord covering the construction of such Alterations, and such other insurance as Landlord may require, it being understood and agreed that all of such Alterations shall be insured by Tenant pursuant to Article 10 of this Lease immediately upon completion thereof. In addition, in the event Tenant performs Alterations in the Premises which cost exceeds, in the aggregate, \$50,000.00, Landlord may, in its discretion, require Tenant to obtain a lien and completion bond or some alternate form of security satisfactory to Landlord in an amount sufficient to ensure the lien-free completion of such Alterations and naming Landlord as a co-obligee.

8.5 Landlord's Property. All Alterations, improvements, fixtures,

equipment and/or appurtenances which may be installed or placed in or about the Premises, from time to time, shall be at the sole cost of Tenant and shall be and become the property of Landlord at the end of the Lease Term, except that Tenant may remove any Alterations, improvements, fixtures and/or equipment which Tenant can substantiate to Landlord have not been paid for with any Tenant improvement allowance funds provided to Tenant by Landlord, provided Tenant repairs any damage to the Premises and Building caused by such removal and returns the affected portion of the Premises to a building standard tenant improved condition as determined by Landlord; provided, however, that in the event that Tenant's request for Landlord's approval of any particular Alteration requests a determination by Landlord as to whether or not such Alteration shall be required to be removed upon the expiration or earlier termination of this Lease in accordance with the terms hereof, then Landlord's approval shall contain such a determination (and if such consent does not affirmatively require removal, Tenant shall have no obligation to remove the applicable Alteration). Furthermore, Landlord may, by written notice to Tenant prior to the end of the Lease Term, or given following any earlier termination of this Lease, require Tenant, at Tenant's expense, to (i) remove any Alterations or improvements in the Premises, and/or (ii) remove any "Above Building Standard Tenant Improvements," as that term is defined in Section 2.4 of the Tenant Work Letter, located within the Premises and replace the same with then existing "Building Standard Tenant Improvements," as that term is defined in Section 2.3 of the Tenant Work Letter, and to repair any damage to the Premises and Building caused by such removal and to return the affected portion of the Premises to a building standard tenant improved condition as determined by Landlord. If Tenant fails to complete such removal and/or to repair any damage caused by the removal of any Alterations or improvements in the Premises, and returns the affected portion of the Premises to a building standard tenant improved condition as determined by Landlord, then at Landlord's option, either (A) Tenant shall be deemed to be holding over in the Premises and Rent shall continue to accrue in accordance with the terms of Article 16, below, until such work shall be completed, or (B) Landlord may do so and may charge the cost thereof to Tenant. Tenant hereby protects, defends, indemnifies and holds Landlord harmless from any liability, cost, obligation, expense or claim of lien in any manner relating to the installation, placement, removal or financing of any such Alterations, improvements, fixtures and/or equipment in, on or about the Premises, which obligations of Tenant shall survive the expiration or earlier termination of this Lease.

COVENANT AGAINST LIENS

Tenant shall keep the Project and Premises free from any liens or encumbrances arising out of the work performed, materials furnished or obligations incurred by or on behalf of Tenant, and shall protect, defend, indemnify and hold Landlord harmless from and against any claims, liabilities, judgments or costs (including, without limitation, reasonable attorneys' fees and costs) arising out of same or in connection therewith. Tenant shall give Landlord notice at least twenty (20) days prior to the commencement of any such work on the Premises (or such additional time as may be necessary under applicable laws) to afford Landlord the opportunity of posting and recording appropriate notices of non-responsibility. Tenant shall remove any such lien or encumbrance by bond or otherwise within five (5) days after notice by Landlord, and if Tenant shall fail to do so, Landlord may pay the amount necessary to remove such lien or encumbrance, without being responsible for investigating the validity thereof. The amount so paid shall be deemed Additional Rent under this Lease payable upon demand, without limitation as to other remedies available to Landlord under this Lease. Nothing contained in this Lease shall authorize Tenant to do any act which shall subject Landlord's title to the Building or Premises to any liens or encumbrances whether claimed by operation of law or express or implied contract. Any claim to a lien or encumbrance upon the Building or Premises arising in connection with any such work or respecting the Premises not performed by or at the request of Landlord shall be null and void, or at Landlord's option shall attach only against Tenant's interest in the Premises and shall in all respects be subordinate to Landlord's title to the Project, Building and Premises.

ARTICLE 10

INSURANCE

10.1 Indemnification and Waiver. Tenant hereby assumes all risk of damage to property or injury to persons in, upon or about the Premises from any cause whatsoever and agrees that Landlord, its partners, subpartners and their respective officers, agents, servants, employees, and independent contractors (collectively, "Landlord Parties") shall not be liable for, and are hereby released from any responsibility for, any damage either to person or property or resulting from the loss of use thereof, which damage is sustained by Tenant or by other persons claiming through Tenant. Tenant shall indemnify, defend, protect, and hold harmless the Landlord Parties from any and all loss, cost, damage, expense and liability (including without limitation court costs and reasonable attorneys' fees) incurred in connection with or arising from any cause in, on or about the Premises, any violation of any of the requirements, ordinances, statutes, regulations or other laws, including, without limitation, any environmental laws which violation, with respect to environmental laws, is caused by Tenant; any acts, omissions or negligence of Tenant or of any person claiming by, through or under Tenant, or of the contractors, agents, servants, employees, invitees, guests or licensees of Tenant or any such person, in, on or about the Project or any breach of the terms of this Lease, either prior to, during, or after the expiration of the Lease Term, provided that the terms of the foregoing indemnity shall not apply to the gross negligence or willful misconduct of Landlord. Should Landlord be named as a defendant in any suit brought against Tenant in connection with or arising out of Tenant's occupancy of the Premises, Tenant shall pay to Landlord its costs and expenses incurred in such suit, including without limitation, its actual professional fees such as appraisers', accountants' and attorneys' fees. Further, Tenant's agreement to indemnify Landlord pursuant to this Section 10.1 is not intended and shall not

relieve any insurance carrier of its obligations under policies required to be carried by Tenant pursuant to the provisions of this Lease, to the extent such policies cover the matters subject to Tenant's indemnification obligations; nor shall they supersede any inconsistent agreement of the parties set forth in any other provision of this Lease. The provisions of this Section 10.1 shall survive the expiration or sooner termination of this Lease with respect to any claims or liability arising in connection with any event occurring prior to such expiration or termination.

10.2 Landlord's Fire and Casualty Insurance. Landlord shall carry

commercial general liability insurance with respect to the Building during the Lease Term, and shall further insure the Building during the Lease Term against loss or damage due to fire and other casualties covered within the classification of fire and extended coverage, vandalism coverage and malicious mischief, sprinkler leakage, water damage and special extended coverage. Such coverage shall be in such amounts, from such companies, and on such other terms and

conditions, as Landlord may from time to time reasonably determine. Additionally, at the option of Landlord, such insurance coverage may include the risks of earthquakes and/or flood damage and additional hazards, a rental loss endorsement and one or more loss payee endorsements in favor of the holders of any mortgages or deeds of trust encumbering the interest of Landlord in the Building or the ground or underlying lessors of the Building, or any portion thereof. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this Section 10.2, the coverage and amounts of insurance carried by Landlord in connection with the Building shall, at a minimum, be comparable to the coverage and amounts of insurance which are carried by reasonably prudent landlords of comparable buildings in the vicinity, and Worker's Compensation and Employer's Liability coverage as required by applicable law. Tenant shall, at Tenant's expense, comply with all customary insurance company requirements pertaining to the use of the Premises. If Tenant's conduct or use of the Premises other than for $\hbox{normal office purposes causes any increase in the premium for such insurance} \\$ policies then Tenant shall reimburse Landlord for any such increase. Tenant, at Tenant's expense, shall comply with all rules, orders, regulations or requirements of the American Insurance Association (formerly the National Board of Fire Underwriters) and with any similar body.

10.3 Tenant's Insurance. Tenant shall maintain the following coverages in

the following amounts.

10.3.1 Commercial General Liability Insurance covering the insured against claims of bodily injury, personal injury and property damage (including loss of use thereof) arising out of Tenant's operations, and contractual liabilities (covering the performance by Tenant of its indemnity agreements) including a Broad Form endorsement covering the insuring provisions of this Lease and the performance by Tenant of the indemnity agreements set forth in Section 10.1 of this Lease, for limits of liability not less than:

> Bodily Injury and Property Damage Liability

\$3,000,000 each occurrence \$3,000,000 annual aggregate

Personal Injury Liability

\$3,000,000 each occurrence \$3,000,000 annual aggregate 0% Insured's participation

10.3.2 Physical Damage Insurance covering (i) all office furniture, business and trade fixtures, office equipment, free-standing cabinet work, movable partitions, merchandise and all other items of Tenant's property on the Premises installed by, for, or at the expense of Tenant, (ii) the "Tenant Improvements," as that term is defined in Section 2.1 of the Tenant Work Letter, and any other improvements which exist in the Premises as of the Lease Commencement Date (excluding the Base Building) (the "Original Improvements"), and (iii) all other improvements, alterations and additions to the Premises. Such insurance shall be written on an "all risks" of physical loss or damage basis, for the full replacement cost value (subject to reasonable deductible amounts) new without deduction for depreciation of the covered items and in amounts that meet any co-insurance clauses of the policies of insurance and shall include coverage for damage or other loss caused by fire or other peril including, but not limited to, vandalism and malicious mischief, theft, water damage of any type, including sprinkler leakage, bursting or stoppage of pipes, and explosion, and providing business interruption coverage for a period of one

- 10.3.3 Worker's Compensation and Employer's Liability or other similar insurance pursuant to all applicable state and local statutes and regulations.
 - 10.4 Form of Policies. The minimum limits of policies of insurance

required of Tenant under this Lease shall in no event limit the liability of Tenant under this Lease. Such insurance shall (i) name Landlord, Landlord's lender, and any other party the Landlord so specifies, as an additional insured, including Landlord's managing agent, if any; (ii) specifically cover the liability assumed by Tenant under this Lease, including, but not limited to, Tenant's obligations under Section 10.1 of this Lease; (iii) be issued by an insurance company having a rating of not less than A-X in Best's Insurance Guide or which is otherwise acceptable to Landlord and licensed to do business in the State of California; (iv) be primary insurance as to all claims thereunder and provide that any insurance carried by Landlord is excess and is non-contributing with any insurance requirement of Tenant; (v) be in form and content reasonably acceptable to Landlord; and (vi) provide that said insurance shall not be canceled or coverage

changed unless thirty (30) days' prior written notice shall have been given to Landlord and any mortgagee of Landlord. Tenant shall deliver said policy or policies or certificates thereof to Landlord on or before the Lease Commencement Date and at least thirty (30) days before the expiration dates thereof. In the event Tenant shall fail to procure such insurance, or to deliver such policies or certificate, Landlord may, at its option, procure such policies for the account of Tenant, and the cost thereof shall be paid to Landlord within five (5) days after delivery to Tenant of bills therefor.

10.5 Subrogation. Landlord and Tenant intend that their respective $\,$

property loss risks shall be borne by reasonable insurance carriers to the extent above provided, and Landlord and Tenant hereby agree to look solely to, and seek recovery only from, their respective insurance carriers in the event of a property loss to the extent that such coverage is agreed to be provided hereunder. The parties each hereby waive all rights and claims against each other for such losses, and waive all rights of subrogation of their respective insurers, provided such waiver of subrogation shall not affect the right to the insured to recover thereunder. The parties agree that their respective insurance policies are now, or shall be, endorsed such that the waiver of subrogation shall not affect the right of the insured to recover thereunder, so long as no material additional premium is charged therefor.

10.6 Additional Insurance Obligations. Tenant shall carry and maintain

during the entire Lease Term, at Tenant's sole cost and expense, increased amounts of the insurance required to be carried by Tenant pursuant to this Article 10 and such other reasonable types of insurance coverage and in such reasonable amounts covering the Premises and Tenant's operations therein, as may be reasonably requested by Landlord.

ARTICLE 11

DAMAGE AND DESTRUCTION

11.1 Repair of Damage to Premises by Landlord. Tenant shall promptly

notify Landlord of any damage to the Premises resulting from fire or any other casualty. If the Premises or any Common Areas serving or providing access to the Premises shall be damaged by fire or other casualty, Landlord shall promptly and diligently, subject to reasonable delays for insurance adjustment or other matters beyond Landlord's reasonable control, and subject to all other terms of this Article 11, restore the Base Building and such Common Areas. Such restoration shall be to substantially the same condition of the Base Building and the Common Areas prior to the casualty, except for modifications required by zoning and building codes and other laws or by the holder of a mortgage on the Building or Project or any other modifications to the Common Areas deemed desirable by Landlord, provided that access to the Premises and any common restrooms serving the Premises shall not be materially impaired. Upon the occurrence of any damage to the Premises, upon notice (the "Landlord Repair Notice") to Tenant from Landlord, Tenant shall assign to Landlord (or to any party designated by Landlord) all insurance proceeds payable to Tenant under Tenant's insurance required under Section 10.3 of this Lease, and Landlord shall repair any injury or damage to the Tenant Improvements and the Original Improvements installed in the Premises and shall return such Tenant Improvements and Original Improvements to their original condition; provided that if the cost of such repair by Landlord exceeds the amount of insurance proceeds received by Landlord from Tenant's insurance carrier, as assigned by Tenant, the cost of such repairs shall be paid by Tenant to Landlord prior to Landlord's commencement of repair of the damage. In the event that Landlord does not deliver the Landlord Repair Notice within sixty (60) days following the date the casualty becomes known to Landlord, Tenant shall, at its sole cost and expense, repair any injury or damage to the Tenant Improvements and the Original Improvements installed in the Premises and shall return such Tenant Improvements and Original Improvements to their original condition. Whether or not Landlord delivers a Landlord Repair Notice, prior to the commencement of construction, Tenant shall submit to Landlord, for Landlord's review and approval, all plans, specifications and working drawings relating thereto, and Landlord shall select the contractors to perform such improvement work. Landlord shall not be liable for any inconvenience or annoyance to Tenant or its visitors, or injury to Tenant's business resulting in any way from such damage or the repair thereof; provided however, that if such fire or other casualty shall have damaged the Premises or Common Areas necessary to Tenant's occupancy, Landlord shall allow Tenant a proportionate abatement of Rent to the extent Landlord is reimbursed from the proceeds of rental interruption insurance purchased by Landlord as part of Operating Expenses, during the time and to the extent the Premises are unfit for occupancy for

the purposes permitted under this Lease, and not occupied by Tenant as a result thereof; provided, further, however, that if the damage or destruction is due to the negligence or wilful misconduct of Tenant or any of its agents, employees, contractors, invitees or guests, Tenant shall be responsible for any reasonable, applicable insurance deductible (which shall be payable to Landlord upon demand) and there shall be no rent abatement. In the event that Landlord shall not deliver the Landlord Repair Notice, Tenant's right to rent abatement pursuant to the preceding sentence shall terminate as of the date which is reasonably determined by Landlord to be the date Tenant should have completed repairs to the Premises assuming Tenant used reasonable due diligence in connection therewith.

11.2 Landlord's Option to Repair. Notwithstanding the terms of Section

11.1 of this Lease, Landlord may elect not to rebuild and/or restore the $\label{lem:premises} \mbox{ Premises, Building and/or Project, and instead terminate this Lease, by}$ notifying Tenant in writing of such termination within sixty (60) days after the date of discovery of the damage, such notice to include a termination date giving Tenant sixty (60) days to vacate the Premises, but Landlord may so elect only if the Building or Project shall be damaged by fire or other casualty or cause, whether or not the Premises are affected, and one or more of the following conditions is present: (i) in Landlord's reasonable judgment, repairs cannot reasonably be completed within one hundred eighty (180) days after the date of discovery of the damage (when such repairs are made without the payment of overtime or other premiums); (ii) the holder of any mortgage on the Building or Project or ground lessor with respect to the Building or Project shall require that the insurance proceeds or any portion thereof be used to retire the mortgage debt, or shall terminate the ground lease, as the case may be; (iii) the damage is not fully covered by Landlord's insurance policies, excluding deductibles; or (iv) Landlord decides to rebuild the Building or Common Areas so that they will be substantially different structurally or architecturally; or (v) the damage occurs during the last twelve (12) months of the Lease Term; provided, however, that if Landlord does not elect to terminate this Lease pursuant to Landlord's termination right as provided above, and (I) the damage occurs during the last twelve (12) months of the Lease Term, or (II) the repairs cannot, in the reasonable judgment of Landlord, be completed within one hundred eighty (180) days after being commenced, Tenant may elect, no earlier than sixty (60) days after the date of the damage and not later than ninety (90) days after the date of such damage, to terminate this Lease by written notice to Landlord effective as of the date specified in the notice, which date shall not be less than thirty (30) days nor more than sixty (60) days after the date such notice is given by Tenant. At any time, from time to time, after the date occurring sixty (60) days after the date of the damage, Tenant may request that Landlord inform Tenant of Landlord's reasonable opinion of the date of completion of the repairs and Landlord shall respond to such request within five (5) business days.

11.3 Waiver of Statutory Provisions. The provisions of this Lease,

including this Article 11, constitute an express agreement between Landlord and Tenant with respect to any and all damage to, or destruction of, all or any part of the Premises, the Building or the Project, and any statute or regulation of the State of California, including, without limitation, Sections 1932(2) and 1933(4) of the California Civil Code, with respect to any rights or obligations concerning damage or destruction in the absence of an express agreement between the parties, and any other statute or regulation, now or hereafter in effect, shall have no application to this Lease or any damage or destruction to all or any part of the Premises, the Building or the Project.

ARTICLE 12

NONWAIVER

No provision of this Lease shall be deemed waived by either party hereto unless expressly waived in a writing signed thereby. The waiver by either party hereto of any breach of any term, covenant or condition herein contained shall not be deemed to be a waiver of any subsequent breach of same or any other term, covenant or condition herein contained. The subsequent acceptance of Rent hereunder by Landlord shall not be deemed to be a waiver of any preceding breach by Tenant of any term, covenant or condition of this Lease, other than the failure of Tenant to pay the particular Rent so accepted, regardless of Landlord's knowledge of such preceding breach at the time of acceptance of such Rent. No acceptance of a lesser amount than the Rent herein stipulated shall be deemed a waiver of Landlord's right to receive the full amount

due. No receipt of monies by Landlord from Tenant after the termination of this Lease shall in any way alter the length of the Lease Term or of Tenant's right of possession hereunder, or after the giving of any notice shall reinstate, continue or extend the Lease Term or affect any notice given Tenant prior to the receipt of such monies, it being agreed that after the service of notice or the commencement of a suit, or after final judgment for possession of the Premises, Landlord may receive and collect any Rent due, and the payment of said Rent shall not waive or affect said notice, suit or judgment.

ARTICLE 13
-----CONDEMNATION

If the whole or any part of the Premises shall be taken by power of eminent domain or condemned by any competent authority for any public or quasi-public use or purpose, or if any adjacent property or street shall be so taken or condemned, or reconfigured or vacated by such authority in such manner as to require the use, reconstruction or remodeling of any part of the Premises, Building or Project, or if Landlord shall grant a deed or other instrument in lieu of such taking by eminent domain or condemnation, Landlord shall have the option to terminate this Lease effective as of the date possession is required to be surrendered to the authority. If any portion of the Premises is taken and such taking materially impairs Tenant's ability to use the Premises or conduct it's business therein, or if access to the Premises is substantially impaired, in each case for a period in excess of ninety (90) days, Tenant shall have the option to terminate this Lease effective as of the date possession is required to be surrendered to the authority. Tenant shall not because of such taking assert any claim against Landlord or the authority for any compensation because of such taking and Landlord shall be entitled to the entire award or payment in connection therewith, except that Tenant shall have the right to file any separate claim available to Tenant for any taking of Tenant's personal property and fixtures belonging to Tenant and removable by Tenant upon expiration of the Lease Term pursuant to the terms of this Lease, and for moving expenses, so long as such claims do not diminish the award available to Landlord, its ground lessor with respect to the Building or Project or its mortgagee, and such claim is payable separately to Tenant. All Rent shall be apportioned as of the date of such termination. If any part of the Premises shall be taken, and this Lease shall not be so terminated, the Rent shall be proportionately abated. Tenant hereby waives any and all rights it might otherwise have pursuant to Section 1265.130 of The California Code of Civil Procedure. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Article 13, in the event of a temporary taking of all or any portion of the Premises for a period of one hundred and eighty (180) days or less, then this Lease shall not terminate but the Base Rent and the Additional Rent shall be abated for the period of such taking in proportion to the ratio that the amount of rentable square feet of the Premises taken bears to the total rentable square feet of the Premises. Landlord shall be entitled to receive the entire award made in connection with any such temporary taking.

ARTICLE 14

ASSIGNMENT AND SUBLETTING

14.1 Transfers. Tenant shall not, without the prior written consent of

Landlord, assign, mortgage, pledge, hypothecate, encumber, or permit any lien to attach to, or otherwise transfer, this Lease or any interest hereunder, permit any assignment, or other transfer of this Lease or any interest hereunder by operation of law, sublet the Premises or any part thereof, or enter into any license or concession agreements or otherwise permit the occupancy or use of the Premises or any part thereof by any persons other than Tenant and its employees and contractors (all of the foregoing are hereinafter sometimes referred to collectively as "Transfers" and any person to whom any Transfer is made or sought to be made is hereinafter sometimes referred to as a "Transferee"). If Tenant desires Landlord's consent to any Transfer, Tenant shall notify Landlord in writing, which notice (the "Transfer Notice") shall include (i) the proposed effective date of the Transfer, which shall not be less than thirty (30) days nor more than one hundred eighty (180) days after the date of delivery of the Transfer Notice, (ii) a description of the portion of the Premises to be transferred (the "Subject Space"), (iii) all of the terms of the proposed Transfer and the consideration therefor, including calculation of the "Transfer Premium", as that term is defined in Section 14.3 below, in connection with such Transfer, the name and address of the proposed Transferee, and an executed copy of all documentation effectuating the proposed Transfer, including all operative documents to evidence such Transfer and all agreements incidental or related to such Transfer, provided that Landlord shall have the

right to require Tenant to utilize Landlord's standard Transfer documents in connection with the documentation of such Transfer, (iv) current financial statements of the proposed Transferee certified by an officer, partner or owner thereof, business credit and personal references and history of the proposed Transferee and any other information required by Landlord which will enable Landlord to determine the financial responsibility, character, and reputation of the proposed Transferee, nature of such Transferee's business and proposed use of the Subject Space and (v) an executed estoppel certificate from Tenant in the form attached hereto as Exhibit E. Any Transfer made without Landlord's prior

written consent shall, at Landlord's option, be null, void and of no effect, and shall, at Landlord's option, constitute a default by Tenant under this Lease. Whether or not Landlord consents to any proposed Transfer, Tenant shall pay Landlord's review and processing fees, as well as any reasonable professional fees (including, without limitation, attorneys', accountants', architects', engineers' and consultants' fees) incurred by Landlord, within thirty (30) days after written request by Landlord.

- 14.2 Landlord's Consent. Landlord shall not unreasonably withhold its
- consent to any proposed Transfer of the Subject Space to the Transferee on the terms specified in the Transfer Notice. Without limitation as to other reasonable grounds for withholding consent, the parties hereby agree that it shall be reasonable under this Lease and under any applicable law for Landlord to withhold consent to any proposed Transfer where one or more of the following apply:
- 14.2.1 The Transferee is of a character or reputation or engaged in a business which is not consistent with the quality of the Building or the Project, or would be a significantly less prestigious occupant of the Building than Tenant;
- ${\tt 14.2.2}$ The Transferee intends to use the Subject Space for purposes which are not permitted under this Lease;
- 14.2.3 The Transferee is either a governmental agency or instrumentality thereof;
 - 14.2.4 INTENTIONALLY DELETED;
- 14.2.5 The Transferee is not a party of reasonable financial worth and/or financial stability in light of the responsibilities to be undertaken in connection with the Transfer on the date consent is requested;
- 14.2.6 The proposed Transfer would cause a violation of another lease for space in the Project, or would give an occupant of the Project a right to cancel its lease:
- 14.2.7 The terms of the proposed Transfer will allow the Transferee to exercise a right of renewal, right of expansion, right of first offer, or other similar right held by Tenant (or will allow the Transferee to occupy space leased by Tenant pursuant to any such right); or
- 14.2.8 Either the proposed Transferee, or any person or entity which directly or indirectly, controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with, the proposed Transferee, (i) occupies space in the Project at the time of the request for consent, or (ii) is negotiating with Landlord to lease space in the Project at such time, or (iii) has negotiated with Landlord during the twelve (12)-month period immediately preceding the Transfer Notice; provided in each event that Landlord has space in the Project reasonably capable of satisfying the proposed Transferee's space requirement.
- If Landlord consents to any Transfer pursuant to the terms of this Section 14.2 (and does not exercise any recapture rights Landlord may have under Section 14.4 of this Lease), Tenant may within six (6) months after Landlord's consent, but not later than the expiration of said six-month period, enter into such Transfer of the Premises or portion thereof, upon substantially the same terms and conditions as are set forth in the Transfer Notice furnished by Tenant to Landlord pursuant to Section 14.1 of this Lease, provided that if there are any changes in the terms and conditions from those specified in the Transfer Notice (i) such that Landlord would initially have been entitled to refuse its consent to such Transfer under this Section 14.2, or (ii) which would cause the proposed Transfer to be more favorable to the Transferee than the terms set forth in Tenant's original Transfer Notice, Tenant shall again submit the Transfer to Landlord for its approval and other action under this Article 14 (including Landlord's right of recapture, if any, under Section 14.4 of this Lease). Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Lease, if

Tenant or any proposed Transferee claims that Landlord has unreasonably withheld or delayed its consent under Section 14.2 or otherwise has breached or acted unreasonably under this Article 14, their sole remedies shall be a declaratory judgment and an injunction for the relief sought without any monetary damages, and Tenant hereby waives all other remedies, including, without limitation, any right at law or equity to terminate this Lease, on its own behalf and, to the extent permitted under all applicable laws, on behalf of the proposed Transferee. Tenant shall indemnify, defend and hold harmless Landlord from any and all liability, losses, claims, damages, costs, expenses, causes of action and proceedings involving any third party or parties (including without limitation Tenant's proposed subtenant or assignee) who claim they were damaged by Landlord's wrongful withholding or conditioning of Landlord's consent.

14.3 Transfer Premium. If Landlord consents to a Transfer, as a condition

thereto which the parties hereby agree is reasonable, Tenant shall pay to Landlord seventy-five percent (75%) of any "Transfer Premium," as that term is defined in this Section 14.3, received by Tenant from such Transferee. "Transfer Premium" shall mean all rent, additional rent or other consideration payable by such Transferee in connection with the Transfer in excess of the Rent and Additional Rent payable by Tenant under this Lease during the term of the Transfer on a per rentable square foot basis if less than all of the Premises is transferred, after deducting the reasonable expenses incurred by Tenant for (i) any free base rent reasonably provided to the Transferee, (ii) any changes, alterations and improvements to the Premises in connection with the Transfer and (iii) any legal expenses and any brokerage commissions in connection with the Transfer. "Transfer Premium" shall also include, but not be limited to, key money, bonus money or other cash consideration paid by Transferee to Tenant in connection with such Transfer, and any payment in excess of fair market value for services rendered by Tenant to Transferee or for assets, fixtures, inventory, equipment, or furniture transferred by Tenant to Transferee in connection with such Transfer. In the calculations of the Rent (as it relates to the Transfer Premium calculated under this Section 14.3), and the Transferee's Rent and Quoted Rent under Section 14.2 of this Lease, the Rent paid during each annual period for the Subject Space, and the Transferee's Rent and the Quoted Rent, shall be computed after adjusting such rent to the actual effective rent to be paid, taking into consideration any and all leasehold concessions granted in connection therewith, including, but not limited to, any rent credit and tenant improvement allowance. For purposes of calculating any such effective rent all such concessions shall be amortized on a straight-line basis over the relevant term.

14.4 Landlord's Option as to Subject Space. Notwithstanding anything to

the contrary contained in this Article 14, Landlord shall have the option, by giving written notice to Tenant within thirty (30) days after receipt of any Transfer Notice, to recapture the Subject Space for the remainder of the Lease Term. Such recapture shall cancel and terminate this Lease with respect to the Subject Space as of the date stated in the Transfer Notice as the effective date of the proposed Transfer. In the event of a recapture by Landlord, if this Lease shall be canceled with respect to less than the entire Premises, then (i) the Rent reserved herein shall be prorated on the basis of the number of rentable square feet retained by Tenant in proportion to the number of rentable square feet contained in the Premises; (ii) this Lease as so amended shall continue thereafter in full force and effect, and upon request of either party, the parties shall execute written confirmation of the same; and (iii) Landlord shall construct or cause to be constructed a demising wall separating that portion of the Premises recaptured by Landlord from that portion of the Premises retained by Tenant; provided that, Tenant hereby agrees that, notwithstanding Tenant's occupancy of its retained portion of the Premises during the construction of such demising wall by Landlord, Landlord shall be permitted to construct such demising wall during normal business hours, without any obligation to pay overtime other premiums, and the construction of such demising wall by Landlord shall in no way constitute a constructive eviction of Tenant nor entitle Tenant to any abatement of Rent (except as provided in Section 6.4 of this Lease), and Landlord shall have no responsibility or for any reason be liable to Tenant for any direct or indirect injury to or interference with Tenant's business arising from the construction of such demising wall, nor shall Tenant be entitled to any compensation or damages from Landlord for loss of the use of the whole or any part of its retained portion of the Premises or of Tenant's personal property or improvements resulting from the construction of such demising wall, or for any inconvenience or annoyance occasioned by the construction of such demising wall. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Landlord shall use commercially reasonable efforts to perform the construction of the demising wall so as to minimize interference with Tenant's use of, and access to the Premises. If Landlord declines, or fails to elect in a timely manner, to recapture the Subject Space under this Section 14.4, then, provided Landlord has consented to the proposed

Transfer, Tenant shall be entitled to proceed to transfer the Subject Space to the proposed Transferee, subject to provisions of this Article 14.

- 14.5 Effect of Transfer. If Landlord consents to a Transfer, (i) the terms
- and conditions of this Lease shall in no way be deemed to have been waived or modified, (ii) such consent shall not be deemed consent to any further Transfer by either Tenant or a Transferee, (iii) Tenant shall deliver to Landlord, promptly after execution, an original executed copy of all documentation pertaining to the Transfer in form reasonably acceptable to Landlord, (iv) Tenant shall furnish upon Landlord's request a complete statement, certified by an independent certified public accountant, or Tenant's chief financial officer, setting forth in detail the computation of any Transfer Premium Tenant has derived and shall derive from such Transfer, and (v) no Transfer relating to this Lease or agreement entered into with respect thereto, whether with or without Landlord's consent, shall relieve Tenant or any guarantor of the Lease from any liability under this Lease, including, without limitation, in connection with the Subject Space. Landlord or its authorized representatives shall have the right at all reasonable times to audit the books, records and papers of Tenant relating to any Transfer, and shall have the right to make copies thereof. If the Transfer Premium respecting any Transfer shall be found understated, Tenant shall, within thirty (30) days after demand, pay the deficiency, and if understated by more than two percent (2%), Tenant shall pay Landlord's costs of such audit.
 - 14.6 Additional Transfers. For purposes of this Lease, the term "Transfer"

shall also include (i) if Tenant is a partnership, the withdrawal or change, voluntary, involuntary or by operation of law, of fifty percent (50%) or more of the partners, or transfer of fifty percent (50%) or more of partnership interests, within a twelve (12)-month period, or the dissolution of the partnership without immediate reconstitution thereof, and (ii) if Tenant is a closely held corporation (i.e., whose stock is not publicly held and not traded through an exchange or over the counter), (A) the dissolution, merger, consolidation or other reorganization of Tenant or (B) the sale or other transfer of an aggregate of fifty percent (50%) or more of the voting shares of Tenant (other than to immediate family members by reason of gift or death), within a twelve (12)-month period, or (C) the sale, mortgage, hypothecation or pledge of an aggregate of fifty percent (50%) or more of the value of the unencumbered assets of Tenant within a twelve (12)-month period.

14.7 Occurrence of Default. Any Transfer hereunder shall be subordinate

and subject to the provisions of this Lease, and if this Lease shall be terminated during the term of any Transfer, Landlord shall have the right to: (i) treat such Transfer as cancelled and repossess the Subject Space by any lawful means, or (ii) require that such Transferee attorn to and recognize Landlord as its landlord under any such Transfer. If Tenant shall be in default under this Lease, Landlord is hereby irrevocably authorized, as Tenant's agent and attorney-in-fact, to direct any Transferee to make all payments under or in connection with the Transfer directly to Landlord (which Landlord shall apply towards Tenant's obligations under this Lease) until such default is cured. Such Transferee shall rely on any representation by Landlord that Tenant is in default hereunder, without any need for confirmation thereof by Tenant. Upon any assignment, the assignee shall assume in writing all obligations and covenants of Tenant thereafter to be performed or observed under this Lease. No collection or acceptance of rent by Landlord from any Transferee shall be deemed a waiver of any provision of this Article 14 or the approval of any Transferee or a release of Tenant from any obligation under this Lease, whether theretofore or thereafter accruing. In no event shall Landlord's enforcement of any provision of this Lease against any Transferee be deemed a waiver of Landlord's right to enforce any term of this Lease against Tenant or any other person. If Tenant's obligations hereunder have been guaranteed, Landlord's consent to any Transfer shall not be effective unless the guarantor also consents to such Transfer.

 ${\tt 14.8} \quad {\tt Non-Transfers.} \quad {\tt Notwithstanding} \ {\tt anything} \ {\tt to} \ {\tt the} \ {\tt contrary} \ {\tt contained} \ {\tt in}$

this Article 14, neither (i) an assignment to an entity which acquires all or substantially all of the stock or assets of Tenant, (ii) an assignment of the Premises to a transferee which is the resulting entity of a merger or consolidation of Tenant with another entity, nor (iii) an assignment or subletting of all or a portion of the Premises to an affiliate of Tenant (an entity which is controlled by, controls, or is under common control with, Tenant) (collectively, "Affiliates"), shall be deemed a Transfer under this Article 14, provided that Tenant notifies Landlord of any such assignment or sublease and promptly supplies Landlord with any documents or information reasonably requested by Landlord regarding such assignment or sublease or such affiliate, and further provided that such assignment or sublease is not a subterfuge by Tenant to avoid its

obligations under this Lease. "Control," as used in this Section 14.8, shall mean the possession, directly or indirectly, of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of a person or entity, whether by ownership of voting securities, by contract, or otherwise.

ARTICLE 15

SURRENDER OF PREMISES; OWNERSHIP AND REMOVAL OF TRADE FIXTURES

15.1 Surrender of Premises. No act or thing done by Landlord or any agent

or employee of Landlord during the Lease Term shall be deemed to constitute an acceptance by Landlord of a surrender of the Premises unless such intent is specifically acknowledged in writing by Landlord. The delivery of keys to the Premises to Landlord or any agent or employee of Landlord shall not constitute a surrender of the Premises or effect a termination of this Lease, whether or not the keys are thereafter retained by Landlord, and notwithstanding such delivery Tenant shall be entitled to the return of such keys at any reasonable time upon request until this Lease shall have been properly terminated. The voluntary or other surrender of this Lease by Tenant, whether accepted by Landlord or not, or a mutual termination hereof, shall not work a merger, and at the option of Landlord shall operate as an assignment to Landlord of all subleases or subtenancies affecting the Premises or terminate any or all such sublessees or subtenancies.

15.2 Removal of Tenant Property by Tenant. Upon the expiration of the Lease Term, or upon any earlier termination of this Lease, Tenant shall, subject to the provisions of this Article 15, quit and surrender possession of the Premises to Landlord in as good order and condition as when Tenant took possession and as thereafter improved by Landlord and/or Tenant, reasonable wear and tear and repairs which are specifically made the responsibility of Landlord hereunder excepted. Upon such expiration or termination, Tenant shall, without expense to Landlord, remove or cause to be removed from the Premises all debris and rubbish, and such items of furniture, equipment, business and trade fixtures, free-standing cabinet work, movable partitions and other articles of personal property owned by Tenant or installed or placed by Tenant at its expense in the Premises, and such similar articles of any other persons claiming under Tenant, as Landlord may, in its sole discretion, require to be removed, and Tenant shall repair at its own expense all damage to the Premises and Building resulting from such removal.

ARTICLE 16

HOLDING OVER

If Tenant holds over after the expiration of the Lease Term or earlier termination thereof, with or without the express or implied consent of Landlord, such tenancy shall be from month-to-month only, and shall not constitute a renewal hereof or an extension for any further term, and in such case Rent shall be payable at a monthly rate equal to (I) 150% during the first sixty (60) days of holdover, and (II) 200% thereafter, of the greater of (i) the Rent applicable during the last rental period of the Lease Term under this Lease, and (ii) the then-current market rent for the Premises (as reasonably determined by Landlord). Such month-to-month tenancy shall be subject to every other applicable term, covenant and agreement contained herein. For purposes of this Article 16, a holding over shall include Tenant's remaining in the Premises after the expiration or earlier termination of the Lease Term, as required pursuant to the terms of Section 8.5, above, to remove any required improvements or Alterations (and to complete any corresponding repairs or restorations as set forth in Section 8.5 of this Lease). Nothing contained in this Article 16 shall be construed as consent by Landlord to any holding over by Tenant, and Landlord expressly reserves the right to require Tenant to surrender possession of the Premises to Landlord as provided in this Lease upon the expiration or other termination of this Lease. The provisions of this Article 16 shall not be deemed to limit or constitute a waiver of any other rights or remedies of Landlord provided herein or at law. If Tenant fails to surrender the Premises upon the termination or expiration of this Lease, in addition to any other liabilities to Landlord accruing therefrom, Tenant shall protect, defend, indemnify and hold Landlord harmless from all loss, costs (including reasonable attorneys' fees) and liability resulting from such failure, including, without limiting the generality of the foregoing, any claims made by any succeeding tenant founded upon such failure to surrender and any lost profits to Landlord resulting therefrom.

ESTOPPEL CERTIFICATES

Within ten (10) days following a request in writing by Landlord, Tenant shall execute, acknowledge and deliver to Landlord an estoppel certificate, which, as submitted by Landlord, shall be substantially in the form of Exhibit

E, attached hereto (or such other form as may be required by any prospective

mortgagee or purchaser of the Project, or any portion thereof), indicating therein any exceptions thereto that may exist at that time, and shall also contain any other information reasonably requested by Landlord or Landlord's mortgagee or prospective mortgagee. Any such certificate may be relied upon by any prospective mortgagee or purchaser of all or any portion of the Project. Tenant shall execute and deliver whatever other instruments may be reasonably required for such purposes. At any time during the Lease Term, Landlord may require Tenant to provide Landlord with a current financial statement and financial statements of the two (2) years prior to the current financial statement year. Such statements shall be prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and, if such is the normal practice of Tenant, shall be audited by an independent certified public accountant. Failure of Tenant to timely execute, acknowledge and deliver such estoppel certificate or other instruments shall constitute an acceptance of the Premises and an acknowledgment by Tenant that statements included in the estoppel certificate are true and correct, without exception.

ARTICLE 18

SUBORDINATION

This Lease shall be subject and subordinate to all present and future ground or underlying leases of the Building or Project and to the lien of any mortgage, trust deed or other encumbrances now or hereafter in force against the Building or Project or any part thereof, if any, and to all renewals, extensions, modifications, consolidations and replacements thereof, and to all advances made or hereafter to be made upon the security of such mortgages or trust deeds, unless the holders of such mortgages, trust deeds or other encumbrances, or the lessors under such ground lease or underlying leases, require in writing that this Lease be superior thereto. Landlord shall use commercially reasonable efforts to provide Tenant with a non-disturbance agreement in a commercially reasonable form from Landlord's presently existing lender holding a first deed of trust on the Building on or before the date which is the later to occur of (i) thirty (30) days following the mutual execution and delivery of this Lease by Landlord and Tenant, and (ii) thirty (30) days following Tenant's execution and delivery of such non-disturbance agreement. Landlord s delivery to Tenant of commercially reasonable non-disturbance agreement(s) in favor of Tenant from any ground lessors, mortgage holders or lien holders of Landlord who later come into existence at any time prior to the expiration of the Lease Term shall be in consideration of, and a condition precedent to, Tenant's agreement to be bound by the terms of this Article 18.

Tenant covenants and agrees in the event any proceedings are brought for the foreclosure of any such mortgage or deed in lieu thereof (or if any ground lease is terminated), to attorn, without any deductions or set-offs whatsoever, to the lienholder or purchaser or any successors thereto upon any such foreclosure sale or deed in lieu thereof (or to the ground lessor), if so requested to do so by such purchaser or lienholder or ground lessor, and to recognize such purchaser or lienholder or ground lessor as the lessor under this Lease, provided such lienholder or purchaser or ground lessor shall agree to accept this Lease and not disturb Tenant's occupancy, so long as Tenant timely pays the rent and observes and performs the terms, covenants and conditions of this Lease to be observed and performed by Tenant. Landlord's interest herein may be assigned as security at any time to any lienholder. Tenant shall, within five (5) days of request by Landlord, execute such further instruments or assurances as Landlord may reasonably deem necessary to evidence or confirm the subordination or superiority of this Lease to any such mortgages, trust deeds, ground leases or underlying leases. Tenant waives the provisions of any current or future statute, rule or law which may give or purport to give Tenant any right or election to terminate or otherwise adversely affect this Lease and the obligations of the Tenant hereunder in the event of any foreclosure proceeding or sale.

ARTICLE 19

DEFAULTS; REMEDIES

- 19.1 Events of Default. The occurrence of any of the following shall constitute a default of this Lease by Tenant:
- 19.1.1 Any failure by Tenant to pay any Rent or any other charge
- required to be paid under this Lease, or any part thereof, when due unless such failure is cured within three (3) days after notice; or 19.1.2 Except where a specific time period is otherwise set forth
- for Tenant's performance in this Lease, in which event the failure to perform by Tenant within such time period shall be a default by Tenant under this Section 19.1.2, any failure by Tenant to observe or perform any other provision, covenant or condition of this Lease to be observed or performed by Tenant where such failure continues for ten (10) days after written notice thereof from Landlord to Tenant; provided that if the nature of such default is such that the same cannot reasonably be cured within a ten (10) day period, Tenant shall not be deemed to be in default if it diligently commences such cure within such period and thereafter diligently proceeds to rectify and cure such default, but in no event exceeding a period of time in excess of thirty (30) days after written notice thereof from Landlord to Tenant; or
- 19.1.3 To the extent permitted by law, a general assignment by Tenant or any guarantor of this Lease for the benefit of creditors, or the taking of any corporate action in furtherance of bankruptcy or dissolution whether or not there exists any proceeding under an insolvency or bankruptcy law, or the filing by or against Tenant or any guarantor of any proceeding under an insolvency or bankruptcy law, unless in the case of a proceeding filed against Tenant or any guarantor the same is dismissed within sixty (60) days, or the appointment of a trustee or receiver to take possession of all or substantially all of the assets of Tenant or any guarantor, unless possession is restored to Tenant or such guarantor within thirty (30) days, or any execution or other judicially authorized seizure of all or substantially all of Tenant's assets located upon the Premises or of Tenant's interest in this Lease, unless such seizure is discharged within thirty (30) days; or
- 19.1.4 Abandonment or vacation of all or a substantial portion of the Premises by Tenant; or
- 19.1.5 The failure by Tenant to observe or perform according to the provisions of Articles 17 or 18 of this Lease where such failure continues for more than two (2) business days after notice from Landlord; or
- 19.1.6 Tenant's failure to occupy the Premises within ten (10) business days after the Lease Commencement Date.

The notice periods provided herein are in lieu of, and not in addition to, any notice periods provided by law.

- 19.2 Remedies Upon Default. Upon the occurrence of any event of default by Tenant, Landlord shall have, in addition to any other remedies available to
- Landlord at law or in equity (all of which remedies shall be distinct, separate and cumulative), the option to pursue any one or more of the following remedies, each and all of which shall be cumulative and nonexclusive, without any notice or demand whatsoever.
- 19.2.1 Terminate this Lease, in which event Tenant shall immediately surrender the Premises to Landlord, and if Tenant fails to do so, Landlord may, without prejudice to any other remedy which it may have for possession or arrearages in rent, enter upon and take possession of the Premises and expel or remove Tenant and any other person who may be occupying the Premises or any part thereof, without being liable for prosecution or any claim or damages therefor; and Landlord may recover from Tenant the following:
- (i) The worth at the time of any unpaid rent which has been earned at the time of such termination; plus

(ii) The worth at the time of award of the amount by which the unpaid rent which would have been earned after termination until the time of award exceeds the amount of such rental loss that Tenant proves could have been reasonably avoided; plus

(iii) The worth at the time of award of the amount by which the unpaid rent for the balance of the Lease Term after the time of award exceeds the amount of such rental loss that Tenant proves could have been reasonably avoided; plus

(iv) Any other amount necessary to compensate Landlord for all the detriment proximately caused by Tenant's failure to perform its obligations under this Lease or which in the ordinary course of things would be likely to result therefrom, specifically including but not limited to, brokerage commissions and advertising expenses incurred, expenses of remodeling the Premises or any portion thereof for a new tenant, whether for the same or a different use, and any special concessions made to obtain a new tenant; and

 $\mbox{(v)}$ At Landlord's election, such other amounts in addition to or in lieu of the foregoing as may be permitted from time to time by applicable law.

The term "rent" as used in this Section 19.2 shall be deemed to be and to mean all sums of every nature required to be paid by Tenant pursuant to the terms of this Lease, whether to Landlord or to others. As used in Paragraphs 19.2.1(i) and (ii), above, the "worth at the time of award" shall be computed by allowing interest at the rate set forth in Article 25 of this Lease, but in no case greater than the maximum amount of such interest permitted by law. As used in Paragraph 19.2.1(iii) above, the "worth at the time of award" shall be computed by discounting such amount at the discount rate of the Federal Reserve Bank of San Francisco at the time of award plus one percent (1%).

- 19.2.2 Landlord shall have the remedy described in California Civil Code Section 1951.4 (lessor may continue lease in effect after lessee's breach and abandonment and recover rent as it becomes due, if lessee has the right to sublet or assign, subject only to reasonable limitations). Accordingly, if Landlord does not elect to terminate this Lease on account of any default by Tenant, Landlord may, from time to time, without terminating this Lease, enforce all of its rights and remedies under this Lease, including the right to recover all rent as it becomes due.
- 19.2.3 Landlord shall at all times have the rights and remedies (which shall be cumulative with each other and cumulative and in addition to those rights and remedies available under Sections 19.2.1 and 19.2.2, above, or any law or other provision of this Lease), without prior demand or notice except as required by applicable law, to seek any declaratory, injunctive or other equitable relief, and specifically enforce this Lease, or restrain or enjoin a violation or breach of any provision hereof.

Landlord shall have the right to terminate any and all subleases, licenses, concessions or other consensual arrangements for possession entered into by Tenant and affecting the Premises or may, in Landlord's sole discretion, succeed to Tenant's interest in such subleases, licenses, concessions or arrangements. In the event of Landlord's election to succeed to Tenant's interest in any such subleases, licenses, concessions or arrangements, Tenant shall, as of the date of notice by Landlord of such election, have no further right to or interest in the rent or other consideration receivable thereunder.

19.4 Form of Payment After Default. Following the occurrence of an event of default by Tenant, Landlord shall have the right to require that any or all subsequent amounts paid by Tenant to Landlord hereunder, whether to cure the default in question or otherwise, be paid in the form of cash, money order, cashier's or certified check drawn on an institution acceptable to Landlord, or by other means approved by Landlord, notwithstanding any prior practice of accepting payments in any different form.

19.5 Efforts to Relet. No re-entry or repossession, repairs, maintenance, changes, alterations and additions, reletting, appointment of a receiver to protect Landlord's interests hereunder, or any other action or omission by Landlord shall be construed as an election by Landlord to terminate this Lease or Tenant's right to possession, or to accept a surrender of the Premises, nor shall same operate to release Tenant in whole or in part from any of Tenant's

obligations hereunder, unless express written notice of such intention is sent by Landlord to Tenant. Tenant hereby irrevocably waives any right otherwise available under any law to redeem or reinstate this Lease.

ARTICLE 20

COVENANT OF QUIET ENJOYMENT

Landlord covenants that Tenant, on paying the Rent, charges for services and other payments herein reserved and on keeping, observing and performing all the other terms, covenants, conditions, provisions and agreements herein contained on the part of Tenant to be kept, observed and performed, shall, during the Lease Term, peaceably and quietly have, hold and enjoy the Premises subject to the terms, covenants, conditions, provisions and agreements hereof without interference by any persons lawfully claiming by or through Landlord. The foregoing covenant is in lieu of any other covenant express or implied.

ARTICLE 21

SECURITY DEPOSIT

Concurrent with Tenant's execution of this Lease, Tenant shall deposit with Landlord a security deposit (the "Security Deposit") in the amount set forth in Section 7 of the Summary, as security for the faithful performance by Tenant of all of its obligations under this Lease. If Tenant defaults with respect to any provisions of this Lease, including, but not limited to, the provisions relating to the payment of Rent, the removal of property and the repair of resultant damage, Landlord may, without notice to Tenant, but shall not be required to apply all or any part of the Security Deposit for the payment of any Rent or any other sum in default and Tenant shall, upon demand therefor, restore the Security Deposit to its original amount. Any unapplied portion of the Security Deposit shall be returned to Tenant, or, at Landlord's option, to the last assignee of Tenant's interest hereunder, within sixty (60) days following the expiration of the Lease Term. Tenant shall not be entitled to any interest on the Security Deposit. Tenant hereby waives the provisions of Section 1950.7 of the California Civil Code, or any successor statute.

ARTICLE 22

SUBSTITUTION OF OTHER PREMISES

Landlord shall have the right, not more than once during the Lease Term, to relocate the Premises to other space in the Project comparable to the Premises, and all terms hereof shall apply to the new space with equal force; provided that Tenant's Base Rent shall not be increased as a result of such relocation of the Premises; and provided further that Tenant shall not be required to pay Base Rent for the first (1st) two (2) full months following such relocation. In such event, Landlord shall give Tenant at least ninety (90) days prior written notice, shall provide Tenant, at Landlord's sole cost and expense, with tenant improvements at least equal in quality to those in the Premises and shall move Tenant's effects to the new space at Landlord's sole cost and expense at such time and in such manner as to inconvenience Tenant as little as reasonably practicable. In addition, Landlord shall reimburse Tenant for the reasonable costs and expenses incurred by Tenant in connection with such relocation (including, but not limited to, the costs of reasonable supplies of replacement stationery, change of address notices, and telephone and computer installations, cabling and wiring), within thirty (30) days of Landlord's receipt of an invoice therefor. Simultaneously with such relocation of the Premises, the parties shall immediately execute an amendment to this Lease stating the relocation of the Premises.

ARTICLE 23

SIGNS

23.1 Full Building. Subject to Landlord's prior written approval, in its

reasonable discretion, and provided all signs are in keeping with the quality, design and style of the Building and Project, Tenant, if the Premises comprise an entire Building, at its sole cost and expense, may install identification signage anywhere in the Premises, provided that such signs must not be visible from the exterior of the Building.

23.2 Prohibited Signage and Other Items. Any signs, notices, logos,

pictures, names or advertisements which are installed and that have not been separately approved by Landlord may be removed without notice by Landlord at the sole expense of Tenant. Tenant may not install any signs on the exterior or roof of the Project or the Common Areas. Any signs, window coverings, or blinds (even if the same are located behind the Landlord-approved window coverings for the Building), or other items visible from the exterior of the Premises or Building, shall be subject to the prior approval of Landlord, in its sole discretion.

23.3 Monument Signage. The Tenant named in this Lease (the "Original $\,$

Tenant") only shall have the non-exclusive right to have a sign on each of the existing monuments at the entrances to the Project on San Tomas Expressway and Walsh Road and to have a sign on the existing monument located at the entrance to the Project (the "Monument"); provided that (i) the location of Tenant's sign on the Monument shall be designated by Landlord, (ii) the size, materials, design and other specifications of Tenant's sign on the Monument ("Tenant's Sign") shall be subject to Landlord's prior written consent, which consent may be withheld in Landlord's sole discretion; (iii) Tenant's Sign shall comply with all applicable governmental rules and regulations; and (iv) Tenant's Sign shall be personal to the Original Tenant, not be transferable to transferees of Tenant, and shall only apply in the event the Original Tenant occupies the entire Premises. Landlord shall be responsible for the cost of the Monument, and Tenant shall be responsible for all costs incurred by Tenant in connection with laws and removal of Tenant's Sign. Tenant shall be responsible for the removal of Tenant's Sign upon the expiration or earlier termination of this Lease, or upon the expiration of Tenant's right to Tenant's Sign hereunder.

ARTICLE 24

COMPLIANCE WITH LAW

Tenant shall not do anything or suffer anything to be done in or about the Premises or the Project which will in any way conflict with any law, statute, ordinance or other governmental rule, regulation or requirement now in force or which may hereafter be enacted or promulgated (collectively, "Applicable Laws"). At its sole cost and expense, Tenant shall promptly comply with all such Applicable Laws which relate to (i) Tenant's use of the Premises, (ii) the Alterations or tenant improvements in the Premises, or (iii) the "Base Building," as that term is defined below, but, as to the Base Building, only to the extent such obligations are triggered by, and directly related to, Tenant's Alterations, the Tenant Improvements, or Tenant's use of the Premises for nongeneral office use. Should any standard or regulation now or hereafter be imposed on Landlord or Tenant by a state, federal or local governmental body charged with the establishment, regulation and enforcement of occupational, health or safety standards for employers, employees, landlords or tenants, then Tenant agrees, at its sole cost and expense, to comply promptly with such standards or regulations. Tenant shall be responsible, at its sole cost and expense, to make all alterations to the Premises as are required to comply with the governmental rules, regulations, requirements or standards described in this Article 24. The judgment of any court of competent jurisdiction or the

admission of Tenant in any judicial action, regardless of whether Landlord is a party thereto, that Tenant has violated any of said governmental measures, shall be conclusive of that fact as between Landlord and Tenant. Landlord shall comply with all Applicable Laws relating to the Base Building, to the extent that compliance with such Applicable Laws is not the responsibility of Tenant under this Lease, provided that Landlord's failure to comply therewith would prohibit Tenant from obtaining or maintaining a certificate of occupancy for the Premises, or would unreasonably and materially affect the safety of Tenant's employees or create a significant health hazard for Tenant's employees or would prevent Tenant from using the Premises for its intended business purposes. Landlord shall be permitted to include in Operating Expenses any costs or expenses incurred by Landlord under this Article 24, but only to the extent consistent with the terms of Section 4.2.7 above. For purposes of this Lease, the "Base Building" shall include the structural portions of the Building, and the public restrooms and the systems and equipment located in the internal core of the Building on the floor or floors on which the Premises are located.

ARTICLE 25

LATE CHARGES

If any installment of Rent or any other sum due from Tenant shall not be received by Landlord or Landlord's designee within five (5) days after said amount is due, then Tenant shall pay to Landlord a late charge equal to five percent (5%) of the overdue amount plus any attorneys' fees incurred by Landlord by reason of Tenant's failure to pay Rent and/or other charges when due hereunder. The late charge shall be deemed Additional Rent and the right to require it shall be in addition to all of Landlord's other rights and remedies hereunder or at law and shall not be construed as liquidated damages or as limiting Landlord's remedies in any manner. In addition to the late charge described above, any Rent or other amounts owing hereunder which are not paid within ten (10) days after the date they are due shall bear interest from the date when due until paid at a rate per annum equal to the lesser of (i) the annual "Bank Prime Loan" rate cited in the Federal Reserve Statistical Release Publication G.13(415), published on the first Tuesday of each calendar month (or such other comparable index as Landlord and Tenant shall reasonably agree upon if such rate ceases to be published) plus four (4) percentage points, and (ii) the highest rate permitted by applicable law.

ARTICLE 26

LANDLORD'S RIGHT TO CURE DEFAULT; PAYMENTS BY TENANT

26.1 Landlord's Cure. All covenants and agreements to be kept or performed

by Tenant under this Lease shall be performed by Tenant at Tenant's sole cost and expense and without any reduction of Rent, except to the extent, if any, otherwise expressly provided herein. If Tenant shall fail to perform any obligation under this Lease, and such failure shall continue in excess of the time allowed under Section 19.1.2, above, unless a specific time period is otherwise stated in this Lease, Landlord may, but shall not be obligated to, make any such payment or perform any such act on Tenant's part without waiving its rights based upon any default of Tenant and without releasing Tenant from any obligations hereunder.

26.2 Tenant's Reimbursement. Except as may be specifically provided to the

contrary in this Lease, Tenant shall pay to Landlord, upon delivery by Landlord to Tenant of statements therefor: (i) sums equal to expenditures reasonably made and obligations incurred by Landlord in connection with the remedying by Landlord of Tenant's defaults pursuant to the provisions of Section 26.1; (ii) sums equal to all losses, costs, liabilities, damages and expenses referred to in Article 10 of this Lease; and (iii) sums equal to all expenditures made and obligations incurred by Landlord in collecting or attempting to collect the Rent or in enforcing or attempting to enforce any rights of Landlord under this Lease or pursuant to law, including, without limitation, all legal fees and other amounts so expended. Tenant's obligations under this Section 26.2 shall survive the expiration or sooner termination of the Lease Term.

ARTICLE 27

ENTRY BY LANDLORD

Landlord reserves the right at all reasonable times and upon reasonable notice to Tenant (except in the case of an emergency) and provided Tenant is given a reasonable opportunity to supply an employee of Tenant to accompany Landlord, to enter the Premises to (i) inspect them; (ii) show the Premises to prospective purchasers, mortgagees or tenants, or to current or prospective mortgagees, ground or underlying lessors or insurers; (iii) post notices of nonresponsibility; or (iv) alter, improve or repair the Premises or the Building, or for structural alterations, repairs or improvements to the Building or the Building's systems and equipment. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Article 27, Landlord may enter the Premises at any time to (A) perform services required of Landlord, including janitorial service; (B) take possession due to any breach of this Lease in the manner provided herein; and (C) perform any covenants of Tenant which Tenant fails to perform. Landlord may make any such entries without the abatement of Rent (except as provided in Section 6.4 of this Lease) and may take such reasonable steps as required to accomplish the stated purposes. Tenant hereby waives any claims for damages or for any injuries or inconvenience to or interference with Tenant's business, lost profits, any loss of occupancy or quiet enjoyment of the Premises, and any other loss occasioned thereby. For each of the above purposes, Landlord shall at all times have a key

with which to unlock all the doors in the Premises, excluding Tenant's vaults, safes and special security areas designated in advance by Tenant. In an emergency, Landlord shall have the right to use any means that Landlord may deem proper to open the doors in and to the Premises. Any entry into the Premises by Landlord in the manner hereinbefore described shall not be deemed to be a forcible or unlawful entry into, or a detainer of, the Premises, or an actual or constructive eviction of Tenant from any portion of the Premises. No provision of this Lease shall be construed as obligating Landlord to perform any repairs, alterations or decorations except as otherwise expressly agreed to be performed by Landlord herein.

ARTICLE 28

TENANT PARKING

28.1 Tenant Parking Passes. Tenant shall be permitted, throughout the

Lease Term, to use on a non-exclusive basis, free of charge, the number of parking passes set forth in Section 8 of the Summary, which passes shall relate to the Project's parking facilities. Tenant's continued right to use the parking passes is conditioned upon Tenant abiding by all rules and regulations which are prescribed from time to time for the orderly operation and use of the parking facility where the parking passes are located, including any sticker or other identification system established by Landlord, Tenant's cooperation in seeing that Tenant's employees and visitors also comply with such rules and regulations and Tenant not being in default under this Lease.

- $28.2\,$ Other Terms. Landlord specifically reserves the right to change the
- size, configuration, design, layout and all other aspects of the Project parking facility at any time and Tenant acknowledges and agrees that Landlord may, without incurring any liability to Tenant and without any abatement of Rent under this Lease, from time to time, close-off or restrict access to the Project parking facility for purposes of permitting or facilitating any such construction, alteration or improvements. Landlord may delegate its responsibilities hereunder to a parking operator in which case such parking operator shall have all the rights of control attributed hereby to the Landlord. The parking passes provided to Tenant pursuant to this Article 28 are provided to Tenant solely for use by Tenant's own personnel and such passes may not be transferred, assigned, subleased or otherwise alienated by Tenant without Landlord's prior approval.
 - 28.3 Parking Procedures. The parking passes initially will not be

separately identified; however Landlord reserves the right in its sole and absolute discretion to separately identify by signs or other markings the area to which Tenant's parking passes relate. Landlord shall have no obligation to monitor the use of such parking facility, nor shall Landlord be responsible for any loss or damage to any vehicle or other property or for any injury to any person. Tenant's parking passes shall be used only for parking of automobiles no larger than full size passenger automobiles, sport utility vehicles or pick-up trucks. Tenant shall comply with all rules and regulations which may be adopted by Landlord from time to time with respect to parking and/or the parking facilities servicing the Project. Tenant shall not at any time use more parking passes than the number so allocated to Tenant or park it's vehicles or the vehicles of others in any portion of the Project parking facility not designated by Landlord as a non-exclusive parking area. Tenant shall not have the exclusive right to use any specific parking space. If Landlord grants to any other tenant the exclusive right to use any particular parking space(s), Tenant shall not use such spaces. All trucks (other than pick-up trucks) and delivery vehicles shall be (i) parked at the loading dock of the Building, (ii) loaded and unloaded in a manner which does not interfere with the businesses of other occupants of the Project, and (iii) permitted to remain on the Project only so long as is reasonably necessary to complete loading and unloading. In the event Landlord elects in its sole and absolute discretion or is required by any law to limit or control parking, whether by validation of parking tickets or any other method of assessment, Tenant agrees to participate in such validation or assessment program under such reasonable rules and regulations as are from time to time established by Landlord.

ARTICLE 29

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

29.1 Terms; Captions. The words "Landlord" and "Tenant" as used herein

shall include the plural as well as the singular. The necessary grammatical changes required to make

the provisions hereof apply either to corporations or partnerships or individuals, men or women, as the case may require, shall in all cases be assumed as though in each case fully expressed. The captions of Articles and Sections are for convenience only and shall not be deemed to limit, construe, affect or alter the meaning of such Articles and Sections.

- 29.2 Binding Effect. Subject to all other provisions of this Lease, each of the covenants, conditions and provisions of this Lease shall extend to and shall, as the case may require, bind or inure to the benefit not only of Landlord and of Tenant, but also of their respective heirs, personal representatives, successors or assigns, provided this clause shall not permit any assignment by Tenant contrary to the provisions of Article 14 of this Lease.
- 29.3 No Air Rights. No rights to any view or to light or air over any property, whether belonging to Landlord or any other person, are granted to Tenant by this Lease. If at any time any windows of the Premises are temporarily darkened or the light or view therefrom is obstructed by reason of any repairs, improvements, maintenance or cleaning in or about the Project, the same shall be without liability to Landlord and without any reduction or diminution of Tenant's obligations under this Lease.
- ground lessor for the Building or Project require a modification of this Lease, which modification will not cause an increased cost or expense to Tenant or in any other way materially and adversely change the rights and obligations of Tenant hereunder, then and in such event, Tenant agrees that this Lease may be so modified and agrees to execute whatever documents are reasonably required therefor and to deliver the same to Landlord within ten (10) days following a request therefor. At the request of Landlord or any mortgagee or ground lessor, Tenant agrees to execute a short form of Lease and deliver the same to Landlord within ten (10) days following the request therefor.
- has the right to transfer all or any portion of its interest in the Project or Building and in this Lease, and Tenant agrees that in the event of any such transfer, Landlord shall automatically be released from all liability under this Lease and Tenant agrees to look solely to such transferee for the performance of Landlord's obligations hereunder after the date of transfer and such transferee shall be deemed to have fully assumed and be liable for all obligations of this Lease to be performed by Landlord, including the return of any Security Deposit, and Tenant shall attorn to such transferee. Tenant further acknowledges that Landlord may assign its interest in this Lease to a mortgage lender as additional security and agrees that such an assignment shall not release Landlord from its obligations hereunder and that Tenant shall continue to look to Landlord for the performance of its obligations hereunder.
- 29.6 Prohibition Against Recording. Except as provided in Section 29.4 of this Lease, neither this Lease, nor any memorandum, affidavit or other writing with respect thereto, shall be recorded by Tenant or by anyone acting through, under or on behalf of Tenant.
- 29.7 Landlord's Title. Landlord's title is and always shall be paramount to the title of Tenant. Nothing herein contained shall empower Tenant to do any act which can, shall or may encumber the title of Landlord.
- 29.8 Relationship of Parties. Nothing contained in this Lease shall be deemed or construed by the parties hereto or by any third party to create the relationship of principal and agent, partnership, joint venturer or any association between Landlord and Tenant.

- 29.11 Partial Invalidity. If any term, provision or condition contained in this Lease shall, to any extent, be invalid or unenforceable, the remainder of this Lease, or the application of such term, provision or condition to persons or circumstances other than those with respect to

which it is invalid or unenforceable, shall not be affected thereby, and each and every other term, provision and condition of this Lease shall be valid and enforceable to the fullest extent possible permitted by law.

- 29.12 No Warranty. In executing and delivering this Lease, Tenant has not relied on any representations, including, but not limited to, any representation as to the amount of any item comprising Additional Rent or the amount of the Additional Rent in the aggregate or that Landlord is furnishing the same services to other tenants, at all, on the same level or on the same basis, or any warranty or any statement of Landlord which is not set forth herein or in one or more of the exhibits attached hereto.
- 29.13 Landlord Exculpation. The liability of Landlord or the Landlord Parties to Tenant for any default by Landlord under this Lease or arising in connection herewith or with Landlord's operation, management, leasing, repair, renovation, alteration or any other matter relating to the Project or Premises shall be limited solely and exclusively to an amount which is equal to the lesser of (a) the interest of Landlord in the Building or (b) the equity interest Landlord would have in the Building if the Building were encumbered by third-party debt in an amount equal to eighty percent (80%) of the value of the Building (as such value is determined by Landlord), provided that in no event shall such liability extend to any sales or insurance proceeds received by Landlord or the Landlord Parties in connection with the Project, Building or Premises. Neither Landlord, nor any of the Landlord Parties shall have any personal liability therefor, and Tenant hereby expressly waives and releases such personal liability on behalf of itself and all persons claiming by, through or under Tenant. The limitations of liability contained in this Section 29.13 shall inure to the benefit of Landlord's and the Landlord Parties' present and future partners, beneficiaries, officers, directors, trustees, shareholders, agents and employees, and their respective partners, heirs, successors and assigns. Under no circumstances shall any present or future partner of Landlord (if Landlord is a partnership), or trustee or beneficiary (if Landlord or any partner of Landlord is a trust), have any liability for the performance of Landlord's obligations under this Lease. Notwithstanding any contrary provision herein, neither Landlord nor the Landlord Parties shall be liable under any circumstances for injury or damage to, or interference with, Tenant's business, including but not limited to, loss of profits, loss of rents or other revenues, loss of business opportunity, loss of goodwill or loss of use, in each case,
- 29.14 Entire Agreement. It is understood and acknowledged that there are no oral agreements between the parties hereto affecting this Lease and this Lease constitutes the parties' entire agreement with respect to the leasing of the Premises and supersedes and cancels any and all previous negotiations, arrangements, brochures, agreements and understandings, if any, between the parties hereto or displayed by Landlord to Tenant with respect to the subject matter thereof, and none thereof shall be used to interpret or construe this Lease. None of the terms, covenants, conditions or provisions of this Lease can be modified, deleted or added to except in writing signed by the parties hereto.

however occurring.

- 29.15 Right to Lease. Landlord reserves the absolute right to effect such other tenancies in the Project as Landlord in the exercise of its sole business judgment shall determine to best promote the interests of the Building or Project. Tenant does not rely on the fact, nor does Landlord represent, that any specific tenant or type or number of tenants shall, during the Lease Term, occupy any space in the Building or Project.
- 29.16 Force Majeure. Any prevention, delay or stoppage due to strikes, lockouts, labor disputes, acts of God, inability to obtain services, labor, or materials or reasonable substitutes therefor, governmental actions, civil commotions, fire or other casualty, and other causes beyond the reasonable control of the party obligated to perform, except with respect to the obligations imposed with regard to Rent and other charges to be paid by Tenant pursuant to this Lease and except as to Tenant's obligations under Articles 5 and 24 of this Lease (collectively, a "Force Majeure"), notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Lease, shall excuse the performance of such party for a period equal to any such prevention, delay or stoppage and, therefore, if this Lease specifies a time period for performance of an obligation of either party, that time period shall be extended by the period of any delay in such party's performance caused by a Force Majeure.
- 29.17 Waiver of Redemption by Tenant. Tenant hereby waives, for Tenant and for all those claiming under Tenant, any and all rights now or hereafter existing to redeem by order or

judgment of any court or by any legal process or writ, Tenant's right of occupancy of the Premises after any termination of this Lease.

29.18 Notices. All notices, demands, statements, designations, approvals

or other communications (collectively, "Notices") given or required to be given by either party to the other hereunder or by law shall be in writing, shall be (A) sent by United States certified or registered mail, postage prepaid, return receipt requested ("Mail"), (B) transmitted by telecopy, if such telecopy is promptly followed by a Notice sent by Mail, (C) delivered by a nationally recognized overnight courier, or (D) delivered personally. Any Notice shall be sent, transmitted, or delivered, as the case may be, to Tenant at the appropriate address set forth in Section 9 of the Summary, or to such other place as Tenant may from time to time designate in a Notice to Landlord, or to Landlord at the addresses set forth below, or to such other places as Landlord may from time to time designate in a Notice to Tenant. Any Notice will be deemed given (i) three (3) days after the date it is posted if sent by Mail, (ii) the date the telecopy is transmitted, (iii) the date the overnight courier delivery is made, or (iv) the date personal delivery is made or attempted to be made. If Tenant is notified of the identity and address of Landlord's mortgagee or ground or underlying lessor, Tenant shall give to such mortgagee or ground or underlying lessor written notice of any default by Landlord under the terms of this Lease by registered or certified mail, and such mortgagee or ground or underlying lessor shall be given a reasonable opportunity to cure such default prior to Tenant's exercising any remedy available to Tenant. As of the date of this Lease, any Notices to Landlord must be sent, transmitted, or delivered, as the case may be, to the following addresses:

> DivcoWest Group, LLC 150 Spear Street San Francisco, California 94105 Attn: Lesli Wang

with a copy to:

DivcoWest Group, LLC 150 Almaden Boulevard Suite 700 San Jose, California 95113 Attention: Asset Manager

Allen, Matkins, Leck, Gamble & Mallory 1999 Avenue of the Stars, Suite 1800 Los Angeles, California 90067 Attention: Anton N. Natsis, Esq.

29.19 Joint and Several. If there is more than one Tenant, the obligations

29.20 Authority. If Tenant is a corporation, trust or partnership, each

- imposed upon Tenant under this Lease shall be joint and several.
- individual executing this Lease on behalf of Tenant hereby represents and warrants that Tenant is a duly formed and existing entity qualified to do business in California and that Tenant has full right and authority to execute and deliver this Lease and that each person signing on behalf of Tenant is authorized to do so. In such event, Tenant shall, within ten (10) days after execution of this Lease, deliver to Landlord satisfactory evidence of such authority and, if a corporation, upon demand by Landlord, also deliver to Landlord satisfactory evidence of (i) good standing in Tenant's state of
- incorporation and (ii) qualification to do business in California. 29.21 Attorneys' Fees. In the event that either Landlord or Tenant should bring suit for the possession of the Premises, for the recovery of any sum due under this Lease, or because of the breach of any provision of this Lease or for

any other relief against the other, then all costs and expenses, including reasonable attorneys' fees, incurred by the prevailing party therein shall be paid by the other party, which obligation on the part of the other party shall be deemed to have accrued on the date of the commencement of such action and shall be enforceable whether or not the action is prosecuted to judgment.

29.22 Governing Law; WAIVER OF TRIAL BY JURY. This Lease shall be

CONSTRUED AND ACTION OR PROCEEDING ARISING HEREFROM, LANDLORD AND TENANT HEREBY CONSENT TO (I) THE JURISDICTION OF ANY COMPETENT COURT WITHIN THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA, (II) SERVICE OF PROCESS BY ANY MEANS AUTHORIZED BY CALIFORNIA LAW, AND (III) IN THE INTEREST OF SAVING TIME AND EXPENSE, TRIAL WITHOUT A JURY IN ANY ACTION, PROCEEDING OR COUNTERCLAIM BROUGHT BY EITHER OF THE PARTIES HERETO AGAINST THE OTHER OR THEIR SUCCESSORS IN RESPECT OF ANY MATTER ARISING OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THIS LEASE, THE RELATIONSHIP OF LANDLORD AND TENANT, TENANT'S USE OR OCCUPANCY OF THE PREMISES, AND/OR ANY CLAIM FOR INJURY OR DAMAGE, OR ANY EMERGENCY OR STATUTORY REMEDY. IN THE EVENT LANDLORD COMMENCES ANY SUMMARY PROCEEDINGS OR ACTION FOR NONPAYMENT OF BASE RENT OR ADDITIONAL RENT, TENANT SHALL NOT INTERPOSE ANY COUNTERCLAIM OF ANY NATURE OR DESCRIPTION (UNLESS SUCH COUNTERCLAIM SHALL BE MANDATORY) IN ANY SUCH PROCEEDING OR ACTION, BUT SHALL BE RELEGATED TO AN INDEPENDENT ACTION AT LAW.

- 29.23 Submission of Lease. Submission of this instrument for examination or signature by Tenant does not constitute a reservation of, option for or option to lease, and it is not effective as a lease or otherwise until execution and delivery by both Landlord and Tenant.
- have had no dealings with any real estate broker or agent in connection with the negotiation of this Lease, excepting only the real estate brokers or agents specified in Section 11 of the Summary (the "Brokers"), and that they know of no other real estate broker or agent who is entitled to a commission in connection with this Lease. Each party agrees to indemnify and defend the other party against and hold the other party harmless from any and all claims, demands, losses, liabilities, lawsuits, judgments, costs and expenses (including without limitation reasonable attorneys' fees) with respect to any leasing commission or equivalent compensation alleged to be owing on account of any dealings with any real estate broker or agent, other than the Brokers, occurring by, through, or under the indemnifying party.
- 29.25 Independent Covenants. This Lease shall be construed as though the covenants herein between Landlord and Tenant are independent and not dependent and Tenant hereby expressly waives the benefit of any statute to the contrary and agrees that if Landlord fails to perform its obligations set forth herein, Tenant shall not be entitled to make any repairs or perform any acts hereunder at Landlord's expense or to any setoff of the Rent or other amounts owing hereunder against Landlord.
- 29.26 Project or Building Name and Signage. Landlord shall have the right at any time to change the name of the Project or Building and to install, affix and maintain any and all signs on the exterior and on the interior of the Project or Building as Landlord may, in Landlord's sole discretion, desire. Tenant shall not use the name of the Project or Building or use pictures or illustrations of the Project or Building in advertising or other publicity or for any purpose other than as the address of the business to be conducted by Tenant in the Premises, without the prior written consent of Landlord.
- 29.27 Counterparts. This Lease may be executed in counterparts with the same effect as if both parties hereto had executed the same document. Both counterparts shall be construed together and shall constitute a single lease.
- 29.28 Confidentiality. Tenant acknowledges that the content of this Lease and any related documents are confidential information. Tenant shall keep such confidential information strictly confidential and shall not disclose such confidential information to any person or entity other than Tenant's financial, legal, and space planning consultants.
- 29.29 Transportation Management. Tenant shall fully comply with all present or future programs intended to manage parking, transportation or traffic in and around the Building, and in connection therewith, Tenant shall take responsible action for the transportation planning and management of all employees located at the Premises by working directly with Landlord, any governmental transportation management organization or any other transportation-related committees or entities.

29.30 Building Renovations. It is specifically understood and agreed that

Landlord has made no representation or warranty to Tenant and has no obligation and has made no promises to alter, remodel, improve, renovate, repair or decorate the Premises, Building, or any part thereof and that no representations respecting the condition of the Premises or the Building have been made by Landlord to Tenant except as specifically set forth herein or in the Tenant Work Letter. However, Tenant hereby acknowledges that Landlord is currently renovating or may during the Lease Term renovate, improve, alter, or modify (collectively, the "Renovations") the Project, the Building and/or the Premises including without limitation the parking structure, common areas, systems and equipment, roof, and structural portions of the same, which Renovations may include, without limitation, (i) installing sprinklers in the Building common areas and tenant spaces, (ii) modifying the common areas and tenant spaces to comply with applicable laws and regulations, including regulations relating to the physically disabled, seismic conditions, and building safety and security, and (iii) installing new floor covering, lighting, and wall coverings in the Building common areas, and in connection with any Renovations, Landlord may, among other things, erect scaffolding or other necessary structures in the Building, limit or eliminate access to portions of the Project, including portions of the common areas, or perform work in the Building, which work may create noise, dust or leave debris in the Building. Tenant hereby agrees that such Renovations and Landlord's actions in connection with such Renovations shall in no way constitute a constructive eviction of Tenant nor entitle Tenant to any abatement of Rent (except as provided in Section 6.4 of this Lease). Landlord shall have no responsibility or for any reason be liable to Tenant for any direct or indirect injury to or interference with Tenant's business arising from the Renovations, nor shall Tenant be entitled to any compensation or damages from Landlord for loss of the use of the whole or any part of the Premises or of Tenant's personal property or improvements resulting from the Renovations or Landlord's actions in connection with such Renovations, or for any inconvenience or annoyance occasioned by such Renovations or Landlord's actions.

 ${\tt 29.31}\,$ No Violation. Tenant hereby warrants and represents that neither

29.32 Communications and Computer Lines. Tenant may install, maintain,

- its execution of nor performance under this Lease shall cause Tenant to be in violation of any agreement, instrument, contract, law, rule or regulation by which Tenant is bound, and Tenant shall protect, defend, indemnify and hold Landlord harmless against any claims, demands, losses, damages, liabilities, costs and expenses, including, without limitation, reasonable attorneys' fees and costs, arising from Tenant's breach of this warranty and representation.
- replace, remove or use any communications or computer wires and cables (collectively, the "Lines") at the Project in or serving the Premises, provided that (i) Tenant shall obtain Landlord's prior written consent, use an experienced and qualified contractor approved in writing by Landlord, and comply with all of the other provisions of Articles 7 and 8 of this Lease, (ii) an acceptable number of spare Lines and space for additional Lines shall be maintained for existing and future occupants of the Project, as determined in Landlord's reasonable opinion, (iii) the Lines therefor (including riser cables) shall be appropriately insulated to prevent excessive electromagnetic fields or radiation, and shall be surrounded by a protective conduit reasonably acceptable to Landlord, (iv) any new or existing Lines servicing the Premises shall comply with all applicable governmental laws and regulations, (v) as a condition to permitting the installation of new Lines, Landlord may require that Tenant remove existing Lines located in or serving the Premises and repair any damage in connection with such removal, and (vi) Tenant shall pay all costs in

connection therewith. Landlord reserves the right to require that Tenant remove any Lines located in or serving the Premises which are installed in violation of these provisions, or which are at any time in violation of any laws or represent

29.33 Development of the Project.

a dangerous or potentially dangerous condition.

29.33.1 Subdivision. Landlord reserves the right to further

subdivide all or a portion of the Project, provided that Tenant's rights under this Lease are not materially adversely affected thereby. Tenant agrees to execute and deliver, upon demand by Landlord and in the form requested by Landlord, any additional documents needed to conform this Lease to the circumstances resulting from such subdivision.

29.33.2 The Other Improvements. If portions of the Project or

property adjacent to the Project (collectively, the "Other Improvements") are owned by an entity other than Landlord, Landlord, at its option, may enter into an agreement with the owner or owners of

any or all of the Other Improvements to provide (i) for reciprocal rights of access and/or use of the Project and the Other Improvements, (ii) for the common management, operation, maintenance, improvement and/or repair of all or any portion of the Project and the Other Improvements, (iii) for the allocation of a portion of the Direct Expenses to the Other Improvements and the operating expenses and taxes for the Other Improvements to the Project, and (iv) for the use or improvement of the Other Improvements and/or the Project in connection with the improvement, construction, and/or excavation of the Other Improvements and/or the Project. Nothing contained herein shall be deemed or construed to limit or otherwise affect Landlord's right to convey all or any portion of the Project or any other of Landlord's rights described in this Lease.

29.33.3 Construction of Project and Other Improvements. Tenant

acknowledges that portions of the Project and/or the Other Improvements may be under construction following Tenant's occupancy of the Premises, and that such construction may result in levels of noise, dust, obstruction of access, etc. which are in excess of that present in a fully constructed project. Tenant hereby waives any and all rent offsets or claims of constructive eviction which may arise in connection with such construction.

29.34 Office and Communications Services.

29.34.1 The Provider. Landlord has advised Tenant that certain

office and communications services may be offered to tenants of the Project by a concessionaire under contract to Landlord ("Provider"). Tenant shall be permitted to contract with Provider for the provision of any or all of such services on such terms and conditions as Tenant and Provider may agree.

29.34.2 Other Terms. Tenant acknowledges and agrees that: (i)

Landlord has made no warranty or representation to Tenant with respect to the availability of any such services, or the quality, reliability or suitability thereof; (ii) the Provider is not acting as the agent or representative of Landlord in the provision of such services, and Landlord shall have no liability or responsibility for any failure or inadequacy of such services, or any equipment or facilities used in the furnishing thereof, or any act or omission of Provider, or its agents, employees, representatives, officers or contractors; (iii) Landlord shall have no responsibility or liability for the installation, alteration, repair, maintenance, furnishing, operation, adjustment or removal of any such services, equipment or facilities; and (iv) any contract or other agreement between Tenant and Provider shall be independent of this Lease, the obligations of Tenant hereunder, and the rights of Landlord hereunder, and, without limiting the foregoing, no default or failure of Provider with respect to any such services, equipment or facilities, or under any contract or agreement relating thereto, shall have any effect on this Lease or give to Tenant any offset or defense to the full and timely performance of its obligations hereunder, or entitle Tenant to any abatement of rent or additional rent or any other payment required to be made by Tenant hereunder, or constitute any accrual or constructive eviction of Tenant, or otherwise give rise to any other claim of any nature against Landlord.

"Landlord":
SAN TOMAS PROPERTIES, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company
By: DivcoWest Group, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company Its: Agent
By:
Its:
"Tenant":
EXTREME NETWORKS, INC., a Delaware corporation
By:
Its:
By:
Its:

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EXHIBIT A

OUTLINE OF PREMISES

[TO BE PROVIDED]

-1-

EXHIBIT B

TENANT WORK LETTER

This Tenant Work Letter shall set forth the terms and conditions relating to the construction of the Premises. This Tenant Work Letter is essentially organized chronologically and addresses the issues of the construction of the Premises, in sequence, as such issues will arise during the actual construction of the Premises. All references in this Tenant Work Letter to Articles or Sections of "this Lease" shall mean the relevant portions of Articles 1 through

29 of the Office Lease to which this Tenant Work Letter is attached as Exhibit

B, and all references in this $\ensuremath{\mathsf{Tenant}}$ Work Letter to Sections of "this $\ensuremath{\mathsf{Tenant}}$

Work Letter" shall mean the relevant portions of Sections 1 through 5 of this
Tenant Work Letter.

SECTION 1

DELIVERY OF THE PREMISES AND BASE BUILDING

Upon the full execution and delivery of this Lease by Landlord and Tenant, Landlord shall deliver the Premises and "Base Building," as that term is defined below, to Tenant, and Tenant shall accept the Premises and Base Building from Landlord in their presently existing, "as-is" condition. The "Base Building" shall consist of those portions of the Premises which were in existence prior to the construction of the tenant improvements in the Premises for the prior tenant of the Premises.

SECTION 2

TENANT IMPROVEMENTS

- 2.1 Tenant Improvement Allowance. Tenant shall be entitled to a one-time tenant improvement allowance (the "Tenant Improvement Allowance") in the amount of \$5.00 per rentable square foot of the Premises for the costs relating to the initial design and construction of Tenant's improvements, which are permanently affixed to the Premises (the "Tenant Improvements"). In no event shall Landlord be obligated to make disbursements pursuant to this Tenant Work Letter in a total amount which exceeds the Tenant Improvement Allowance.
 - 2.2 Disbursement of the Tenant Improvement Allowance.
 - 2.2.1 Tenant Improvement Allowance Items. Except as otherwise set

forth in this Tenant Work Letter, the Tenant Improvement Allowance shall be disbursed by Landlord only for the following items and costs (collectively the "Tenant Improvement Allowance Items"):

2.2.1.1 Payment of the fees of the "Architect" and the "Engineers," as those terms are defined in Section 3.1 of this Tenant Work

Letter, which fees shall, notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Tenant Work Letter, not exceed an aggregate amount equal to \$3.50 per usable square foot of the Premises, and payment of the fees incurred by, and the cost of documents and materials supplied by, Landlord and Landlord's consultants in connection with the preparation and review of the "Construction Drawings," as that term is defined in Section 3.1 of this Tenant Work Letter;

- $2.2.1.2\,$ The payment of plan check, permit and license fees relating to construction of the Tenant Improvements;
- 2.2.1.3 The cost of construction of the Tenant Improvements, including, without limitation, testing and inspection costs, freight elevator usage, hoisting and trash removal costs, and contractors' fees and general conditions;
- 2.2.1.4 The cost of any changes in the Base Building when such changes are required by the Construction Drawings (including if such changes are due to the fact that such work is prepared on an unoccupied basis), such cost to include all direct architectural and/or engineering fees and expenses incurred in connection therewith;

- 2.2.1.5 The cost of any changes to the Construction Drawings or Tenant Improvements required by all applicable building codes (the "Code");
 - 2.2.1.6 The cost of Landlord's Work;
- 2.2.1.7 The cost of the "Coordination Fee," as that term is defined in Section 4.2.2 of this Tenant Work Letter;
 - 2.2.1.8 Sales and use taxes; and
- $\hbox{2.2.1.9} \quad \hbox{All other costs to be expended by Landlord in connection with the construction of the Tenant Improvements.}$
 - 2.2.2 Disbursement of Tenant Improvement Allowance. Following

Tenant's completion of the construction of the Tenant Improvements, and Landlord's receipt of the "Allowance Documentation," as that term is defined below, Landlord shall disburse the Tenant Improvement Allowance to Tenant. For the purposes of this Tenant Work Letter, the Allowance Documentation shall be defined as (i) invoices from all of "Tenant's Agents," as that term is defined in Section 4.1.2 of this Tenant Work Letter, for labor rendered and materials

delivered to the Premises; (ii) properly executed mechanics lien releases in compliance with both California Civil Code Section 3262(d)(2) and either Section 3262(d)(3) or Section 3262(d)(4), (iii) a certificate from Architect, in a form reasonably acceptable to Landlord, certifying that the construction of the Tenant Improvements in the Premises has been substantially completed, and (iv) all other information reasonably requested by Landlord. Tenant's request for payment shall be deemed Tenant's acceptance and approval of the work furnished. Thereafter, Landlord shall deliver a check to Tenant for that portion of the Tenant Improvement Allowance spent by Tenant, as evidenced by the Allowance Documentation, provided that Landlord does not dispute any request for payment based on non-compliance of any work with the "Approved Working Drawings," as that term is defined in Section 3.4 below, or due to any substandard work which

adversely affects the mechanical, electrical, plumbing, heating, ventilating and air conditioning, life-safety or other systems of the Building, the curtain wall of the Building, the structure or exterior appearance of the Building, or any other tenant's use of such other tenant's leased premises in the Building, or for any other reason. Landlord's payment of such amounts shall not be deemed Landlord's approval or acceptance of the work furnished or materials supplied as set forth in Tenant's payment request.

- 2.2.3 Other Terms. Landlord shall only be obligated to make
- disbursements from the Tenant Improvement Allowance to the extent costs are incurred by Tenant for Tenant Improvement Allowance Items. All Tenant Improvement Allowance Items for which the Tenant Improvement Allowance has been made available shall be deemed Landlord's property under the terms of this Lease. Any portion of the Tenant Improvement Allowance which is not utilized by Tenant within six (6) months from the delivery of the Premises to Tenant shall revert to and become the sole property of Landlord.
 - 2.3 Standard Tenant Improvement Package. Landlord has established

specifications (the "Building Standard Tenant Improvements") for the Building standard components to be used in the construction of the Tenant Improvements in the Premises. The quality of Tenant Improvements shall be equal to or of greater quality than the quality of the Building Standard Tenant Improvements, provided that Landlord may, at Landlord's option, require the Tenant Improvements to comply with certain Building Standard Tenant Improvements. Landlord may make changes to the Specifications for the Standard Improvement Package from time to time.

2.4 Removal of Above Building Standard Tenant Improvements. "Above

Standard Tenant Improvements" shall mean (a) any part of the Tenant Improvements which do not constitute Building Standard Tenant Improvements, including, but not limited to, plumbing and millwork; (b) any changes in or additions to the Tenant Improvements made at the request of Tenant or due to any other act or omission on the part of Tenant; and (c) a configuration of the Tenant Improvements which is not usual and customary for normal occupancy. If so directed by Landlord at the time consent to the Approved Working Drawings is granted pursuant to the terms of Section 3.4 of this Tenant Work Letter, Tenant, at its sole cost and expense, shall remove from the Premises any Above Standard Tenant Improvements designated by Landlord, and shall replace such designated Above Standard Tenant Improvements to be removed with Building Standard Tenant Improvements. Such removal and replacement of Above Standard Tenant

Improvements shall be performed promptly and shall be completed by Tenant on or before the end of the Term of this Lease if notice of removal is given at least thirty (30) days prior to the end of the Term, and if Tenant fails to remove and/or replace any Above Standard Tenant Improvements, Landlord may do so and Tenant shall reimburse Landlord for the cost of such removal and/or replacement.

SECTION 3

CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS

3.1 Selection of Architect/Construction Drawings. Tenant shall retain the architect/space planner designated by Landlord (the "Architect") to prepare the "Construction Drawings," as that term is defined in this Section 3.1. Tenant

shall retain the engineering consultants designated by Landlord (the "Engineers") to prepare all plans and engineering working drawings relating to the structural, mechanical, electrical, plumbing, HVAC, lifesafety, and sprinkler work in the Premises, which work is not part of the Base Building. The plans and drawings to be prepared by Architect and the Engineers hereunder shall be known collectively as the "Construction Drawings." All Construction Drawings shall comply with the drawing format and specifications determined by Landlord, and shall be subject to Landlord's approval. Tenant and Architect shall verify, in the field, the dimensions and conditions as shown on the relevant portions of the base building plans, and Tenant and Architect shall be solely responsible for the same, and Landlord shall have no responsibility in connection therewith. Landlord's review of the Construction Drawings as set forth in this Section 3, shall be for its sole purpose and shall not imply

Landlord's review of the same, or obligate Landlord to review the same, for quality, design, Code compliance or other like matters. Accordingly, notwithstanding that any Construction Drawings are reviewed by Landlord or its space planner, architect, engineers and consultants, and notwithstanding any advice or assistance which may be rendered to Tenant by Landlord or Landlord's space planner, architect, engineers, and consultants, Landlord shall have no liability whatsoever in connection therewith and shall not be responsible for any omissions or errors contained in the Construction Drawings, and Tenant's waiver and indemnity set forth in this Lease shall specifically apply to the Construction Drawings.

3.2 Final Space Plan. Tenant shall supply Landlord with four (4) copies signed by Tenant of its final space plan for the Premises before any architectural working drawings or engineering drawings have been commenced. The final space plan (the "Final Space Plan") shall include a layout and designation of all offices, rooms and other partitioning, their intended use, and equipment to be contained therein. Landlord may request clarification or more specific drawings for special use items not included in the Final Space Plan. Landlord

to be contained therein. Landlord may request clarification or more specific drawings for special use items not included in the Final Space Plan. Landlord shall advise Tenant within five (5) business days after Landlord's receipt of the Final Space Plan for the Premises if the same is unsatisfactory or incomplete in any respect. If Tenant is so advised, Tenant shall promptly cause the Final Space Plan to be revised to correct any deficiencies or other matters Landlord may reasonably require.

3.3 Final Working Drawings. After the Final Space Plan has been approved

by Landlord, Tenant shall supply the Engineers with a complete listing of standard and non-standard equipment and specifications, including, without limitation, B.T.U. calculations, electrical requirements and special electrical receptacle requirements for the Premises, to enable the Engineers and the Architect to complete the "Final Working Drawings" (as that term is defined below) in the manner as set forth below. Upon the approval of the Final Space Plan by Landlord and Tenant, Tenant shall promptly cause the Architect and the Engineers to complete the architectural and engineering drawings for the Premises, and Architect shall compile a fully coordinated set of architectural, structural, mechanical, electrical and plumbing working drawings in a form which is complete to allow subcontractors to bid on the work and to obtain all applicable permits (collectively, the "Final Working Drawings") and shall submit the same to Landlord for Landlord's approval. Tenant shall supply Landlord with four (4) copies signed by Tenant of such Final Working Drawings. Landlord shall advise Tenant within five (5) business days after Landlord's receipt of the Final Working Drawings for the Premises if the same is unsatisfactory or incomplete in any respect. If Tenant is so advised, Tenant shall immediately revise the Final Working Drawings in accordance with such review and any disapproval of Landlord in connection therewith. In addition, if the Final Working Drawings or any amendment thereof or supplement thereto shall require alterations in the Base, Shell and Core (as contrasted with the Tenant Improvements), and if Landlord in its sole and exclusive discretion agrees to any such alterations, and notifies Tenant of the need and cost for such alterations, then Tenant shall

pay the cost of such required changes upon receipt of bills therefor. Tenant shall pay all direct architectural and/or engineering fees in connection therewith.

3.4 Approved Working Drawings. The Final Working Drawings shall be

approved by Landlord (the "Approved Working Drawings") prior to the commencement of construction of the Premises by Tenant. After approval by Landlord of the Final Working Drawings, Tenant may submit the same to the appropriate municipal authorities for all applicable building permits. Tenant hereby agrees that neither Landlord nor Landlord's consultants shall be responsible for obtaining any building permit or certificate of occupancy for the Premises and that obtaining the same shall be Tenant's responsibility; provided, however, that Landlord shall cooperate with Tenant in executing permit applications and performing other ministerial acts reasonably necessary to enable Tenant to obtain any such permit or certificate of occupancy. No changes, modifications or alterations in the Approved Working Drawings may be made without the prior written consent of Landlord, which consent may not be unreasonably withheld.

SECTION 4

CONSTRUCTION OF THE TENANT IMPROVEMENTS

- 4.1 Tenant's Selection of Contractors.
 - 4.1.1 The Contractor. A general contractor shall be retained by

Tenant to construct the Tenant Improvements. Such general contractor ("Contractor") shall be selected by Tenant subject to Landlord's reasonable approval, and Tenant shall deliver to Landlord notice of its selection of the Contractor upon such selection.

 ${\tt 4.1.2 \quad Tenant's \; Agents. \quad All \; subcontractors, \; laborers, \; material men,} \\$

and suppliers used by Tenant (such subcontractors, laborers, materialmen, and suppliers, and the Contractor to be known collectively as "Tenant's Agents") must be approved in writing by Landlord, which approval shall not be unreasonably withheld or delayed. If Landlord does not approve any of Tenant's proposed subcontractors, laborers, materialmen or suppliers, Tenant shall submit other proposed subcontractors, laborers, materialmen or suppliers for Landlord's written approval.

- 4.2 Construction of Tenant Improvements by Tenant's Agents.
 - 4.2.1 Construction Contract; Cost Budget. Prior to Tenant's

execution of the construction contract and general conditions with Contractor (the "Contract"), Tenant shall submit the Contract to Landlord for its approval, which approval shall not be unreasonably withheld or delayed. Prior to the commencement of the construction of the Tenant Improvements, and after Tenant has accepted all bids for the Tenant Improvements, Tenant shall provide Landlord with a detailed breakdown, by trade, of the final costs to be incurred or which have been incurred, as set forth more particularly in Sections 2.2.1.1 through

2.2.1.9, above, in connection with the design and construction of the Tenant

Improvements to be performed by or at the direction of Tenant or the Contractor, which costs form a basis for the amount of the Contract (the "Final Costs").

4.2.2 Tenant's Agents.

 ${\tt 4.2.2.1 \quad Landlord's \; General \; Conditions \; for \; Tenant's \; Agents \; and}$

Tenant Improvement Work. Tenant's and Tenant's Agent's construction of the

Tenant Improvements shall comply with the following: (i) the Tenant Improvements shall be constructed in strict accordance with the Approved Working Drawings; (ii) Tenant's Agents shall submit schedules of all work relating to the Tenant's Improvements to Contractor and Contractor shall, within five (5) business days of receipt thereof, inform Tenant's Agents of any changes which are necessary thereto, and Tenant's Agents shall adhere to such corrected schedule; and (iii) Tenant shall abide by all rules made by Landlord's Building manager with respect to the use of freight, loading dock and service elevators, storage of materials, coordination of work with the contractors of other tenants, and any other matter in connection with this Tenant Work Letter, including, without limitation, the construction of the Tenant Improvements. Tenant shall pay a logistical coordination fee (the "Coordination Fee") to Landlord in an amount equal to the product of (i) five percent (5%) and (ii) the sum of the Tenant Improvement Allowance, the Over-Allowance Amount, as such amount may be increased hereunder, and any other amounts expended by Tenant in connection with the design and construction of the Tenant Improvements, which

Coordination Fee shall be for services relating to the coordination of the construction of the Tenant Improvements.

4.2.2.2 Indemnity. Tenant's indemnity of Landlord as set forth

in this Lease shall also apply with respect to any and all costs, losses, damages, injuries and liabilities related in any way to any act or omission of Tenant or Tenant's Agents, or anyone directly or indirectly employed by any of them, or in connection with Tenant's non-payment of any amount arising out of the Tenant Improvements and/or Tenant's disapproval of all or any portion of any request for payment. Such indemnity by Tenant, as set forth in this Lease, shall also apply with respect to any and all costs, losses, damages, injuries and liabilities related in any way to Landlord's performance of any ministerial acts reasonably necessary (i) to permit Tenant to complete the Tenant Improvements, and (ii) to enable Tenant to obtain any building permit or certificate of occupancy for the Premises.

4.2.2.3 Requirements of Tenant's Agents. Each of Tenant's

Agents shall guarantee to Tenant and for the benefit of Landlord that the portion of the Tenant Improvements for which it is responsible shall be free from any defects in workmanship and materials for a period of not less than one (1) year from the date of completion thereof. Each of Tenant's Agents shall be responsible for the replacement or repair, without additional charge, of all work done or furnished in accordance with its contract that shall become defective within one (1) year after the later to occur of (i) completion of the work performed by such contractor or subcontractors and (ii) the Lease Commencement Date. The correction of such work shall include, without additional charge, all additional expenses and damages incurred in connection with such removal or replacement of all or any part of the Tenant Improvements, and/or the Building and/or common areas that may be damaged or disturbed thereby. All such warranties or guarantees as to materials or workmanship of or with respect to the Tenant Improvements shall be contained in the Contract or subcontract and shall be written such that such guarantees or warranties shall inure to the benefit of both Landlord and Tenant, as their respective interests may appear, and can be directly enforced by either. Tenant covenants to give to Landlord any assignment or other assurances which may be necessary to effect such right of direct enforcement.

4.2.2.4 Insurance Requirements.

(a) General Coverages. All of Tenant's Agents

shall carry worker's compensation insurance covering all of their respective employees, and shall also carry public liability insurance, including property damage, all with limits, in form and with companies as are required to be carried by Tenant as set forth in this Lease.

(b) Special Coverages. Tenant shall carry

"Builder's All Risk" insurance in anamount approved by Landlord covering the construction of the Tenant Improvements, and such other insurance as Landlord may require, it being understood and agreed that the Tenant Improvements shall be insured by Tenant pursuant to this Lease immediately upon completion thereof. Such insurance shall be in amounts and shall include such extended coverage endorsements as may be reasonably required by Landlord including, but not limited to, the requirement that all of Tenant's Agents shall carry excess liability and Products and Completed Operation Coverage insurance, each in amounts not less than \$500,000 per incident, \$1,000,000 in aggregate, and in form and with companies as are required to be carried by Tenant as set forth in this Lease.

(c) General Terms. Certificates for all

insurance carried pursuant to this Section 4.2.2.4 shall be delivered to

Landlord before the commencement of construction of the Tenant Improvements and before the Contractor's equipment is moved onto the site. All such policies of insurance must contain a provision that the company writing said policy will give Landlord thirty (30) days prior written notice of any cancellation or lapse of the effective date or any reduction in the amounts of such insurance. In the event that the Tenant Improvements are damaged by any cause during the course of the construction thereof, Tenant shall immediately repair the same at Tenant's sole cost and expense. Tenant's Agents shall maintain all of the foregoing insurance coverage in force until the Tenant Improvements are fully completed and accepted by Landlord, except for any Products and Completed Operation Coverage insurance required by Landlord, which is to be maintained for ten (10) years following completion of the work and acceptance by Landlord and Tenant. All policies carried

under this Section 4.2.2.4 shall insure Landlord and Tenant, as their

interests may appear, as well as Contractor and Tenant's Agents. All insurance, except Workers' Compensation, maintained by Tenant's Agents shall preclude subrogation claims by the insurer against anyone insured thereunder. Such insurance shall provide that it is primary insurance as respects the owner and that any other insurance maintained by owner is excess and noncontributing with the insurance required hereunder. The requirements for the foregoing insurance shall not derogate from the provisions for indemnification of Landlord by Tenant under Section 4.2.2.2

of this Tenant Work Letter. Landlord may, in its discretion, require Tenant to obtain a lien and completion bond or some alternate form of security satisfactory to Landlord in an amount sufficient to ensure the lien-free completion of the Tenant Improvements and naming Landlord as a co-obligee.

4.2.3 Governmental Compliance. The Tenant Improvements shall

comply in all respects with the following: (i) the Code and other state, federal, city or quasi-governmental laws, codes, ordinances and regulations, as each may apply according to the rulings of the controlling public official, agent or other person; (ii) applicable standards of the American Insurance Association (formerly, the National Board of Fire Underwriters) and the National Electrical Code; and (iii) building material manufacturer's specifications.

4.2.4 Inspection by Landlord. Landlord shall have the right to

inspect the Tenant Improvements at all times, provided however, that Landlord's failure to inspect the Tenant Improvements shall in no event constitute a waiver of any of Landlord's rights hereunder nor shall Landlord's inspection of the Tenant Improvements constitute Landlord's approval of the same. Should Landlord disapprove any portion of the Tenant Improvements, Landlord shall notify Tenant in writing of such disapproval and shall specify the items disapproved. Any defects or deviations in, and/or disapproval by Landlord of, the Tenant Improvements shall be rectified by Tenant at no expense to Landlord, provided however, that in the event Landlord determines that a defect or deviation exists or disapproves of any matter in connection with any portion of the Tenant Improvements and such defect, deviation or matter might adversely affect the mechanical, electrical, plumbing, heating, ventilating and air conditioning or life-safety systems of the Building, the structure or exterior appearance of the Building or any other tenant's use of such other tenant's leased premises, Landlord may, take such action as Landlord deems necessary, at Tenant's expense and without incurring any liability on Landlord's part, to correct any such defect, deviation and/or matter, including, without limitation, causing the cessation of performance of the construction of the Tenant Improvements until such time as the defect, deviation and/or matter is corrected to Landlord's satisfaction.

 $4.2.5\,$ Meetings. Commencing upon the execution of this Lease, Tenant

shall hold weekly meetings at a reasonable time, with the Architect and the Contractor regarding the progress of the preparation of Construction Drawings and the construction of the Tenant Improvements, which meetings shall be held at a location designated by Landlord, and Landlord and/or its agents shall receive prior notice of, and shall have the right to attend, all such meetings, and, upon Landlord's request, certain of Tenant's Agents shall attend such meetings. In addition, minutes shall be taken at all such meetings, a copy of which minutes shall be promptly delivered to Landlord. One such meeting each month shall include the review of Contractor's current request for payment.

4.3 Notice of Completion; Copy of Record Set of Plans. Within ten (10)

days after completion of construction of the Tenant Improvements, Tenant shall cause a Notice of Completion to be recorded in the office of the Recorder of the county in which the Building is located in accordance with Section 3093 of the Civil Code of the State of California or any successor statute, and shall furnish a copy thereof to Landlord upon such recordation. If Tenant fails to do so, Landlord may execute and file the same on behalf of Tenant as Tenant's agent for such purpose, at Tenant's sole cost and expense. At the concllusion of construction, 9i) Tenant shall cause the Architect and Contractor (A) to update the Approved Working Drawings as necessary to reflect all changes made to the Approved Working Drawings as necessary to reflect all changes made to the best of their knowledge that the "record-set" of as-built drawings are true and correct, which certification shall survive the expiration or termination of this Lease, and (C) to deliver to Landlord two (2) sets of copies of such record set of drawings within ninety (90) days following issuance of a certificate of occupancy for the Premises, and (ii) Tenant shall deliver to Landlord a copy of all warranties, guaranties, and operating manuals and information relating to the improvements, equipment, and systems in the Premises.

SECTION 5

MISCELLANEOUS

- 5.1 Tenant's Representative. Tenant has designated Mr. Jeff Westling as
 its sole representative with respect to the matters set forth in this Tenant
 Work Letter, who shall have full authority and responsibility to act on behalf
 of the Tenant as required in this Tenant Work Letter.
- 5.2 Landlord's Representative. Landlord has designated Ms. Leslie Wang as its sole representatives with respect to the matters set forth in this Tenant Work Letter, who, until further notice to Tenant, shall have full authority and responsibility to act on behalf of the Landlord as required in this Tenant Work Letter.
- 5.3 Time of the Essence in This Tenant Work Letter. Unless otherwise indicated, all references herein to a "number of days" shall mean and refer to calendar days. If any item requiring approval is timely disapproved by Landlord, the procedure for preparation of the document and approval thereof shall be repeated until the document is approved by Landlord.
- 5.4 Tenant's Lease Default. Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary contained in this Lease, if an event of default as described in the Lease or this Tenant Work Letter has occurred at any time on or before the Substantial Completion of the Premises, then (i) in addition to all other rights and remedies granted to Landlord pursuant to this Lease, Landlord shall have the right to withhold payment of all or any portion of the Tenant Improvement Allowance and/or Landlord may cause Contractor to cease the construction of the Premises (in which case, Tenant shall be responsible for any delay in the substantial completion of the Premises caused by such work stoppage), and (ii) all other obligations of Landlord under the terms of this Tenant Work Letter shall be forgiven until such time as such default is cured pursuant to the terms of this Lease (in which case, Tenant shall be responsible for any delay in the substantial completion of the Premises caused by such inaction by Landlord).

EXHIBIT C

NOTICE OF LEASE TERM DATES

Re:	Office Lease dated, 20 between, a, a						
	located at ("Tenant") concerning the office building, Santa Clara, California.						
entlemen	:						
	ccordance with the Office Lease (the "Lease"), we wish to advise you nfirm as follows:						
1.	The Lease Term shall commence on or has commenced on for a term of ending on						
2.	Rent commenced to accrue on, in the amount of						
3.	If the Lease Commencement Date is other than the first day of the month, the first billing will contain a pro rata adjustment. Each billing thereafter, with the exception of the final billing, shall be for the full amount of the monthly installment as provided for in the Lease.						
4.	Your rent checks should be made payable to at						
5.	The exact number of rentable/usable square feet within the Premises is square feet.						
	"Landlord":						
	a						
	Ву:						
	and Accepted						
s of							

EXHIBIT C

EXHIBIT D

RULES AND REGULATIONS

Tenant shall faithfully observe and comply with the following Rules and Regulations. Landlord shall not be responsible to Tenant for the nonperformance of any of said Rules and Regulations by or otherwise with respect to the acts or omissions of any other tenants or occupants of the Project. In the event of any conflict between the Rules and Regulations and the other provisions of this Lease, the latter shall control.

- 1. Tenant shall not alter any lock or install any new or additional locks or bolts on any doors or windows of the Premises without obtaining Landlord's prior written consent. Tenant shall bear the cost of any lock changes or repairs required by Tenant. Two keys will be furnished by Landlord for the Premises, and any additional keys required by Tenant must be obtained from Landlord at a reasonable cost to be established by Landlord. Upon the termination of this Lease, Tenant shall restore to Landlord all keys of stores, offices, and toilet rooms, either furnished to, or otherwise procured by, Tenant and in the event of the loss of keys so furnished, Tenant shall pay to Landlord the cost of replacing same or of changing the lock or locks opened by such lost key if Landlord shall deem it necessary to make such changes.
- 2. All doors opening to public corridors shall be kept closed at all times except for normal ingress and egress to the Premises.
- 3. Landlord reserves the right to close and keep locked all entrance and exit doors of the Building during such hours as are customary for comparable buildings in the Santa Clara, California area. Tenant, its employees and agents must be sure that the doors to the Building are securely closed and locked when leaving the Premises if it is after the normal hours of business for the Building. Any tenant, its employees, agents or any other persons entering or leaving the Building at any time when it is so locked, or any time when it is considered to be after normal business hours for the Building, may be required to sign the Building register. Access to the Building may be refused unless the person seeking access has proper identification or has a previously arranged pass for access to the Building. Landlord will furnish passes to persons for whom Tenant requests same in writing. Tenant shall be responsible for all persons for whom Tenant requests passes and shall be liable to Landlord for all acts of such persons. The Landlord and his agents shall in no case be liable for damages for any error with regard to the admission to or exclusion from the Building of any person. In case of invasion, mob, riot, public excitement, or other commotion, Landlord reserves the right to prevent access to the Building or the Project during the continuance thereof by any means it deems appropriate for the safety and protection of life and property.
- 4. No furniture, freight or equipment of any kind shall be brought into the Building without prior notice to Landlord. All moving activity into or out of the Building shall be scheduled with Landlord and done only at such time and in such manner as Landlord designates. Landlord shall have the right to prescribe the weight, size and position of all safes and other heavy property brought into the Building and also the times and manner of moving the same in and out of the Building. Safes and other heavy objects shall, if considered necessary by Landlord, stand on supports of such thickness as is necessary to properly distribute the weight. Landlord will not be responsible for loss of or damage to any such safe or property in any case. Any damage to any part of the Building, its contents, occupants or visitors by moving or maintaining any such safe or other property shall be the sole responsibility and expense of Tenant.
- 5. No furniture, packages, supplies, equipment or merchandise will be received in the Building or carried up or down in the elevators, except between such hours, in such specific elevator and by such personnel as shall be designated by Landlord.
- 6. The requirements of Tenant will be attended to only upon application at the management office for the Project or at such office location designated by Landlord. Employees of Landlord shall not perform any work or do anything outside their regular duties unless under special instructions from Landlord.

- 7. No sign, advertisement, notice or handbill shall be exhibited, distributed, painted or affixed by Tenant on any part of the Premises or the Building without the prior written consent of the Landlord. Tenant shall not disturb, solicit, peddle, or canvass any occupant of the Project and shall cooperate with Landlord and its agents of Landlord to prevent same.
- 8. The toilet rooms, urinals, wash bowls and other apparatus shall not be used for any purpose other than that for which they were constructed, and no foreign substance of any kind whatsoever shall be thrown therein. The expense of any breakage, stoppage or damage resulting from the violation of this rule shall be borne by the tenant who, or whose servants, employees, agents, visitors or licensees shall have caused same.
- 9. Tenant shall not overload the floor of the Premises, nor mark, drive nails or screws, or drill into the partitions, woodwork or drywall or in any way deface the Premises or any part thereof without Landlord's prior written consent. Tenant shall not purchase spring water, ice, towel, linen, maintenance or other like services from any person or persons not approved by Landlord.
- 10. Except for vending machines intended for the sole use of Tenant's employees and invitees, no vending machine or machines other than fractional horsepower office machines shall be installed, maintained or operated upon the Premises without the written consent of Landlord.
- 11. Tenant shall not use or keep in or on the Premises, the Building, or the Project any kerosene, gasoline, explosive material, corrosive material, material capable of emitting toxic fumes, or other inflammable or combustible fluid chemical, substitute or material. Tenant shall provide material safety data sheets for any Hazardous Material used or kept on the Premises.
- 12. Tenant shall not without the prior written consent of Landlord use any method of heating or air conditioning other than that supplied by Landlord.
- 13. Tenant shall not use, keep or permit to be used or kept, any foul or noxious gas or substance in or on the Premises, or permit or allow the Premises to be occupied or used in a manner offensive or objectionable to Landlord or other occupants of the Project by reason of noise, odors, or vibrations, or interfere with other tenants or those having business therein, whether by the use of any musical instrument, radio, phonograph, or in any other way. Tenant shall not throw anything out of doors, windows or skylights or down passageways.
- 14. Tenant shall not bring into or keep within the Project, the Building or the Premises any animals, birds, aquariums, or, except in areas designated by Landlord, bicycles or other vehicles.
- 15. No cooking shall be done or permitted on the Premises, nor shall the Premises be used for the storage of merchandise, for lodging or for any improper, objectionable or immoral purposes. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Underwriters' laboratory-approved equipment and microwave ovens may be used in the Premises for heating food and brewing coffee, tea, hot chocolate and similar beverages for employees and visitors, provided that such use is in accordance with all applicable federal, state, county and city laws, codes, ordinances, rules and regulations.
- 16. The Premises shall not be used for manufacturing or for the storage of merchandise except as such storage may be incidental to the use of the Premises provided for in the Summary. Tenant shall not occupy or permit any portion of the Premises to be occupied as an office for a messenger-type operation or dispatch office, public stenographer or typist, or for the manufacture or sale of liquor, narcotics, or tobacco in any form, or as a medical office, or as a barber or manicure shop, or as an employment bureau without the express prior written consent of Landlord. Tenant shall not engage or pay any employees on the Premises except those actually working for such tenant on the Premises nor advertise for laborers giving an address at the Premises.
- 17. Landlord reserves the right to exclude or expel from the Project any person who, in the judgment of Landlord, is intoxicated or under the influence of liquor or drugs, or who shall in any manner do any act in violation of any of these Rules and Regulations.
- 18. Tenant, its employees and agents shall not loiter in or on the entrances, corridors, sidewalks, lobbies, courts, halls, stairways, elevators, vestibules or any Common Areas for the

purpose of smoking tobacco products or for any other purpose, nor in any way obstruct such areas, and shall use them only as a means of ingress and egress for the Premises.

- 19. Tenant shall not waste electricity, water or air conditioning and agrees to cooperate fully with Landlord to ensure the most effective operation of the Building's heating and air conditioning system, and shall refrain from attempting to adjust any controls. Tenant shall participate in recycling programs undertaken by Landlord.
- 20. Tenant shall store all its trash and garbage within the interior of the Premises. No material shall be placed in the trash boxes or receptacles if such material is of such nature that it may not be disposed of in the ordinary and customary manner of removing and disposing of trash and garbage in Santa Clara, California without violation of any law or ordinance governing such disposal. All trash, garbage and refuse disposal shall be made only through entry-ways and elevators provided for such purposes at such times as Landlord shall designate. If the Premises is or becomes infested with vermin as a result of the use or any misuse or neglect of the Premises by Tenant, its agents, servants, employees, contractors, visitors or licensees, Tenant shall forthwith, at Tenant's expense, cause the Premises to be exterminated from time to time to the satisfaction of Landlord and shall employ such licensed exterminators as shall be approved in writing in advance by Landlord.
- 21. Tenant shall comply with all safety, fire protection and evacuation procedures and regulations established by Landlord or any governmental agency.
- 22. Any persons employed by Tenant to do janitorial work shall be subject to the prior written approval of Landlord, and while in the Building and outside of the Premises, shall be subject to and under the control and direction of the Building manager (but not as an agent or servant of such manager or of Landlord), and Tenant shall be responsible for all acts of such persons.
- 23. No awnings or other projection shall be attached to the outside walls of the Building without the prior written consent of Landlord, and no curtains, blinds, shades or screens shall be attached to or hung in, or used in connection with, any window or door of the Premises other than Landlord standard drapes. All electrical ceiling fixtures hung in the Premises or spaces along the perimeter of the Building must be fluorescent and/or of a quality, type, design and a warm white bulb color approved in advance in writing by Landlord. Neither the interior nor exterior of any windows shall be coated or otherwise sunscreened without the prior written consent of Landlord. Tenant shall be responsible for any damage to the window film on the exterior windows of the Premises and shall promptly repair any such damage at Tenant's sole cost and expense. Tenant shall keep its window coverings closed during any period of the day when the sun is shining directly on the windows of the Premises. Prior to leaving the Premises for the day, Tenant shall draw or lower window coverings and extinguish all lights. Tenant shall abide by Landlord's regulations concerning the opening and closing of window coverings which are attached to the windows in the Premises, if any, which have a view of any interior portion of the Building or Building Common Areas.
- 24. The sashes, sash doors, skylights, windows, and doors that reflect or admit light and air into the halls, passageways or other public places in the Building shall not be covered or obstructed by Tenant, nor shall any bottles, parcels or other articles be placed on the windowsills.
- $\,$ 25. Tenant must comply with requests by the Landlord concerning the informing of their employees of items of importance to the Landlord.
- 26. Tenant must comply with all applicable "NO-SMOKING" or similar ordinances. If Tenant is required under the ordinance to adopt a written smoking policy, a copy of said policy shall be on file in the office of the Building.
- 27. Tenant hereby acknowledges that Landlord shall have no obligation to provide guard service or other security measures for the benefit of the Premises, the Building or the Project. Tenant hereby assumes all responsibility for the protection of Tenant and its agents, employees, contractors, invitees and guests, and the property thereof, from acts of third parties, including keeping doors locked and other means of entry to the Premises closed, whether or not Landlord, at its option, elects to provide security protection for the Project or any portion thereof. Tenant further assumes the risk that any safety and security devices, services and programs

which Landlord elects, in its sole discretion, to provide may not be effective, or may malfunction or be circumvented by an unauthorized third party, and Tenant shall, in addition to its other insurance obligations under this Lease, obtain its own insurance coverage to the extent Tenant desires protection against losses related to such occurrences. Tenant shall cooperate in any reasonable safety or security program developed by Landlord or required by law.

- 28. All office equipment of any electrical or mechanical nature shall be placed by Tenant in the Premises in settings approved by Landlord, to absorb or prevent any vibration, noise and annoyance.
- 29. Tenant shall not use in any space or in the public halls of the Building, any hand trucks except those equipped with rubber tires and rubber side guards.
- 30. No auction, liquidation, fire sale, going-out-of-business or bankruptcy sale shall be conducted in the Premises without the prior written consent of Landlord.
- 31. No tenant shall use or permit the use of any portion of the Premises for living quarters, sleeping apartments or lodging rooms.
- 32. Tenant shall not purchase spring water, towels, janitorial or maintenance or other similar services from any company or persons not approved by Landlord. Landlord shall approve a sufficient number of sources of such services to provide Tenant with a reasonable selection, but only in such instances and to such extent as Landlord in its judgment shall consider consistent with the security and proper operation of the Building.
- 33. Tenant shall install and maintain, at Tenant's sole cost and expense, an adequate, visibly marked and properly operational fire extinguisher next to any duplicating or photocopying machines or similar heat producing equipment, which may or may not contain combustible material, in the Premises.

Landlord reserves the right at any time to change or rescind any one or more of these Rules and Regulations, or to make such other and further reasonable Rules and Regulations as in Landlord's judgment may from time to time be necessary for the management, safety, care and cleanliness of the Premises, Building, the Common Areas and the Project, and for the preservation of good order therein, as well as for the convenience of other occupants and tenants therein. Landlord may waive any one or more of these Rules and Regulations for the benefit of any particular tenants, but no such waiver by Landlord shall be construed as a waiver of such Rules and Regulations in favor of any other tenant, nor prevent Landlord from thereafter enforcing any such Rules or Regulations against any or all tenants of the Project. Tenant shall be deemed to have read these Rules and Regulations and to have agreed to abide by them as a condition of its occupancy of the Premises.

EXHIBIT D

EXHIBIT E

FORM OF TENANT'S ESTOPPEL CERTIFICATE

The undersigned as Tenant under that certain Office Lease (the "Lease")	
made and entered into as of, 20 by and between a	a
Landlord, and the undersigned as Tenant, for Premises on the	
floor(s) of the office building located at, Santa Clara,	
California, certifies as follows:	
 Attached hereto as Exhibit A is a true and correct copy of the Lease 	

- 1. Attached hereto as Exhibit A is a true and correct copy of the Lease and all amendments and modifications thereto. The documents contained in Exhibit A represent the entire agreement between the parties as to the Premises.
- 2. The undersigned currently occupies the Premises described in the Lease, the Lease Term commenced on ______, and the Lease Term expires on _____, and the undersigned has no option to terminate or cancel the Lease or to purchase all or any part of the Premises, the Building and/or the Project.
 - 3. Base Rent became payable on _____.
- 4. The Lease is in full force and effect and has not been modified, supplemented or amended in any way except as provided in Exhibit A.
- 5. Tenant has not transferred, assigned, or sublet any portion of the Premises nor entered into any license or concession agreements with respect thereto except as follows:
- 6. Tenant shall not modify the documents contained in Exhibit A without the prior written consent of Landlord's mortgagee.
- 7. All monthly installments of Base Rent, all Additional Rent and all monthly installments of estimated Additional Rent have been paid when due through ______. The current monthly installment of Base Rent is \$
- 8. All conditions of the Lease to be performed by Landlord necessary to the enforceability of the Lease have been satisfied and Landlord is not in default thereunder. In addition, the undersigned has not delivered any notice to Landlord regarding a default by Landlord thereunder.
- 9. No rental has been paid more than thirty (30) days in advance and no security has been deposited with Landlord except as provided in the Lease.
- 10. As of the date hereof, there are no existing defenses or offsets, or, to the undersigned's knowledge, claims or any basis for a claim, that the undersigned has against Landlord.
- 11. If Tenant is a corporation or partnership, each individual executing this Estoppel Certificate on behalf of Tenant hereby represents and warrants that Tenant is a duly formed and existing entity qualified to do business in California and that Tenant has full right and authority to execute and deliver this Estoppel Certificate and that each person signing on behalf of Tenant is authorized to do so.
- 12. There are no actions pending against the undersigned under the bankruptcy or similar laws of the United States or any state.
- 13. Other than in compliance with all applicable laws and incidental to the ordinary course of the use of the Premises, the undersigned has not used or stored any hazardous substances in the Premises.
- 14. To the undersigned's knowledge, all tenant improvement work to be performed by Landlord under the Lease has been completed in accordance with the Lease and has been accepted by the undersigned and all reimbursements and allowances due to the undersigned under the Lease in connection with any tenant improvement work have been paid in full.

EXHIBIT E

The undersigned acknowledges that this Estoppel Certificate may be delivered to Landlord or to a prospective mortgagee or prospective purchaser, and acknowledges that said prospective mortgagee or prospective purchaser will be relying upon the statements contained herein in making the loan or acquiring the property of which the Premises are a part and that receipt by it of this certificate is a condition of making such loan or acquiring such property.

Executed at on th	he, day of, 20
	"Tenant":
	a
	By:
	By:

EXHIBIT E

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